

City of Lineville



Zoning Ordinance

January 2018

Prepared by

The East Alabama Regional Planning
and Development Commission

**CITY OF LINEVILLE
ZONING ORDINANCE**

**This document was prepared under the direction of the
LINEVILLE CITY PLANNING COMMISSION**

by the

EAST ALABAMA REGIONAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

for additional information:

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Abstract:

The intent of these zoning ordinance regulations is to promote and sustain proper development of communities therein protecting the health, safety, and general welfare of the people of the City of Lineville, Alabama.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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ARTICLE I

PREAMBLE

SECTION 1 - AUTHORITY

This ordinance is established in pursuance of the authority conferred unto the City of Lineville by Title 11, Chapter 52, Article 4, Sections 70 to 84 inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended, and for the general purposes of:

- promoting the health, safety, morals, public peace, order, or general welfare of the City of Lineville, Alabama;
- lessening congestion in the streets;
- securing safety from fire, panic, and other dangers;
- providing adequate light and air;
- preventing the overcrowding of land;
- avoiding undue concentration of population;
- facilitating the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks, and other public requirements;
- conserving the value of buildings; and
- encouraging the most appropriate use of land and buildings throughout the City; all in accordance with a comprehensive plan, the City Council of the City of Lineville, Alabama, does hereby ordain and enact into law this Zoning Ordinance;

SECTION 2 - SHORT TITLE

This Ordinance shall be known and may be cited as the “Lineville Zoning Ordinance”.

SECTION 3 - INTERPRETATION

In this interpretation and application, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be considered minimum requirements adopted for promotion of the health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity, and general welfare of the community. The standards and requirements of this ordinance should be applied and enforced to balance public and private interests in the development of land in a manner that promotes mutual understanding and respect, and with prompt and just consideration given to the various interests involved in land investment, ownership, and development.

SECTION 4 - JURISDICTION OF ORDINANCE

The requirements and standards contained in this Ordinance shall apply to all areas within the corporate boundaries of the City of Lineville.

ARTICLE II **DEFINITIONS**

SECTION 1 - GENERAL INTERPRETIVE GUIDELINES

- 1.1 Except as otherwise provided herein, all words shall have the customary dictionary meaning. The present tense includes the future tense. The singular number includes the plural, and the plural includes the singular. Words of the masculine gender include the feminine, and words of the feminine gender include the masculine. The word "person" includes a firm, corporation, association, organization, trust, or partnership. The word "building" includes "structure." The word "lot" includes the words "plot" or "parcel." The word "shall" is mandatory. The word "may" is permissive. The word "used" or "occupied", as applied to any land or building, shall be construed to include the words "intended, arranged, or designed to be used or occupied."
- 1.2 Where any word specifically defined in the Lineville Subdivision Regulations is used within these regulations, but is not specifically defined herein, then the specific definition contained in the Lineville Subdivision Regulations shall apply. If a word used and defined in the Lineville Subdivision Regulations bears a different or conflicting definition within this Zoning Ordinance, then the word shall be used and interpreted within each code in accordance with the specific definition contained therein.
- 1.3 Any words specifically defined in a subsequent section or article of this Ordinance shall carry that meaning within the context of the specific section or article within which it is defined.
- 1.4 Any lingering confusion or questions regarding the definition of a term used in these regulations shall be decided by the Board of Adjustment.

SECTION 2 - SPECIFIC DEFINITIONS

When used in these regulations, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning given in this section, unless specifically defined in a subsequent section or article:

- 2.1 ***Accessory Structure or Use.*** A subordinate structure or a portion of the main structure, the use of which is incidental to the main use of the premises. An accessory use is one which is incidental to the main use of the premises and include the following:
 - A. Is subordinate to and serves the principal building or principal use.
 - B. Is subordinate in area, extent, or purpose to the principal building or principal use served.
 - C. Contributes to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of occupants of the principal building or principal use served.

- 2.2 ***Acre***. A measure of land containing 43,560 square feet or area.
- 2.3 ***Addition***. A structure added to the original structure at some time after completion of or after a certificate of occupancy had been issued for the original structure.
- 2.4 ***Adult Day Care Center***. A facility that provides non-medical care to adults over 18 years of age in need of personal services, supervision, or assistance for sustaining the activities of daily living or for the protection of the individual on less than a 24-hour basis.
- 2.5 ***Alley***. A public service way which affords only a secondary means of access to the rear or side of abutting property and is not intended for general traffic circulation.
- 2.6 ***Alteration and Altered***. The word “alteration” shall include any of the following:
- A. Any addition to the height, width, or depth of an existing building or structure;
 - B. Any change in the location of any of the exterior walls of an existing building or structure;
 - C. Any change in the position or placement of an existing structure or building on a lot;
 - D. Any increase in the interior accommodations of a building or structure;
 - E. Any repairs, renovation, remodeling, or rebuilding to a building or structure which costs, in total, more than fifty (50) percent of the original value of the building or structure prior to the initiation of said activity.
- 2.7 ***Amphitheater***. An oval or round structure having tiers of seating which rise gradually outward from a central open space or arena and is used for outdoor performances or large group functions.
- 2.8 ***Automobile Filling and Service Stations***. A place of business which conducts routine and incidental maintenance, inspection, and repair services for malfunctioning, excessively worn, or broken parts and components on otherwise operable motor vehicles and/or which has pumps and underground storage tanks through which motor vehicle fuels, oils, fluids, or lubricants are dispensed, sold, or offered for sale. Such facilities may offer certain automobile and travel related commodities and services limited to the following:
- A. The sale and servicing of spark plugs, batteries, distributors and distributor parts;
 - B. Maps, atlases, and other directional travel guides;

- C. Tire servicing and repair, but not recapping or re-grooving;
- D. The replacement and servicing of mufflers and tail pipes, water hoses, fan belts, fuel pumps, oil pumps, carburetors, alternators, hoses, wiring, and lines, brakes, light bulbs, fuses, floor mats, seat covers, windshield wipers and wiper blades, grease retainers, filters, wheel bearings, mirrors, tune-ups and the like, but *not* including exclusive auto parts sales where no repair or maintenance service is offered, full vehicle restoration, body painting or repainting (other than incidental touch-up associated with permitted repair and servicing work), whole engine replacement, the on-site storage and salvaging of inoperable motor vehicles, and other similar major vehicle body and restoration work or overhauls;
- E. Radiator cleaning and flushing;
- F. Greasing and lubrication;
- G. Washing, polishing, and the sale of automobile washing and polishing products;
- H. Food or soft drink vending machines dispensing pre-packaged food products, including brewed coffee by the cup.

(See also "body shop" and "convenience store.")

- 2.9 **Awning.** A shelter attached to and hanging from a vertical surface of a building without any other support from the ground.
- 2.10 **Bed and Breakfast Inn.** A lodging facility having the exterior appearance of a single family house and providing short-term (less than one month per visit) rental sleeping accommodations. Such structure shall contain at least two (2), but not more than ten (10) bedrooms for rent. Individual bedrooms within a Bed and Breakfast Inn shall not contain any kitchen facilities, and must be accessed through a central internal lobby, foyer, or office. The lodging facility shall also contain the primary living facilities for the resident manager or owner of the facility. Breakfast shall be the only meal served to paying guests of the facility, which shall be prepared in a central kitchen facility and served in a central dining room. A Manufactured Home shall not be used as a Bed and Breakfast Inn. (See also "boarding or rooming house," "hotel," and "motel.")
- 2.11 **Block.** That portion on either side of the street considered, upon which the building is proposed bounded by the nearest intersecting streets.
- 2.12 **Board of Adjustment or Board.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment of Lineville, Alabama.

- 2.13 ***Boarding or Rooming House.*** A building other than a hotel or motel where lodging or lodgings and meals are provided to non-institutionalized persons (persons capable of independent living) for compensation over a long-term period (at least month-to-month). The structure shall contain at least two (2), but not more than ten (10), private rooms for rent and shall provide either shared or common kitchen facilities or shared bathroom facilities. Individual lodging rooms within the building must be accessed through a central internal lobby or office. The rooms contained within the structure shall not constitute independent dwelling units under the terms of this Ordinance. (See also “bed and breakfast inn,” “dwelling, multi-family,” “hotel,” and “motel.”)
- 2.14 ***Body Shop.*** A motor vehicle repair and restoration facility or garage that conducts minor and major vehicle repairs, including but not limited to: full vehicle restoration work, body painting or repainting, whole engine replacement, and other similar major vehicle body and restoration work or overhauls, but not including the on-site storage and salvaging of inoperable motor vehicles. Such facilities may offer for sale motor vehicle fuels on an incidental basis. (See also “automobile filling and service stations” and “Junkyard.”)
- 2.15 ***Buffer.*** An area of land that separates land uses of different character and is intended to mitigate negative impacts of the more intensive use on a less intense use or vacant parcel. A densely planted strip of evergreen shrubs or trees, solid brick or wood fencing, earthen berm, a natural drainage way, or a similar condition, or any combination thereof intended to serve as a physical and visual divider between different uses or lots. No buffer area shall be less than ten (10) feet in width at any point when separating adjoining residential uses and less than fifteen (15) feet in width at any point when separating a residential use from a commercial or industrial use. Each buffer shall be improved and regularly maintained to provide an effective, year-round, visual screen between adjoining uses and structures that is natural in appearance and enhances or complements the aesthetic appearance of the subject property from adjoining properties. Evergreen shrubs with an upright to spreading form shall be spaced not less than seven and one-half ($7 \frac{1}{2}$) feet on center within the entire strip of land. Buffers, fences, or walls may be erected, placed, or maintained along a lot line to a height not exceeding eight (8) feet above the ground. However, a buffer, fence, or wall not less than ten (10) feet may be accepted with the approval of the Planning Commission.
- 2.16 ***Building.*** Any structure having a roof and intended for the shelter, housing, or protection of persons, animals, or property.
- 2.17 ***Building, Accessory.*** See definition for “Accessory Use or Structure.”
- 2.18 ***Building Area or Envelope.*** The interior portion of a lot located inside the required front, rear, and side yard setbacks within which the main structures, including porches, carports, and accessory buildings, may be constructed or erected.

- 2.19 ***Building Height.*** The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the proposed or actual finished grade at the front of the building to the highest point of the roof for pitched roofs or, for buildings with flat roofs, to the mean height level between eaves and ridges for gable, hip and gambrel roofs, and to the deck line of mansard roofs. The highest point of the roof shall include a cupola or other decorative extension of the roof, except chimneys, weathervanes, flagpoles, and antennas.
- 2.20 ***Building, Principal.*** A structure within which the primary or dominant use of the applicable underlying lot is conducted.
- 2.21 ***Building Setback Line.*** A line establishing the minimum allowable distance between the nearest portion of any structure and the fronting right-of-way line of the abutting street. For purposes of measuring the building setback line, the exterior of the structure shall include porches, landings, bay or bow windows, and decks, but not steps, gutters, flagpoles, awnings, and similar protruding fixtures on a building.
- 2.22 ***Business, Retail.*** A commercial establishment that generally sells finished products or personal services in varying quantities directly to the final consumer. These commodities or services are primarily for direct use or consumption by the purchaser.
- 2.23 ***Business, Wholesale.*** A commercial establishment that primarily sells commodities or services in large quantities or by piece to retailers, contractors, other wholesale businesses or manufacturing establishments. These commodities or services are mainly for resale, for use in the fabrication of a product, or for use by a retail or personal service business.
- 2.24 ***Camper.*** See definition of “travel trailer.”
- 2.25 ***Campground.*** A lot or area of land divided into commercial sites which may be improved to accommodate cabins, travel trailers, or tents for temporary rental occupancy by transient persons primarily for recreational purposes and which retains an open air or natural character.
- 2.26 ***Child Care Center.*** Any non-residential center, agency, or place, however styled, where children not related to the operator are received for custodial care, apart from their parents whether for compensation, reward, or otherwise, during the day only, and in full compliance with all applicable State requirements and/or certifications.
- 2.27 ***Child Care Center, In-Home.*** A custodial care business, conducted as an accessory home occupation use in a residential dwelling, where not more than six (6) children, not related to the operator are received for temporary care during the day only, whether for compensation, reward, or otherwise, and in full compliance with all applicable State requirements and/or certifications.

- 2.28 ***Church***. A building or structure used exclusively for religious worship, education, or other related ceremonies or practices (not including living quarters) by the congregation or members thereof. The term “church” shall include and encompass any other term for an exclusive religious structure, including synagogue, chapel, mosque, temple, and the like. A lot containing a church as the principal use also may contain a cemetery/graveyard and/or parsonage as accessory uses, provided that any accessory parsonage uses do not exceed the permitted residential intensity (in terms of the number of families housed) of any applicable residential zoning district, should the church be located within a residential zone. No structure designed to serve as a residence as it’s primary use shall be classified as a church, even if portions of the structure or lot are used, altered, or designed to be used for religious worship, education, or ceremonies. However, the prohibition of a church as a principal use in a specific zoning district shall not preclude or prohibit religious worship, education, expression, or other related practices as an accessory use associated with any permitted residential or public assembly use or structure. (See also “parsonage” and “monastery.”)
- 2.29 ***City***. The City of Lineville, Alabama.
- 2.30 ***City Council***. The City Council of the City of Lineville, Alabama.
- 2.31 ***Club***. A corporation or association organized or formed in good faith by authority of law and which must have at least 50 paid-up members. It must be the owner, lessee, or occupant of an establishment operated solely to further the objectives of a national, social, patriotic, political, civic, athletic organization or the like, but not for pecuniary gain, and the property as well as the advantages of which belong to all the members. The club shall hold regular meetings, continue its business through officers regularly elected, admit members by written application, investigation and ballot charge and collect dues from elected members. This definition shall also include Lodge.
- 2.32 ***Comprehensive Plan***. The most current or recently adopted land use or comprehensive plan for the City of Lineville.
- 2.33 ***Condominium***. A multi-unit residential structure where it is possible to acquire exclusive legal ownership of a unit without title to the land on which it is located or with the purchase of a partial or shared interest in the land on which it is located. (See also “dwelling, multi-family” and “townhouse.”)
- 2.34 ***Construction, Actual***. The commencement of continuous, uninterrupted (not to include delays caused by inclement weather conditions or construction material or labor shortages beyond the control of the developer) construction work for the purpose of permanent placement and fastening of materials to the land or to an existing structure, said purposes for which a permit has been issued. Construction includes filling, grading, the installation of drainage facilities, and the substantial demolition, clearing, excavation,

or removal of an existing structure preparatory to new construction, provided that work shall be reasonably continuous until completion of the approved construction.

- 2.35 ***Convenience Store.*** A business use that sells motor vehicle fuels through pumps and underground storage tanks in combination or conjunction with general grocery and sundry goods primarily targeted to travelers or designed to serve quick-stop (generally ten item sales or less) shoppers, including but not necessarily limited to: packaged and prepared food products, grocery items, magazines, newspapers, maps and atlases, tobacco products, over-the-counter (but not prescription) drugs, health and beauty products, and video rentals. Such businesses may include, if permitted within the applicable zoning district, not more than three (3) distinct business operations in a single structure with internal public access between each business. Any multiple business operations shall be limited to grocery stores, fast food restaurants or pizza parlors, video rental stores, ice cream shops, souvenir shops, tobacco stores, and news stands. (See also "automobile filling and service station.")
- 2.36 ***Cottage Industry.*** An incidental accessory business use or activity which is conducted within a building accessory to the permanent dwelling unit of the business owner. All cottage industries shall comply with the relevant standards contained in Article IV, Section 4 of this Ordinance (see also "home occupation").
- 2.37 ***Density.*** The minimum required lot area per dwelling unit or the maximum number of dwelling units per acre of site area.
- 2.38 ***Developable Land Area.*** That portion of a lot that is NOT classified as:
- A. Areas of special flood hazard (100 year floodplain), as delineated on the applicable Flood Insurance Rate Map prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
 - B. Soils with severe limitations for septic systems, as delineated on the Soil Survey for Clay County published by the Soil Conservation Service, now known as the Natural Resource Conservation Service.
 - C. Steep natural slopes in excess of twenty-five (25) percent grade, as determined by a survey of the development site, or if no such survey was required, by special interpretation using the twenty (20) foot contour intervals delineated on the applicable U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute quadrangle.
 - D. Wetland areas at least one (1) acre in area, as delineated on the National Wetland Inventory prepared by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- 2.39 ***Development.*** The division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels; the construction, reconstruction, conversion, alteration, relocation, or enlargement of a

structure; any mining, dredging, fitting, grading, paving, excavation, drilling, or disturbance of land; or any use or expansion of use of land.

- 2.40 **Domiciliary Care Facility.** A supervised living arrangement in a home-like environment for adults who are unable to live alone due to age-related impairments or physical, mental, or visual disabilities. This type of facility is appropriate for adults aged 18 years and older who are unable to live independently and who need assistance with daily living activities. Most residents admitted to a domiciliary care facility have demonstrated significant difficulties in social or personal situations usually associated with mental disability, mental retardation, or frail elderly persons. Residents must be willing to live with a designated “caring” family and are encouraged to enjoy a sense of belonging and independence.
- 2.41 **Dwelling.** A permanent building or portion thereof designed, arranged, or used principally for permanent residential occupancy, but not including boarding or rooming house, camps, campers, hotels, inns, motels, tents, mobile homes, travel trailers, or other similar structures designed or used to housing transient persons only.
- 2.42 **Dwelling, Multi-Family.** A building containing two or more functionally independent dwelling units accessed exclusively by independent exterior entrances or through a shared foyer or stairwell on a commonly-shared lot, such as a duplex or apartment.
- 2.43 **Dwelling, Single Family.** A dwelling designed for and occupied by not more than one family and having no roof, wall, or floor in common with any other dwelling unit, including manufactured homes.
- 2.44 **Dwelling Unit.** A dwelling or a portion thereof providing complete and separate facilities for one or more persons living as a single housekeeping unit.
- 2.45 **Family.** One or more persons occupying a dwelling or manufactured home, who live and function as a single housekeeping unit.
- 2.46 **Fence.** An artificially constructed barrier of any material or combination of materials erected to enclose or screen areas of land. Fences or walls may be erected, placed, or maintained along a lot line to a height not exceeding eight (8) feet above the ground. However, a fence or wall not less than ten (10) feet may be accepted with the approval of the Planning Commission.
- 2.47 **Flood.** An overflow of water onto lands not normally covered by water, resulting in significant adverse effects in the vicinity.

- 2.48 **Flood Hazard Area.** All the land encompassed by the floodway and the floodway fringe areas.
- 2.49 **Floodplain.** Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source (see definition of “flood”).
- 2.50 **Floodway.** The channel of a river or other water course and the adjacent land areas within the floodplain that is required in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height.
- 2.51 **Floodway Fringe Areas.** Areas lying outside the floodway but within the area subject to inundation by the 100-year flood, which is a flood having an average frequency of occurrence in the order of once in 100 years, although the flood may actually occur in any year.
- 2.52 **Floor Area, Gross or Total.** The total useable area contained within a building as measured by the cumulative total of the outside dimensions of the building at the base of each story improved and intended for occupancy or storage, not to include: attic space providing headroom of less than seven (7) feet; unusable basement, cellar, or crawl space; uncovered steps or fire escapes; open porches, decks, or patios; accessory water or cooling towers; and accessory off-street parking and loading spaces.
- 2.53 **Frontage.** The distance along the boundary line of a lot which coincides with the public or approved private street right-of-way that provides primary vehicular access to the lot.
- 2.54 **Frontage, Main Street.** Frontage of a lot as identified in the official street address of the parcel.
- 2.55 **Gasoline Service Station.** Buildings and premises where gasoline, oil, grease, batteries, tires, and automobile accessories may be supplied and dispensed at retail, including incidental vehicle repair and servicing. Gasoline service stations may also engage in the incidental sale of food items and beverages.
- 2.56 **Group Home.** A dwelling housing individuals who are not necessarily related by blood or marriage and who live and function as a single housekeeping unit under the supervision of one or more resident manager or resident manager teams. A resident manager team may include more than one resident care provider, as may be necessary, to provide around-the- clock staff support and coverage to serve the specific developmental or rehabilitation needs of the client population. Each resident manager or team and all associated individuals that are functionally or programmatically served by that resident manager or team shall constitute an individual and separate family residing within the group home. Specific individual living facilities shall be provided within the home for

each family residing therein. A group home serves socially, physically, mentally, or developmentally impaired individuals in a family-type living arrangement, including homes for orphans or neglected children, homes for people with disabilities or who are mentally retarded or mentally ill, rehabilitation homes for drug or alcohol dependency, emergency care homes for abused spouses or children, and similar group residency individuals who require on-site assistance, counseling, or supervision from a resident manager, but do not otherwise represent a danger to society. Group homes shall comply with the relevant standards contained in Article IV, Section 2 of this Ordinance.

- 2.57 **Hazardous Materials.** Any explosive, corrosive, flammable, toxic, or carcinogenic material, chemical, or substance that poses a threat to human health or welfare. Such substances do not include common household products and cleansers which may, by their nature, include or constitute hazardous materials, as long as they are used exclusively for their intended purpose and are not stored in quantities that are excessive for common residential use.
- 2.58 **Hazardous Waste.** Any discarded or disused material, chemical, or substance which, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics, may:
- A. cause, or significantly contribute to, an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness; or
 - B. pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed, or otherwise managed.
- 2.59 **Home Occupation.** A business activity for gain or support incidental to the use of the premises for residential purposes, conducted only by members of a family residing on the premises, and conducted entirely within a dwelling. All home occupations shall comply with the relevant standards contained in Article IV, Section 4 of this Ordinance (see also “cottage industry”).
- 2.60 **Hospital.** An institution devoted primarily to the diagnosis, treatment, or care of the sick or injured.
- 2.61 **Hotel.** A commercial boarding and lodging facility offering sleeping accommodations to the public on a daily or weekly basis. Such facilities shall contain not less than ten (10) bedrooms. Individual lodging rooms within a hotel shall not contain full kitchen facilities for exclusive use, and must be accessed through a central internal lobby or office which is supervised at all times. Accessory uses permitted within a hotel building may include: a restaurant, conference facility, laundry facilities, meeting rooms, banquet rooms, gift shops, and recreational and exercise facilities. (See also “bed and breakfast inn,” “boarding or rooming house,” “dwelling, multi-family,” and “motel.”)

- 2.62 ***Impervious Surfaces.*** Any exposed bedrock or improvement to land that substantially reduces or prevents the natural infiltration of stormwater into the underlying soil layers and causes increased runoff, including, but not necessarily limited to: paved surfaces, buildings, sidewalks, swimming pools, and any compaction of the surface layers of soil to an intensity of at least ninety-five (95%).
- 2.63 ***Junkyard.*** Any lot or parcel of land upon which discarded or nonfunctional articles, products, and materials are kept, compacted, burned, stored, cannibalized, bought, or sold, but not actively repaired or used for their original purposes or as originally manufactured units. Such articles shall include, but may not be limited to: household appliances, scrap metal (ferrous or nonferrous), demolition materials or debris, worn or used rags, used furniture, scrap paper or glass, used or flat tires, and inoperable automobile bodies and parts. Any lot containing, for a period exceeding thirty (30) consecutive days, two (2) or more motor vehicles that are unregistered or are incapable of fully operating (start and move) under their own power shall constitute minimum *prima-facie* evidence of a Junkyard. (See also “body shop” and “Junkyard.”) Junk yards shall be entirely screened from surrounding views by a fence to a height of eight (8) or more feet.
- 2.64 ***Leasable Area.*** The total floor of a building designed for both tenant occupancy and exclusive use. Leasable area includes both the owned and leased areas but does not include shared or common areas among tenants. Where floor area of a building is occupied or where a building has no shared or common area, leasable area is the gross floor area measured by taking the outside dimensions of the building at each floor level intended for occupancy or storage.
- 2.65 ***License.*** A special permit issued by the City of Lineville to operate a business establishment.
- 2.66 ***Loading Space, Off-Street.*** A designated space outside a public right-of-way that is designed and used as a convenient temporary parking location for motor vehicles upon which bulk goods or materials are to be placed for shipping or from which bulk goods or materials are to be removed for delivery. A required off-street loading space shall not be treated as an off-street parking space in the computation of required off-street parking spaces. (See also “parking space, off-street.”)
- 2.67 ***Lounge.*** An establishment which serves beer, wine, and/or liquor for on-premise consumption and primarily offers dancing or provides other lawful entertainment. No person under 21 years of age shall be admitted on the premises of any lounge liquor licensee as a patron or employee, and it shall be unlawful for any such licensee to admit any minor to the premises as a patron or employee. This definition shall also include Nightclub.
- 2.68 ***Lot.*** An unsubdivided parcel or portion of land or legal lot of record occupied or intended to be occupied by a building or group of buildings, uses, and open spaces

belonging to the same. The word includes the terms "plot" and "parcel." The establishment of lease or rental lines shall not define separate lots for purposes of this Ordinance. After adoption of this Ordinance, every new lot created shall comply with all applicable requirements of the zoning district within which it is located.

- 2.69 ***Lot, Corner.*** A lot adjoining an intersection of two street rights-of-way such that it possesses frontage along the right-of-way lines of both intersecting streets. A lot located along a curved street shall be considered a corner lot if street frontage opposes both the rear and one side yard of the lot and the interior angle formed by the intersecting front street line and the side street line is less than one hundred thirty five (135) degrees.
- 2.70 ***Lot Depth.*** The longest distance between any point along the frontage line of a lot and the opposing rear property line as measured by a line drawn perpendicular to the building setback line. (See also "building setback line" and "lot width.")
- 2.71 ***Lot, Double Frontage.*** A lot possessing frontage on two (2) or more streets that do not intersect at any point along the subject lot boundaries.
- 2.72 ***Lot, Interior.*** A lot other than a corner lot possessing frontage on only one (1) street.
- 2.73 ***Lot of Record.*** Any validly recorded un-subdivided parcel of land which, at the time of its recording, complied with all applicable laws, ordinances, and regulations.
- 2.74 ***Lot Width.*** The distance between the side lines of a lot, measured by a line drawn along the building setback line establishing the minimum distance between the opposing side lines. (See also "building setback line" and "lot depth.")
- 2.75 ***Manufactured Home.*** A structure, transportable in one or more sections, which in the traveling mode is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length or when erected on site is three hundred twenty (320) or more square feet, which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without permanent foundation, and which is connected to the required utilities and includes plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein. All manufactured homes shall comply with the relevant and applicable standards contained in Article IV, Section 3 of this Ordinance. (See also "mobile home" and "modular home.")
- 2.76 ***Manufactured Home Park.*** A tract of land in single ownership having multiple spaces for lease which are used or designed to accommodate manufactured homes.
- 2.77 ***Mini-Warehouse.*** A commercial building divided into individual, small, self-contained units leased primarily for the storage of personal household belongings, office equipment, or office furniture. The storage of hazardous materials, solid waste, live animals, or materials normally associated with manufacturing uses shall not be permitted

within a mini-warehouse facility. The term mini-warehouse shall be interpreted to include and encompass “personal storage facility” and “self-storage facility.”

- 2.78 **Mobile Home.** A structure which complies with the definition of “manufactured home” but which was manufactured prior to June 15, 1976. After the effective date of this Ordinance, mobile homes shall be a nonconformity subject to the regulations established in Article IV, Section 1 of this Ordinance. (See also “manufactured home” and “modular home.”)
- 2.79 **Modular Home.** Modular homes shall herein be called manufactured buildings, in accordance with the Code of Alabama 1975 Title 24, Section 24-4A-2, and shall exclude manufactured homes and mobile homes and any temporarily placed building, trailer, or structure maintained by a licensed general contractor or subcontractor for purposes of storage, office space, or any other construction related function at a project site. Modular buildings are built in a controlled factory environment in sections, or modules, and then transported to the construction site. At the construction site the sections are installed on permanent foundations and completed by professional installers.
- 2.80 **Monastery.** A religious building, structure, or compound occupied by monks residing and worshiping within the structure under religious vows and in seclusion. The term “monastery” shall also include convents. (See also “church” and “parsonage.”)
- 2.81 **Motel.** A commercial boarding and lodging facility offering sleeping accommodations to the public on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis. Such facilities shall contain not less than (10) bedrooms. Individual lodging rooms within a motel may be accessed directly from the outdoors and may contain partial kitchen facilities, such as a sink, small refrigerator, and a microwave oven, but not a stove, convection oven or dishwasher. Accessory uses permitted within a motel building may include: a restaurant, laundry facilities, meeting rooms, gift shops, and recreational and exercise facilities. Guest rooms also may be provided in the form of separate cottages on the motel premises, as long as any bathroom facilities are connected to municipal sewer or a sanitary on-site septic system approved for such use by the Health Department. (See also “bed and breakfast inn,” “boarding or rooming house,” “dwelling, multi-family,” and “hotel.”)
- 2.82 **Net Area.** The total area of a site minus the street area.
- 2.83 **Nonconformity.** A lot of record, structure, use of a lot or structure, or combination thereof, that legally existed at the time of enactment of this Ordinance or of subsequent amendment to this Ordinance, but which no longer conforms to all applicable provisions of the district in which it is located.
- 2.84 **Office.** A building or portion of a building dedicated to professional, administrative, clerical, or similar uses.

- 2.85 ***Open Air Market.*** Retail sales of produce, arts, crafts, or other goods partially or fully outside of an enclosed building, such as a produce market, flea market, craft market, farmer's market, or roadside farm stand. A business license is required for an open air market to sell new products and the facility must receive approval from the Lineville Planning Commission to utilize a partially enclosed structure.
- 2.86 ***Open Space.*** Space which is not occupied by a building or structure and is maintained in a natural state or has been developed to support outdoor recreational uses.
- 2.87 ***Parking Space, Off-Street.*** A designated space outside a public right-of-way that is designed and used for temporary parking of motor vehicles that complies with all applicable requirements of this Ordinance. (See also "loading space, off-street.")
- 2.88 ***Parsonage.*** An attached or detached dwelling used as a domicile for a church clergyman and his/her family. A parsonage also may be used as a temporary housing facility for visiting clergy. A parsonage may be an accessory structure on a church property or a principal use on an adjoining lot to a church. (See also "monastery" and "church.")
- 2.89 ***Perimeter.*** The boundaries or borders of a lot, tract, or parcel of land.
- 2.90 ***Permanent Foundation.*** A solid masonry wall which provides a load bearing support for any structure possessing sufficient strength and thickness to resist all lateral pressures from the structure it is designed to support.
- 2.91 ***Planning Commission or Commission.*** The City Planning Commission of the City of Lineville, Alabama.
- 2.92 ***Public Land Use.*** Any land use operated by or through a unit or level of government, either through lease or ownership, such as: municipal administration and operation; county buildings and activities; state highway offices and similar land uses; and Federal uses such as post offices, bureau of public roads, internal revenue offices, military installations, etc.
- 2.93 ***Recreational Vehicle.*** See definition of "travel trailer."
- 2.94 ***Regular Zoning District.*** A zoning district which is delineated on the base zoning map. (See also "special zoning district.")
- 2.95 ***Residential Care Facility*** (Also considered an Assisted Living Facility) is a non-medical center or facility which provides room, board, housekeeping, supervision, and personal care assistance with basic activities such as personal hygiene, dressing, eating, and walking for persons aged 60 years and older. Such a facility or center is designed for

people who are unable to live by themselves, but who do not require 24 hour nursing care or nurses, nursing assistants, and doctors on staff to meet medical and/or basic needs. Facilities usually provide a central store to distribute medications for residents to self-administer. Care facilities must meet care and safety standards set by the State and are licensed and inspected by the Department of Social Services.

- 2.96 ***Restaurant***. A commercial dining facility serving food prepared or cooked on the premises to patrons who will primarily consume the prepared food on the premises or within the dining facility. Under the terms of this definition, a restaurant shall include delis, cafes, and ice cream parlors. (See also definition of "restaurant, drive through.")
- 2.97 ***Restaurant, Drive Through***. A commercial dining facility serving food prepared or cooked on the premises and specifically designed to afford patrons the option of dining on the premises or taking the prepared food away for off-site consumption. Such dining facilities are distinguished by the provision of a drive-through lane or service window or the absence of seating or parking facilities for on-site dining. (See also definition of "Restaurant.")
- 2.98 ***Satellite Dish Antenna***. An accessory structure designed to receive television broadcasts relayed by microwave signals from earth-orbiting communication satellites.
- 2.99 ***Semi-Public Use***. A land use maintained as a public service by a private, non-profit institution, such as YMCA, YWCA, Salvation Army, churches and church related institutions, orphanages, humane societies, private welfare organizations, non-profit welfare lodges and fraternal orders, Red Cross, etc.
- 2.100 ***Service Station***. See definition of "automobile filling and service station."
- 2.101 ***Shopping Center***. A retail business development consisting of a group of commercial establishments designed as a unit and having shared parking and driveway facilities.
- 2.102 ***Solid Waste***. Any non-liquid or non-gaseous refuse materials or products generated by residential, commercial, industrial, or institutional uses for disposal.
- 2.103 ***Solid Waste Facility***. Any land or structure used for the long-term disposal, storage, transfer, collection, treatment, utilization, processing, incineration, or any combination thereof, of solid waste. (See also "Junkyard.")
- 2.104 ***Special Zoning District***. A zoning district that overlays one or more regular zoning district identified on the zoning map. (See also "regular zoning district.")

2.105 ***Story***. That portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor immediately above, or if there be no floor above it, then the space between such floor and the ceiling above it.

2.106 ***Street***. A linear right-of-way within which an improved surface has been constructed to support vehicular traffic, which is opened to the general public and which affords the principal means of access to abutting property. A ***public street*** is a street that has been dedicated for public use, improved according to City standards, and accepted by the City as a public right-of-way. A ***private street*** is a street that has been dedicated for public use, improved according to City standards, and is owned and maintained by an individual or an association of property owners served by the street and has not been accepted by the City as a public street.

2.107 ***Street, Arterial***. Streets designed to handle large volumes of traffic, usually connect areas that generate a large number of trips. With a suggested lane width of twelve feet, this class of roadway may be separated by a median. A secondary purpose of an arterial is to provide some access to adjacent property. The use of a curb lane for parking, loading, and unloading should not be permitted because it interferes with the flow of traffic.

2.108 ***Street Centerline***. A line formed by the midpoint between the inside edges of the curbs or the drainage ditches along the improved roadway within a street right-of-way.

2.109 ***Street, Collector***. Streets which serve the purpose of collecting and distributing the traffic from the local streets to the arterials. With a suggested lane width of twelve feet, collectors are important for serving adjacent property and loading and unloading goods.

2.110 ***Street Line***. A surveyed and recorded line separating private or public property from a public right-of-way line that has been improved or is intended for improvement as a street.

2.111 ***Street, Local***. Streets designed to provide access to abutting property, are usually no wider than twelve feet. Most residential streets and alleys are considered local streets.

2.112 ***Street, Major***. All arterials and collectors.

2.113 ***Streets, Minor***. All local streets.

2.114 ***Street Vendor or Mobile Food Vendor***. A private, traveling, non-established business conducted through the selling of goods and/or services from a transportable structure or vehicle on public property as permitted by the city or on private property as permitted by the property owner. Street vendors are permitted to sell new products and services in commercial areas provided prior issuance of a business license and approval of the Planning Commission.

- 2.115 ***Structure.*** Anything constructed or erected with a fixed location on the ground or attached to something having a fixed location on the ground. Among other things, structures include buildings, manufactured homes, mobile homes, walls, fences, and signs.
- 2.116 ***Substantial Improvement.*** Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure either before the improvement or repair is started or, if the structure has been damaged and is being restored, before the damage occurred.
- 2.117 ***Theater.*** An enclosed performance facility designed to allow patrons to view a performance or motion picture while seated indoors.
- 2.118 ***Theater, Drive-In.*** An open-air performance facility specifically designed to allow patrons to view a performance or motion picture while seated in a parked motor vehicle.
- 2.119 ***This Ordinance.*** The City of Lineville Zoning Ordinance.
- 2.120 ***Total Floor Area.*** The area of all floors of a building, including finished attics and basements when considered as a story under the terms of this ordinance.
- 2.121 ***Townhouse.*** Buildings containing only one (1) or two (2) dwelling units, with three (3) or more buildings attached to each other by party walls without openings. Side yards shall be required only at the end of rows of attached dwellings. In districts where permitted, the lot area of each building must be at least equal to the minimum lot area of that district. (See also "condominium" and "dwelling, multi-family.")
- 2.122 ***Travel Trailer.*** Any vehicle or similar portable structure mounted on wheels, designed and intended primarily for short-term occupancy, for dwelling or sleeping, or other purposes, and not exceeding three hundred fifty (350) square feet in total floor area. Travel trailer shall include the terms camper, recreational vehicle, and trailer.
- 2.123 ***Use.*** The purpose or activity for which land or a building or other structure is designed, arranged, or intended, or the purpose or activity for which land is or may be occupied or maintained.
- 2.124 ***Variance.*** A relaxation of the terms of the Zoning Ordinance where such variance will not be contrary to the public interest and where, owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the result of the actions of the applicant, a literal enforcement of the ordinance would result in unnecessary and undue hardship. A variance is approved or denied by the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

- 2.125 ***Yard***. A required space on the same lot with a principal building, open, unoccupied, and unobstructed by buildings or structures from ground to sky except where encroachments and accessory buildings are expressly permitted.
- 2.126 ***Yard, Front***. A yard extending the full width of the lot, and situated between the right-of-way line of the abutting street and the nearest point of the principal building.
- 2.127 ***Yard, Rear***. A yard extending the full width of the lot from the rear of the lot to the nearest point of the principal building.
- 2.128 ***Yard, Side***. A yard situated between the nearest point of the principal building and any side line of the lot, generally extending from the rear line of the front yard to the front line of the rear yard.
- 2.129 ***Yard, Special***. A yard behind any required yard adjacent to a public street, required to perform the same functions as a side or rear yard, but adjacent to a lot line so placed or oriented that neither the term “side yard” nor the term “rear yard” clearly applies. In such cases, the administrative official shall require a yard within minimum dimensions as generally required for a side yard or a rear yard in the district, determining which shall apply by the relation of the portion of the lot on which the yard is to be located to the adjoining lot or lots, with due regard to the orientation and location of structures and areas suitable for building thereon.
- 2.130 ***Zoning District***. A section of the City of Lineville for which the zoning regulations are uniform, as delineated on the Zoning Map.
- 2.131 ***Zoning Map***. The “Official Zoning Map of the City of Lineville” which includes a base map or maps of the regular zoning districts and an overlay or overlays of the special zoning districts.

ARTICLE III

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1 - USES

Except as hereinafter provided, no building or parcel of land shall hereafter be used or occupied and no building or part thereof shall be erected, moved, or altered except for a use permitted within the zoning district in which it is located.

SECTION 2 - STRUCTURES

It is the intent of this Ordinance that no more than one principal use structure shall be located on any single lot of record, plus any permitted accessory structures. Accessory structures shall not include functionally independent living quarters.

SECTION 3 - HEIGHT AND DENSITY

- 3.1 ***Height of Structures.*** In each district, each structure hereafter erected or altered shall not exceed the height limits specified in this Ordinance. Height limitations shall not apply to church steeples, barns, silos, farm structures, chimneys, flag poles, public utility poles, radio and television towers and all such structures specifically exempted from local zoning regulations by applicable federal law, cooling towers, water tanks, and similar structures not intended for human occupancy.
- 3.2 ***Intensity of Use.*** Each building and lot shall not be used or occupied hereafter by more families or for a higher intensity of use than permitted in the zoning district in which it is located.

SECTION 4 - ACCESSORY STRUCTURES

- 4.1 ***In residential districts.*** Accessory structures in residential districts or the agricultural district, or any lot used primarily for residential purposes, shall conform to the following regulations:
 - A. Accessory structures shall be permitted in the rear yard only. Accessory structures shall not exceed the height of the principal use structure, shall not cover more than 30% of the rear yard, and shall be located at least five (5) feet from all lot lines and located no closer than ten (10) feet from the principal structure or another accessory structure.
 - B. When an accessory building is attached to the principal building by a breezeway, passageway, or similar means, it shall comply with the yard requirements of the principal building to which it is attached.
 - C. On any lot adjoining along its side lot line another lot which is in a residential

- district, no part of any accessory building shall be located within sixty (60) feet of any front lot line.
- 4.2 ***In nonresidential districts.*** On any nonresidential lot sharing a side lot line with a lot in a residential district, no part of any accessory building shall be located within fifty (50) feet of the property line dividing the non-residential lot and the residentially zoned property. On any lot adjoining along its side lot line another lot which is in a residential district, no part of any accessory building shall be located within sixty (60) feet of any front lot line.
- 4.3 ***Minimum separation.*** Except as herein provided, no accessory building shall be located closer than five (5) feet to a lot line, nor closer than ten (10) feet to a principal building or to any other accessory building on the same lot.

SECTION 5 - LOTS

- 5.1 ***Minimum lot size.*** All lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with the minimum lot size requirements for the zoning district within which they are located. However, any lot which, at the time of adoption of this Ordinance or at any time this Ordinance is changed by amendment hereafter, may be reduced in area by widening a public street to a future street line as indicated on the duly adopted "Major Street Plan" or as same may be hereafter amended or as reserved under the mapped street provisions of Title 35, Chapter 2, Article 3, Section 50-62, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975 (and as amended), the minimum required yards, the minimum required lot area, the minimum required lot width and the maximum building area shall be measured by considering the future street lines as the lot lines of such lots.
- 5.2 ***Yard reduction.*** No lot shall be reduced in area so that yards and other open spaces total less than the minimum area required under this Ordinance, except as herein provided.
- 5.3 ***Minimum frontage.*** All lots shall have a minimum frontage of not less than forty (40) feet along a public street or a private street dedicated for public use and constructed in accordance with all applicable City street standards. The minimum required frontage shall be reduced to thirty (30) feet for lots fronting on the turn-about at the end of a permanent cul-de-sac.

SECTION 6 - YARDS AND OPEN SPACE

- 6.1 ***Required yards and open spaces.*** In each district, each structure hereafter erected or altered shall be provided with the yards specified, and shall be on a lot of the area and width specified in this Ordinance. No open space or lot required for a building or structure shall, during its life, be occupied by or counted as open space for another building or structure. No yard or other open space provided, nor the off-street parking and loading spaces required, about any building for the purpose of complying with the regulations of this Ordinance shall hereafter be included as a part of a yard or other open

space, or the off-street parking or loading spaces, for any other building, except hereafter provided.

- 6.2 ***Yards and open spaces on substandard lots.*** Where the owner of a property, at the time of adoption of this Ordinance, has a lot or lots of official record which are substandard to the requirements of the district in which they are located according to this Ordinance, the building and its accessory structures may be built, provided:
- A. The yard space and other requirements conform as closely as possible, in the opinion of the Board of Adjustment, to the requirements of the district in which the property is located.
 - B. That neither side yard shall be reduced to less than five (5) feet.
 - C. No building shall be required to set back more than the average of the setbacks of the existing residences within 100 feet each side thereof, but in no case shall the setback of any building hereafter erected or altered be less than 20 feet.

SECTION 7 - BUILDING SETBACK LINES

- 7.1 ***Properties abutting existing improved public streets.*** When any required yard abuts a street or roadway with an existing public street right-of-way of forty (40) feet or more, the setback shall be the standard setback required in that zoning district. The setback shall be measured from the property line.
- 7.2 ***Properties abutting dedicated rights-of-way.*** When any required yard abuts a street or roadway with a dedicated right-of-way (public or private) of less than forty (40) feet, the setback shall be not less than twenty (20) feet, ***plus*** any additional setback required by the minimum dimensional requirements for the applicable zoning district. The setback shall be measured from the centerline of the existing improved roadway. If no improved roadway has been constructed within the right-of-way, then the twenty (20) foot setback shall be measured from the centerline of the dedicated right-of-way.
- 7.3 ***Properties abutting street or roadways without dedicated rights-of-way.*** When any required yard abuts a street or roadway (public or private) without a dedicated right-of-way, the setback shall be not less than twenty (20) feet, ***plus*** any additional setback required by the minimum dimensional requirements for the applicable zoning district. The setback shall be measured from the centerline of the existing improved street or roadway.

SECTION 8 - FRONTAGE ON CORNER LOTS AND DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS

On lots having frontage on more than one street, the side or rear yard setback along the secondary street shall not be less than the required front yard setback for the applicable zoning district.

SECTION 9 - ACCESS TO STREETS

No building for human occupancy shall be erected without unrestricted vehicular access to a public street or a private street dedicated for public use and constructed in accordance with all applicable City street standards. Such buildings shall have a frontage of at least 25 feet to the public street.

SECTION 10 - FENCES AND WALLS

- 10.1 ***Height on residential properties.*** Fences or walls may be erected and maintained, along a side or rear lot line on residentially zoned property, or adjacent thereto, to a height not exceeding eight (8) feet above the ground. Fences or walls located in a required front yard shall not exceed a height of four (4) feet. Where such lot line is adjacent to a non-residentially zoned property, fences and walls may be maintained at a height not exceeding eight (8) feet. No fence or wall exceeding two and one half (2 ½) feet and capable of obstructing driver vision may be located within twenty (20) feet of an intersection of the right-of-way line of streets or of streets and railroads.
- 10.2 ***Height on nonresidential properties.*** No fence or wall erected, placed, maintained, or grown along a lot line on any non-residentially zoned property shall exceed a height of eight (8) feet.
- 10.3 ***Prohibited materials.*** Barbed wire shall not be used as fencing for any residential property.

SECTION 11 - TRAFFIC VISIBILITY AT INTERSECTIONS

On any corner lot, nothing shall be erected, placed, or grown in such a manner as to limit or obstruct traffic visibility at the street intersection. A clear sight triangle shall be maintained upon such lot, such sight triangle beginning at the intersection of the two lot lines along the street and running along each lot line for twenty-five (25) feet; the third leg of the triangle is formed by connecting the other two legs of the triangle. Within such sight triangle, nothing shall be erected, placed, or grown taller than a height of thirty-six (36) inches above the centerline grades of the intersecting streets.

SECTION 12 - STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Stormwater runoff from construction sites and urban development is a significant source of surface water contamination. New development and construction activity must be designed to minimize on-site erosion and the resulting sedimentation of off-site water resources that can be generated by stormwater runoff. Therefore, all development shall comply with the following requirements. The City may request assistance from the Natural Resource Conservation District or other qualified experts in evaluating the applicant's proposed measures to comply with these requirements.

- 12.1 ***Exempt activities.*** The following activities shall be exempt from these stormwater management requirements:
- A. Minor land disturbing activities normally associated with single family uses, such as home gardens, landscaping, building repairs or alterations, swimming pool installation, or other related, low-impact activities.
 - B. Construction of a single family dwelling on an individual lot and the installation or replacement of a manufactured home.
 - C. Agricultural practices or the construction of farm buildings, when conducted in full compliance with all applicable Best Management Practices. The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) maintains Best Management Practices for stormwater management in agricultural areas.
 - D. Private and commercial forestry activities, when conducted in full compliance with all applicable Best Management Practices.
- 12.2 ***ADEM permit required.*** Construction projects or land disturbing activities involving one (1) or more acre of land must be approved by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management prior to development. Applicants subject to this requirement shall provide evidence that a stormwater discharge permit has been issued by ADEM prior to the issuance of a zoning permit by the Code Enforcement Officer.
- 12.3 ***Tie-in required.*** All proposed drainage improvements shall tie into any existing man-made or natural drainage ways along the existing public streets adjoining the development site. Under no conditions shall stormwater drainage be emptied into the sanitary sewer system or vice-versa.
- 12.4 ***Basic guidelines.*** Stormwater management measures shall be designed in accordance with all applicable Best Management Practices for the proposed type of construction activity. Appropriate short-term (during construction) and long-term (after construction is complete) measures shall be applied to minimize potential erosion of disturbed soils on the development site. All slopes on the development site in excess of ten (10) percent grade shall be permanently stabilized through the use of natural vegetation (preferably native vegetation), retaining walls, terracing, or a combination, as may be appropriate. Development sites which will contain more than twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of impervious surfaces or upon which more than fifty (50) percent of the total lot area will consist of impervious surfaces shall contain adequate stormwater management facilities (detention or retention basins, drainage ways, storm drains, etc.) to accommodate on-site and safely release or transmit the runoff that would be generated by a twenty-five (25) year storm event, without causing an increase or surge in the volume and velocity of off-site peak stormwater runoff over the pre-development state. However, if the site is located within the FHA: Flood Hazard Area Zone, the stormwater management facilities shall be designed to accommodate on-site and safely release or transmit the runoff that

would be generated by a one hundred (100) year storm event, without causing an increase or surge in the volume and velocity of off-site peak stormwater runoff over the pre-development state.

- 12.5 ***Creative and innovative polluted runoff management practices.*** Where feasible and appropriate, proposed developments may incorporate creative and innovative design to minimize the impacts of polluted runoff on the environment. Such design features may include, but are not limited to, undisturbed natural buffers between impervious surfaces and adjoining streams and drainageways, maximum retention of existing mature trees on building lots, the use of seeded shallow "V" drainage swales (with stabilized cut slopes not to exceed a ten [10] percent grade) rather than concrete curb and gutter, the use of porous pavement surfaces for parking lots, service roads, alleys, and cul-de-sacs, the use of crushed gravel or turf parking areas for small parking lots or spillover parking areas, and the creation of wetlands for stormwater detention and retention, and other practices as may be appropriate to address on-site stormwater drainage needs. Such creative and innovative design features should be used in the following development settings;
- A. where they will be compatible with existing off-site stormwater management infrastructure improvements serving the drainage basin, and
 - B. where appropriate to adequately and safely accommodate the stormwater runoff that would be generated by the proposed level of impervious surfaces without the need for excessive perpetual maintenance.
- 12.6 ***Stormwater management on privately owned common open space lands.*** Where any stormwater management improvements are to be constructed on common open space lands within the development, such improvements shall be subject to special maintenance provisions as required in Article IV, Section 10 (Common Open Space Requirements) of this Ordinance. The City of Lineville shall assume no responsibility or liability for the continued, maintenance, improvement, or repair of privately owned stormwater management facilities.

ARTICLE IV

SPECIAL USE PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES

- 1.1 ***Purpose of Provisions.*** Within the zoning districts established by this Ordinance or by subsequent amendments to this Ordinance, there exist lots, structures, uses of land and structures, and characteristics of use which were lawfully created, established, or constructed before this Ordinance was adopted or amended, but which would be prohibited, regulated, or restricted under the terms of this Ordinance or of subsequent amendments. It is the intent of this Ordinance to permit these nonconformities to continue until they are removed or discontinued, but not to actively encourage their survival. It is further the intent of this Ordinance to assure that nonconformities shall not be enlarged, expanded, or extended, nor be used as grounds for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district. Nonconforming status runs with the land; i.e., a change in ownership or tenancy does not terminate the nonconforming status of a lot and/or structure.
- 1.2 ***Incompatibility of Nonconforming Uses.*** Nonconforming uses are declared by this Ordinance to be incompatible with the permitted uses in the zoning districts in which they are located. A nonconforming use of land, of structure, or of land and structure in combination shall not be extended, enlarged, or otherwise intensified after passage of this Ordinance either by additions to any existing structure or by the addition of other uses of the property which would be generally prohibited in the district in which such use is located.
- 1.3 ***Avoidance of Undue Hardship.*** To avoid undue hardship, nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building upon which actual construction was lawfully initiated prior to the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance.
- 1.4 ***Single Nonconforming Lots of Record.*** A single lot of record which does not meet the minimum space and height requirements of the zoning district in which it is located at the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance may be used or sold for the erection of those buildings and accessory buildings necessary to carry out the permitted uses in that district, provided:
 - A. Minimum space and height requirements of the lot shall conform as closely as possible to the applicable standards for the district.
 - B. Requirements for yards and setbacks, accessory buildings and uses, and off-street parking and loading spaces shall conform as closely as possible to the applicable standards for the district.

- C. Variance for area, dimensional, and other requirements shall be obtained only through action of the Board of Adjustment as authorized in Article VII, Section 5.3 of this Ordinance. A variance shall only be required where the proposed structure cannot be designed to comply with the applicable dimensional requirements of the zoning district.
- D. Such lot must not have continuous frontage with other lots in the same ownership that could be combined to eliminate the nonconformity.

1.5 ***Procedure to Cure Nonconforming Lots of Record.*** If two (2) or more lots or a combination of lots and portions of lots are contiguous, have continuous frontage, are in single ownership, and are of record at the time of passage of or amendment to this Ordinance, and if all or part of the lots do not meet the minimum space and height standards of this Ordinance, the land involved shall be considered to be an undivided parcel for the purpose of this Ordinance and no portion of said parcel shall be used or sold in a manner which diminishes compliance with the minimum space and height standards. Nor shall any existing lot of record be divided in a way that would create a lot that does not comply with the applicable minimum space and height standards of this Ordinance. Nothing in this provision shall be interpreted to prevent the adjustment of an adjoining lot line or the re-subdivision of a lot so combined, where sufficient land area exists to establish more than one conforming lot.

1.6 ***Nonconforming Structures.*** Where, at the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance, a lawful structure exists that could not be built under the terms of this Ordinance by reason of not complying with minimum dimensional requirements or other requirements concerning the structure, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, provided:

- A. No such nonconforming structure may be enlarged or altered in a way which increases its nonconformity, but any structure or portion thereof may be altered to decrease its nonconformity.
- B. Should such nonconforming structure or nonconforming portion of structure be destroyed by any means to the extent of more than 75% of its current replacement value, it shall be reconstructed only in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance.
- C. Should such structure be voluntarily relocated for any reason for any distance whatsoever, it shall thereafter conform to the requirements or standards for the district in which it is located after it is moved.

1.7 ***Nonconforming Uses of Land, Structure, or Land and Structure in Combination.*** Where, at the time of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance, lawful uses of land, structure, or land and structure in combination exist which, under the terms of this Ordinance, would not be permitted in the zoning district in which they are located, the

uses may be continued so long as they remain otherwise lawful, provided:

- A. No such nonconforming uses, nor structures devoted to nonconforming uses, shall be enlarged or increased, nor extended to occupy a greater area of land than was occupied at the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance.
- B. No such nonconforming uses, nor structures devoted to nonconforming uses, shall be moved in whole or in part to any portion of the lot or parcel other than that occupied by such uses at the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Ordinance.
- C. No additional structures shall be erected in connection with such nonconforming uses.
- D. If any such nonconforming uses are discontinued for a period of more than one (1) year, any subsequent use of the land and/or structure formerly devoted to such nonconforming uses shall thereafter conform to the requirements or standards specified by this Ordinance for the zoning district in which such land and/or structure is located.
- E. If any nonconforming use is replaced by a permitted use, any subsequent use of the land and/or structure formerly devoted to such nonconforming uses shall thereafter conform to the requirements or standards for the district in which it is located, and the nonconforming use may not thereafter be resumed.
- F. A nonconforming use may change to a new nonconforming use, provided the new use is more consistent with the permitted uses of the district in which it is located and is less objectionable and generates fewer external impacts on neighboring uses and properties than the previous nonconforming use. In determining whether the new use would be in greater conformity with this Ordinance, impact criteria such as, but not limited to, the following shall be evaluated:
 - 1. The degree to which traffic generation and congestion, including truck, passenger car, and pedestrian traffic would be reduced.
 - 2. The degree to which external noise, smoke, dust, fumes, vapors, gases, heat, odor, glare, or vibration would be reduced.
 - 3. The degree to which the nature of the new use or business activity is consistent with other business uses permitted in the district.
- G. Where nonconforming use status applies to land and structure in combination, removal or destruction of the structure to the extent of more than 75% of its current replacement value shall terminate the nonconforming status of the structure but shall not terminate the nonconforming status of the land.

- 1.8 ***Repairs and Maintenance.***
- A. On any structure devoted entirely or in part to a nonconforming use, work may be done on ordinary maintenance, including remodeling, or on repair or replacement of nonbearing walls, fixtures, wiring, or plumbing, provided the cubic content of the structure, as it existed at the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment, shall not be increased.
 - B. On any lot devoted entirely or in part to a nonconforming use, work may be done on ordinary maintenance, repair, or replacement of parking and loading areas, signs, lighting, fences, walls, and related exterior amenities, provided the extent of those amenities shall not be increased or rearranged.
 - C. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any structure or exterior amenity declared to be unsafe by any official charged with protecting the public safety, upon order of such official.

SECTION 2 - GROUP HOMES

Group homes shall be conducted within a building that is consistent or compatible with the character of the district in which it is located.

- 2.1 ***No exterior changes incompatible with residential character.*** A group home located in a single family or medium density residential district shall be conducted within a building that shall maintain the exterior appearance of a single family dwelling, with no separate outside entrances to individual bedrooms.
- 2.2 ***Group homes in multi-family and nonresidential districts.*** A group home in a multi-family or business district may be conducted in a building other than a single family dwelling, provided that the group home conforms to the characteristics described in the definition of "group home" in Article II, Section 2 of this Ordinance.
- 2.3 ***Compliance with all applicable State laws.*** Where applicable, the group home shall provide evidence that it will operate in compliance with any State licensing requirements.

SECTION 3 - MANUFACTURED HOMES

All manufactured homes shall comply with the following requirements:

- 3.1 ***H.U.D. seal required.*** Prior to installation, each manufactured home shall bear a seal certifying compliance with the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Any existing mobile home or manufactured home not bearing such seal shall be deemed a nonconforming structure and shall be treated as a nonconforming structure and use in accordance with the regulations established in Section 1 of this Article.

- 3.2 **Anchoring requirements.** All manufactured homes shall be set up, installed, and anchored in full compliance with the requirements of the Alabama Manufactured Housing Commission. Each manufactured home site shall be properly prepared for set up and installation as may be necessary and appropriate to prevent the accumulation of standing water or the drainage of stormwater runoff beneath the manufactured home. Where a concrete pad is available, a manufactured home shall be properly anchored to it.
- 3.3 **Skirting required.** All manufactured homes not located within the MHP - Manufactured Home Park Zoning District shall be skirted by a continuous brick and mortar masonry curtain wall. All other manufactured homes shall be skirted with a weather-resistant material which resembles a permanent foundation commonly found on a single family dwelling. All skirting shall be adequately vented, and shall be completely installed within ninety (90) days of the date that the manufactured home has been installed and anchored to the home site. Where the space beneath a manufactured home that is to be enclosed by skirting is not completely covered by a concrete pad, then a ground vapor retarder of 6 mil rated polyethylene sheeting or greater shall be installed over the entire area enclosed by skirting.
- 3.4 **Axles and tow bars removed.** Once a manufactured home has been placed on an individual lot, all tow bars and axles shall be removed and stored in a location on the lot where they will not be seen from the street or neighboring homes.
- 3.5 **Access to exterior entrances.** Immediately after installation and prior to occupation, steps and a landing or porch shall be constructed at each raised exterior entrance or doorway to the manufactured home. At a minimum, the front or main entrance to a manufactured home shall be served by a stairway (not less than four feet in width) leading to a landing or porch not narrower than five (5) feet in depth (as measured outward from the exterior of the structure) nor shorter than eight (8) feet in length (centered along the entranceway) and containing a railing along all exterior edges of the landing and stairway. A stairway (not less than four feet in width) with exterior railings shall be erected at all other exterior entrances to the manufactured home. All required stairways and landings/porches shall be constructed of wood or brick materials, or some combination of both. Required railings may be constructed of wood or metal materials.
- 3.6 **Sanitary facilities.** Each manufactured home shall contain at least one shower or tub, a flush toilet, a lavatory, hot and cold running water, and a central source of heat for the occupants thereof.
- 3.7 **Compatibility with Adjoining Residential Properties.** While the City of Lineville acknowledges and accepts its responsibility to promote a wide range of affordable housing styles for its residents, it also must recognize that manufactured homes are a distinct type of housing that can, under certain circumstances, alter or disrupt the stability of property values and character of established residential neighborhoods that consist predominantly or exclusively of site-built single family detached dwellings. Such disruptions can be especially severe in neighborhoods that consist of historic homes that

represent and reflect a specific architectural style and character or that consist of uniformly high value dwellings, relative to the value of a standard manufactured home. In these special neighborhoods, the City's responsibility to provide siting flexibility for manufactured homes must be reasonably tempered and balanced by the City's competing responsibility to maintain the character, architectural integrity, and property value stability of established single family residential neighborhoods. Therefore, manufactured homes may be permitted on a vacant lot within an AG Zoning District only in full compliance with the following special conditions:

- A. the proposed manufactured home will not be located on a vacant lot that is within a designated local, state, or federal historic district or a vacant lot that is between two or more structures that have been listed on or are eligible for addition to the National Register of Historic Places; and

SECTION 4 - MODULAR HOMES

- 4.1 ***Modular Homes.*** Modular homes, in this section, shall herein be called manufactured buildings, in accordance with the Code of Alabama 1975 Title 24, Section 24-4A-2, and shall exclude manufactured homes and mobile homes and any temporarily placed building, trailer, or structure maintained by a licensed general contractor or subcontractor for purposes of storage, office space, or any other construction related function at a project site. Modular buildings are built in a controlled factory environment in sections, or modules, and then transported to the construction site. Assembly of individual sections at the building site is prohibited. At the construction site the sections are installed on permanent pre-established concrete slab foundations and completed by professional installers. Installation of the manufactured building upon trailers or other transport vehicles is prohibited.
- 4.2 ***Conformance to Codes.*** Modular buildings shall conform to current local building codes and regulations and follow local zoning regulations, adopted by the City of Lineville, same as stick-built homes.
- 4.3 ***Conformance to Neighborhood.*** All modular buildings shall conform, in general appearance, as much as feasibly possible, to surrounding homes in their respective residential neighborhoods.
- 4.4 ***Approval.*** No manufactured building shall be sold, offered for sale, or installed in the State of Alabama unless it is approved and bears the insignia of the Alabama Manufactured Housing Commission (herein called the Commission) in accordance with the Code of Alabama 1975 Title 24, Section 24-4A-3. No manufactured building bearing the Commission insignia shall be, in any way, modified prior to or during installation unless approval is first obtained from the Commission.

SECTION 5 - HOME OCCUPATIONS AND COTTAGE INDUSTRIES.

- 5.1 ***Home Occupations.*** A home occupation may consist of any accessory business use that fully complies with all of the standards contained in this section. No home occupation

shall be allowed in any multi-family dwelling.

- 5.2 **Cottage Industries.** A cottage industry may consist of any accessory business use, except solid waste facilities, junk or scrap metal shops, automobile repair shops or garages, or food processing/packing operations that fully complies with all of the standards contained in this section. Cottage industries may be permitted only within the Residential Zoning District.
- 5.3 **Standards Applicable to both Home Occupations and Cottage Industries.** The following standards shall apply to both home occupations and cottage industries.
- A. The home occupation or cottage industry must be owned and operated by the owner of the dwelling within which or property upon which such business use is to be located, or the business owner must have written approval of the owner of the premises, if the applicant is a tenant.
 - B. The home occupation or cottage industry shall be operated only by the members of the family residing in the principal dwelling located on the lot upon which such business use will be located.
 - C. The home occupation or cottage industry shall not involve the use of or result in the production of any hazardous materials or hazardous waste.
 - D. The home occupation or cottage industry shall not generate smoke, glare, vibrations, electrical disturbance, radioactivity, or other conditions that will be a nuisance to the surrounding area. The home occupation shall not involve the use of any equipment or process that creates visual or audible interference on any radio or television receivers on the premises or that causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.
 - E. The home occupation or cottage industry shall not generate any business or customer traffic (either by the business operators or customers) between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.
 - F. At least three (3), but no more than five (5), off-street parking spaces shall be provided for the home occupation or cottage industry.
 - G. No home occupation or cottage industry shall require the use of more than one vehicle for exclusive use of the business. Any vehicle used for such business that has attached to its surface a trademark, business advertisement, or other device that represents the business use shall not be parked along the street or within the required front yard setback of the property.
 - H. Not more than one non-illuminated accessory sign having a sign area of not more than two (2) square feet shall be allowed to advertise any home occupation or

cottage industry.

5.4 ***Standards Applicable to Home Occupations.*** The following standards shall apply to only home occupations.

- A. All business operations, activities, and transactions associated with the home occupation shall be conducted entirely within the dwelling unit. No business operations, activities, or transactions shall be conducted in any portion of the dwelling not approved for home occupation use by the City.
- B. The home occupation shall not occupy more than 25% of the total dwelling unit floor area. In no instance shall the total floor area devoted to a home occupation exceed five hundred (500) square feet.
- C. The home occupation shall not cause or result in any change in the outside appearance and residential character of the dwelling unit.
- D. The home occupation shall not generate more customers to the home at any point in time than can be accommodated in the improved off-street parking area on the property, and in no instance shall the total customer traffic at the home exceed more than three vehicles at a time.
- E. The home occupation shall not produce any vibrations, noises, or odors that may be discernable by the average person outside of the dwelling unit.
- F. All equipment, materials, and products of the home occupation, with the exception of one vehicle intended for business use, shall be safely and securely stored inside the dwelling unit at all times.
- G. The home occupation and dwelling unit shall comply with all applicable building and fire codes. Home occupations will not be permitted in any dwelling unit in which the primary residential use does not fully comply with the applicable requirements for the zoning district within which it is located.

5.5 ***Standards Applicable to Cottage Industries.*** The following standards shall apply to only cottage industries.

- A. No cottage industry shall be permitted on a lot smaller than three (3) acres in total land area.
- B. All business operations, activities, and transactions associated with the cottage industry shall be conducted entirely within the primary dwelling unit and/or in an accessory building on the same lot. No activities associated with a cottage industry, including materials storage, shall be located or conducted within an accessory building that is more than fifty (50) from the closest part of the

principal dwelling or less than fifty (50) feet from an adjoining property line. No business operations, activities, or transactions shall be conducted in any portion of the dwelling or lot not specifically approved by the City for cottage industry use.

- C. The cottage industry shall not occupy a total area greater than 40% of the total dwelling unit floor area or eight hundred (800) square feet, whichever is less.
- D. The cottage industry shall not cause or result in any change in the outside appearance or character of any structure on the lot.
- E. The home occupation shall not generate more customers to the home at any point in time than can be accommodated in the improved off-street parking area on the property, and in no instance shall the total customer traffic at the home exceed more than four (4) vehicles at a time.
- F. The cottage industry shall not produce any vibrations, noises, or odors that may be discernable by the average person beyond the boundaries of the lot.
- G. All equipment, materials, and products of the cottage industry, with the exception of one vehicle intended for business use, shall be safely stored inside a secured structure on the lot.
- H. The cottage industry and dwelling unit shall comply with all applicable building and fire codes. Cottage industries will not be permitted in any structure which does not fully comply with all applicable requirements for the zoning district within which it is located.

5.6 ***Expiration of Permit.*** A permit for a home occupation or cottage industry shall expire under the following conditions:

- A. Whenever the applicant ceases to occupy the structure or lot for which the home occupation or cottage industry permit was issued. No subsequent occupant of such premises shall engage in any home occupation or cottage industry until a new permit has been issued for the proposed business activity. A permit to operate a home occupation or cottage industry is not transferable to a new residence or lot.
- B. Whenever the holder of a home occupation or cottage industry permit ceases operation of the permitted business activity for any period of ninety (90) consecutive days.
- C. When the owner of a permitted home occupation or cottage industry is issued a notice of violation of this Ordinance, the owner shall cease and desist from all business operations until such time as the enforcing officer has verified, through on-site inspection, that the violation has been remedied. Failure to cease and

desist from all business operations, in accordance with this provision, shall constitute a separate violation. If the owner fails to comply with a cease and desist order, or the violation has not been remedied within fifteen (15) days of the date that the notice of violation was issued, the home occupation or cottage industry permit and business license shall expire and no resumption of business activities associated with such business may occur without first obtaining a new permit and business license.

SECTION 6 - OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

- 6.1 ***Basic design requirements for parking lots.*** Required parking spaces, as set forth below, shall provide not less than two hundred (200) square feet of total parking lot area and shall be located entirely off of street rights-of-way. Each individual parking space shall be at least eight (8) feet, six (6) inches in width. Required spaces shall have an all-weather surface, an unobstructed maneuvering space, and access lanes of adequate width leading to a street or alley. Overflow or reserve parking areas in excess of the minimum spaces required herein may be constructed of permeable surface materials, including gravel, crushed stone, or other porous pavement materials designed to serve the anticipated intensity or frequency of overflow parking and to prevent excessive soil erosion. Except for one and two-family dwellings with access from local or minor collector streets only, maneuvering and turning areas shall be provided so that no vehicles will be required to back into a street. Only vehicles in operating condition shall be allowed to occupy these spaces. The following identifies the minimum number of automobile parking spaces for specified uses. Where a particular use is not specifically mentioned, the requirements of a similar or related use shall apply. Where more than one use will be conducted on a specific site, the site shall satisfy the combined requirements of all specified uses. Required parking spaces shall include spaces designated for people with disabilities, the number and design of which shall be in accordance with the standards set forth by the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- A. *Automobile Service Stations* - Three (3) parking spaces for each grease rack, vehicle lift, or similar facility, plus one (1) for each attendant.
 - B. *Bowling Alleys* - Three (3) parking spaces for each alley.
 - C. *Churches, Theatres, Auditoriums, Stadiums or Other Places of Public Assembly* - One (1) parking space for every five (5) seats in the principal assembly room or area.
 - D. *Dwellings* - Two (2) parking spaces per dwelling unit, except that residential structures containing three (3) or more dwelling units shall have one and one-half (1 ½) parking spaces per unit.
 - E. *Hospitals, Sanitariums or Nursing Homes* - One (1) space for each four (4) beds intended for patients, plus one (1) space for each staff member employed during

the peak work shift.

- F. *Manufactured Home Parks* - Two (2) parking spaces located on each manufactured home site, plus one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) parking space per site to be located so as to serve the parking needs of visitors to the park and of occupants who have more than two automobiles. However, for each manufactured home space that fronts along a private road that does not provide through-traffic service, the minimum space required for each off-street parking space on the lot shall be reduced to one hundred two (102) square feet, and the requirement to provide off-street space for vehicle turn-around without backing into the street shall be waived.
- G. *Motels and Hotels* - One (1) parking space for each room leased for guest accommodation, plus one (1) additional space per full-time equivalent employee during the peak work shift.
- H. *Offices, or Professional or Public Buildings* - One (1) parking space for each two hundred fifty (250) square feet of gross floor area. Travel lanes for drive-through services shall not be included in the minimum area required for the parking lot.
- I. *Private Club or Lodge* - One (1) space for each two-hundred (200) square feet of gross floor area.
- J. *Restaurant or Other Eating Place* - One (1) parking space for every five (5) seats. Travel lanes for drive-through services shall not be included in the minimum area required for the parking lot.
- K. *Retail, Wholesale, or Services* - One (1) parking space for each two-hundred (200) square feet of gross floor area devoted to trade or service activity (including inventory storage space and administrative office space). Travel lanes for drive-through services shall not be included in the minimum area required for the parking lot.
- L. *Rooming Houses, Boarding Houses, and Bed and Breakfast Inns* - One (1) parking space for each rental room, plus two (2) spaces for each resident manager unit.
- M. *Schools* - One (1) parking space for each administrative employee working at the school. Two (2) parking spaces for each classroom serving students below grade ten (10). One (1) parking space for every five (5) students of classroom seating capacity for each classroom serving students in grade ten (10) or higher.
- N. *Shopping Centers* - Four (4) parking spaces for each 1,000 square feet of area devoted to trade or service activity.

- O. *Warehousing, Manufacturing, and Industrial Establishments* – One (1) parking space for each two employees plus one (1) space for each vehicle used directly in the conduct of the enterprise.
- P. *Wholesale Establishments* - One (1) parking space for every one thousand (1,000) square feet of gross floor area.

6.2 ***Plans and Specifications Required for Off-Street Parking Spaces.*** Plans and specifications showing required off-street parking spaces, including the means of access and interior circulation, shall be submitted to the enforcing officer for review at the time of application for a Building Permit or a Certificate of Occupancy.

6.3 ***Location of Parking Spaces.***

- A. Except for one and two family dwelling units, if required parking spaces cannot be provided on the same lot on which the principal use is conducted, such spaces may be provided on adjoining off-street property, provided that the required spaces are located no further than four hundred (400) feet from the main entrance of the principal use. Such parking spaces shall be associated with the permitted use and shall not thereafter be reduced or encroached upon in any manner.
- B. Parking spaces designated for use by people with disabilities shall be located in close proximity to the main entrance of the building with which they are associated, in accordance with the standards set forth by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

6.4 ***Truck Parking Restrictions.*** No trucks larger than 3/4 ton pick-up trucks shall be permitted to park in any residential district, except that a truck or commercial vehicle not greater than one and one quarter (1.25) tons may be parked in an accessory structure within a residential district.

6.5 ***Joint Use of Off-Street Parking Areas.*** Nothing in this Ordinance shall be construed to prevent the joint use of an off-street parking area or facility by two or more buildings or uses if the total of such spaces, when used together, shall not be less than the sum of the requirements for the various individual uses or buildings computed separately.

6.6 ***Landscaping.*** All paved surface parking lots containing more than one hundred (100) parking spaces shall incorporate, within the paved area, landscaped islands constituting not less than ten (10) percent of the total paved portions of the parking lot. The area of any required islands shall not be counted as part of the required minimum parking area for the off-street parking lot. Landscaped islands shall be distributed broadly throughout the parking lot and designed to provide sufficient unpaved area to support healthy plant growth and root structures. Each landscaped island shall also be designed to accommodate at least one shade tree, which shall be not less than ten (10) feet tall at

planting. Shrubs, flowers, and other ornamental plants or ground cover shall be incorporated into the landscaping on each island. Special consideration shall be given to native plants and trees when selecting vegetation and additional consideration shall be given to the location of trees and tall shrubs with respect to above ground power lines, light poles, and other possible obstructions, to prevent the need for excessive pruning as the trees and shrubs grow and mature.

- 6.7 ***Plans and Specifications Required for Off-Street Loading and Unloading Spaces.*** Plans and specifications showing required loading and unloading spaces, including the means of ingress and egress and interior circulation, shall be submitted to the enforcing officer for review at the time of application for a Building Permit or Certificate of Occupancy.

6.8 ***Off-Street Loading and Unloading.***

- A. All commercial and industrial structures hereafter erected or created are required to provide and maintain adequate off-street space for loading and unloading of materials, goods, or things, and for delivery and shipping. Such off-street space shall be designed so that service and delivery vehicles may use this space without encroaching on or interfering with public use of streets and alleys by pedestrians and other vehicles. All such structures are also required to have sufficient off-street parking space for all vehicles owned, controlled, or rented by such establishment.
- B. Where any commercial or industrial structure is enlarged, or any such use is intended so that the site of the resulting occupancy comes within the scope of this section, the full amount of off-street loading space shall be provided and maintained for the structure or use in its enlarged size.
- C. Where the use of a structure or land, or any part thereof, is changed to a use requiring off-street loading space under this article, the full amount of off-street loading space shall be provided and maintained to comply with this Section.
- D. Off-street loading space shall be an area at least 12 feet wide by 45 feet long with 14-1/2 feet of vertical clearance. Off-street loading spaces shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the following schedule:
 - 1. For each retail store, storage warehouse, wholesale establishment, industrial plant, freight terminal, market, restaurant, funeral home, laundry, dry cleaning plant, or similar use which has an aggregate floor space of:
 - a. Less than 8,000 square feet - No off-street loading required, but no permit will be issued without off-street loading until the Planning Commission has approved the plot plan of the proposed structure;

- b. 8,000 square feet to less than 20,000 square feet - One space of off-street loading is required;
 - c. 20,000 square feet to less than 60,000 square feet - Two (2) spaces of off-street loading is required;
 - d. For each additional 50,000 square feet, or fraction thereof, over 60,000 square feet - One (1) additional off-street loading space is required.
 - 2. For each auditorium, convention hall, exhibition hall, hotel, office building, stadium, sanitarium, or similar use which has an aggregate gross floor area of:
 - a. Less than 10,000 square feet - No off-street loading required, but no permit will be issued without off-street loading until the Planning Commission has approved the plot plan of the proposed structure;
 - b. 10,000 square feet to less than 40,000 square feet - One (1) space of off-street parking is required;
 - c. For each additional 50,000 square feet, or fraction thereof, over 40,000 square feet - One (1) additional off-street loading space is required.
 - 3. For any use not specifically mentioned herein, the off-street loading requirements specified above for the most similar use shall apply.
- E. No area or facility supplied to meet the required off-street parking facilities shall be utilized for or deemed to meet the requirements of this article for off-street loading facilities.
- F. Nothing in this article shall prevent the collective, joint, or combined provision of off-street loading facilities for two or more buildings or uses, provided that such off-street loading facilities are equal in size and capacity to the combined requirements of the several buildings or uses and are so located and arranged as to be usable thereby.
- G. Plans for buildings or uses requiring off-street loading facilities under the provisions of this article shall clearly indicate the location, dimensions, clearance, and access of all such required off-street loading facilities.
- 6.9 ***Emergency Vehicle Access.*** The enforcing officer shall require, at the specific request of the Police Chief or Fire Chief, separate additional emergency vehicle access lanes, if

deemed necessary to provide for adequate emergency vehicle access to the principal structures on the property. Where required, emergency vehicle access lanes shall be located as close as possible to the main entrance of the principal structures of the property, shall be at least 15 feet in width, and shall be visibly designated for exclusive emergency use, either by painting, appropriate signage, or both.

- 6.10 ***Continuing Character of Obligation.*** Required off-street parking and loading spaces associated with newly erected or altered buildings or newly established uses of land shall be a continuing obligation of the owner of said building or land so long as the structure or use exists or its use requiring such parking or loading facilities continues. Apart from the discontinuance, sale, or transfer of the building or use, it shall be unlawful for said owner to discontinue, change, dispense with, or cause the discontinuance or change of the required vehicle parking or loading space without establishing alternative vehicle parking or loading space which meets the requirements of and is in compliance with this Ordinance; or for any person to use a building or lot without providing vehicle parking or loading spaces which meet the requirements of and are in compliance with this Ordinance.

SECTION 7 - ACCESSORY RESIDENTIAL UNITS

Technological and medical advances have made it possible for people to live longer lives and to live more independently than ever before. At the same time, a declining number of children must provide care and support for an expanding elderly population, despite increased work demands to make ends meet. The City of Lineville understands the demands faced by working adults, and seeks to provide an option for families to provide special and convenient care for elderly and handicapped members. The purpose of this Section is to establish basic standards for the development of accessory residential units to provide a semi-independent living environment for family members who require special care and support from the primary household. Such a unit would provide greater privacy and personal freedom than an added bedroom within the primary dwelling, but would not create an additional independent living unit that would alter the character of the original single family structure and the surrounding neighborhood. However, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to require the creation of an accessory residential unit to provide in-home care for an elderly or handicapped family member. Accessory residential units shall be allowed only for single family dwellings,

- 7.1 ***Incomplete facilities for exclusive personal use.*** The purpose of this provision is to provide opportunities for families to provide essential on-site care and support for elderly and handicapped members, not to provide opportunities for families to create independent rental units for general leasing. Therefore, accessory residential units must be designed to prevent independent use. All accessory residential units must lack either complete kitchen facilities or bathroom facilities for exclusive personal use. An incomplete kitchen must lack either a convection oven/stove or a kitchen sink. An incomplete bathroom must lack either a toilet or shower/bathtub. The remaining kitchen or bathroom facilities necessary to serve the accessory residential unit must be provided within the primary dwelling unit. The applicant shall provide evidence that the sewage disposal

needs of the additional accessory bedroom(s) can be satisfied by the existing sewage service. No separate meters for utility service shall be established or provided for any accessory residential unit.

- 7.2 ***Maximum floor area.*** Accessory residential units shall contain not more than five hundred (500) gross square feet or twenty-five (25) percent of the total improved floor area of the primary residential dwelling, whichever is less.
- 7.3 ***Leasing agreement prohibited.*** No accessory residential unit shall be leased to a tenant through any formal leasing agreement or contract. Any reimbursement arrangements for use of the unit or support services provided to the tenant shall be on an informal and incidental basis.
- 7.4 ***Contained within primary dwelling.*** An accessory residential unit must be attached to (by a common wall) or contained within the primary dwelling unit on a property. No accessory structure or outbuilding on the lot may be used or modified to serve as an accessory residential unit. Not more than one (1) exterior entrance to an accessory residential unit shall be permitted.
- 7.5 ***Limit on number of units.*** Where permitted, no more than one (1) accessory residential unit shall be allowed per primary dwelling.
- 7.6 ***No change in character of structure.*** An accessory residential unit shall be designed to cause no apparent change in the exterior residential character or appearance of the primary dwelling unit.
- 7.7 ***Documentation of need.*** Accessory residential units are intended to serve specific family or household needs that would be better satisfied by the creation of a semi-independent living environment. Applicants who desire to construct an accessory residential unit shall submit a written statement to the Code Enforcement Officer describing the need that will be served by the accessory residential unit.

SECTION 8 - SIGN REGULATIONS

- 8.1 ***Purpose of Sign Regulations.*** The public has a legitimate interest and concern in the construction, maintenance, and regulation of outdoor advertising within the City. While Lineville acknowledges the legitimate public need for business visibility, local businesses must also recognize the legitimate public need for a beautiful and uncluttered community and the City's legitimate need to ensure safe traffic circulation on City streets. Many communities can attest that excessive, competing signage along public streets can create visual clutter, which makes it difficult for motorists to see traffic control and highway safety signs and to know where entrances to adjoining businesses are located. The City also has determined that excessive, competing signage can divert motorist attention from the highway, which contributes to traffic accidents. Therefore, Lineville has determined that it is desirable to

prescribe the manner of sign construction and to compel the use of safe materials; limit the number, type, surface area, height, and location of signs; and require clean and sanitary maintenance of signs in order to protect and promote the public health, safety, and welfare of the community. Further, these sign regulations are intended to lessen hazards to pedestrian and vehicular traffic; preserve property values; prevent unsightly and detrimental development which has a blighting influence upon the community; and, in general, preserve the character and aesthetic quality of the various zones within the City.

- 8.2 **Sign Terms Defined.** The following sign terms, when used in this Ordinance, shall have the meanings defined by this section.
- A. **Abandoned sign.** A sign which no longer identifies or advertises a bona fide business, leaser, service, product, or activity, and/or for which no legal owner can be found.
 - B. **Advertiser.** Any person, corporation, or other entity that seeks to convey a visual or audio message to the public.
 - C. **Animated sign.** Any sign which all or any part thereof visibly moves, imitates movement, or changes appearance in any fashion whatsoever.
 - D. **Awning.** A shelter projecting from and supported by the exterior wall of a building constructed of non-rigid materials on a supporting framework.
 - E. **Awning Sign.** A sign painted on, printing on, or attached flat against the surface of an awning.
 - F. **Balloon sign.** Any device which is inflated by gas or air and intended to serve as a sign or to direct attention to a specific property or location.
 - G. **Banner sign.** A temporary sign intended to be hung either with or without a frame or suspended from wires, cables, or rope. Banners generally possess letters, characters, illustrations, or ornamentations applied to paper, plastic, or fabric. Banners shall include pennants, but shall not include official flags of a government entity or political subdivision.
 - H. **Beacon or searchlight.** Any light with one or more beams (including laser beams), which may be stationary, moving, or rotating, directed into the atmosphere or directed at one or more points not on the same property as the light source.
 - I. **Billboard.** Any sign owned by a person, corporation, or other entity that is erected for the purpose of selling, leasing, or donating the display space on that sign to an advertiser.

- J. ***Building***. Any structure having a roof and intended for the shelter, housing, or protection of persons, animals, or property.
- K. ***Building Inspector***. The building inspector or his designated representative.
- L. ***Building nameplate***. A small memorial plaque, usually composed of metal or wood, affixed flush to an exterior wall near the main entrance of a building and bearing the name of the building or occupant, the date of construction, and/or the persons, entities, or corporations that financed its construction.
- M. ***Canopy***. Any permanent roof-like structure projecting from the wall surface of a building or structure, generally located at or below the roof line and designed to provide shelter from the elements. A canopy shall include all structures commonly known as awnings and marquees.
- N. ***Canopy sign***. Any sign attached to or made part of the front, top, or side of a canopy.
- O. ***Changeable Copy Sign (Automatic)***. A sign on which a copy changes automatically on a lampbank or through mechanical means, e.g. electrical or electronic time and temperature units.
- P. ***City***. Unless the context clearly discloses a contrary intent, the word “City” shall mean the City of Lineville.
- Q. ***Clearance (of a sign)***. The smallest vertical distance between the grade of the adjacent street or street curb and the lowest point of any sign, including framework and embellishments extending over that grade.
- R. ***Construction Sign***. A temporary sign identifying an architect, contractor, subcontractor, and/or material supplier participating in construction on the property on which the sign is located.
- S. ***Copy***. The permanent or removable wording and/or graphics placed upon, painted upon, or bonded to the display surface of a sign.
- T. ***Directional/Information Sign***. An on-premise sign giving directions, instructions or facility information and which may contain the name or logo of an establishment but no advertising copy, e.g., parking or exit and entrance signs.
- U. ***Double-Faced Sign***. A sign with two faces.

- V. ***Electrical Sign.*** A sign or sign structure in which electrical wiring, connections or fixtures are used.
- W. ***Electronic Message Center.*** See “Changeable Copy Sign, Automatic”
- X. ***Erect a sign.*** To build, construct, attach, hang, place, suspend, paint, or affix a sign.
- Y. ***Exempt sign.*** A sign made exempt from a sign permit, in accordance with Subparagraph 7.4 (Signs Exempt from Sign Permits) of this Section.
- Z. ***Façade.*** The entire building front including the parapet
- AA. ***Face of Sign.*** That portion of a sign upon which the copy is placed, attached, bonded, or painted.
- AB. ***Festoons.*** A string of ribbons, tinsel, small flags, or pinwheels.
- AC. ***Flashing sign.*** Any lighted sign or sign containing a reflective surface which changes color, twinkles, or flashes regularly or intermittently. Flashing signs shall not include signs displaying the current time and temperature, as permitted by the City Council, or traffic control signs.
- AD. ***Freestanding sign.*** Any permanent sign that is either mounted independently upon the ground or supported by one or more columns or poles, and independent of support from any other building or structure on the site. Freestanding signs shall include, but shall not be limited to, all signs commonly known as ground signs, pole signs, pylon signs, A-frame signs, sandwich signs, and billboards.
- AE. ***Frontage.*** The length of the property line of any one premise along a public right of way which it borders.
- AF. ***Frontage, Building.*** The length of an outside building wall on a public right of way.
- AG. ***Government Sign.*** Any temporary or permanent sign erected and maintained by the City, County, State, or Federal Government for traffic direction or for designation of or direction to any school, hospital, historical site, or public service, property, or facility.
- AH. ***Hanging sign.*** Any sign which is attached to and projects down or dangles from a roof, canopy, or projecting brace that is attached to the face of an exterior building wall.

- AI. ***Height (of a Sign)***. The vertical distance measured from the highest point of the sign, including embellishments to the grade of the adjacent street, or the surface grade beneath the sign, whichever is less (compare “Clearance”).
- AJ. ***Historic marker***. A sign prepared in accordance with National Trust for Historic Preservation guidelines and approved by the City Council which identifies an historic landmark or district on the property. Such sign may contain a narrative describing the historic significance of the landmark or district.
- AK. ***Identification Sign***. A sign whose copy is limited to the name and address of a building, institution, or person and/or to the activity or occupation being identified.
- AL. ***Illegal Sign***. A sign which does not meet the requirements of this code and which has not received legal non-conforming status.
- AM. ***Illuminated Sign***. A sign with an artificial light source incorporated internally or externally for the purpose of illuminating the sign.
- AN. ***Incidental Sign***. A small sign, emblem, or decal informing the public of goods, facilities, services available on the premises, e.g., a credit card sign or a sign indicating hours of business.
- AO. ***Lot***. A parcel of land legally defined on a subdivision map recorded with the assessment department or land registry office, or a parcel of land defined by a legal record or survey map.
- AP. ***Maintenance***. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the cleaning, painting, repair, or replacement of defective parts of a sign in a manner that does not alter the basic copy, design, or structure of the sign.
- AQ. ***Mansard***. A sloped roof or roof like façade architecturally comparable to a building wall.
- AR. ***Marquee***. A permanent roof like structure or canopy of rigid materials supported by the extending from the façade of a building. (compare “Awning”)
- AS. ***Nameplate***. A non-electric on-premise identification sign giving only the name, address, and/or occupation of an occupant or group of occupants.
- AT. ***Nonconforming Sign***. (1) A sign which was erected legally but which does not comply with subsequently enacted sign restrictions and regulations. (2) A sign which

does not conform to the sign code requirements but for which a special permit has been issued.

- AU. **Number of signs.** For the purpose of determining the number of signs, each sign shall be considered a single display surface or display device containing elements organized, related, and composed to form a unit. Where copy is displayed in a random manner without organized relationship of elements, each element shall be considered a single sign. A multi-sided sign shall be considered one sign.
- AV. **Occupancy.** The portion of a building or premises owned, leased, rented, or otherwise occupied for a given use.
- AW. **Off-Premise Sign.** A sign structure advertising an establishment, merchandise, service, or entertainment, which is not sold, produced, manufactured, or furnished at the property on which said sign is located, e.g., "billboards" and "outdoor advertising".
- AX. **On-Premise Sign.** A sign which pertains to the use of the premises on which said sign is located.
- AY. **Owner.** A person recorded as such on official records. For the purpose of this Ordinance, the owner of property on which a sign is located is presumed to be the owner of the sign unless facts contrary are officially recorded or otherwise brought to the attention of the Administrator, e.g., a sign leased from a sign company.
- AZ. **Painted Wall Sign.** Any sign which is applied with paint or similar substance on the face of a wall.
- BA. **Parapet.** The extension of a false front or wall above a roof line.
- BB. **Permanent Sign.** Any sign, other than a temporary sign, designed with a permanent display face. If a sign face is permanent but the copy displayed is subject to periodic changes, that sign shall still be regarded as permanent.
- BC. **Person.** For the purposes of this Ordinance, any individual, corporations, association, firm, partnership, or similarly defined interest.
- BD. **Point of Purchase Display.** Advertising of a retail item accompanying its display, e.g., an advertisement on a product dispenser.
- BE. **Pole Cover.** Covers enclosing or decorating poles or other structural supports of a sign.

- BF. ***Portable sign.*** Any sign that is not attached to a stationary object or structure that has a footing or that is not implanted beneath the surface of the soil. Such signs are commonly mounted on wheels or a frame that rests upon the ground. Portable signs shall include vehicles or portions of vehicles upon which signs or sign copy have been affixed that are permanently parked or displayed in one or more locations to serve exclusively as a business advertisement.
- BG. ***Premises.*** A parcel of land with its appurtenances and buildings which, because of its unity of use, may be regarded as the smallest conveyable unit of real estate.
- BH. ***Principal Use Sign.*** An attached, free-standing or structural sign pertaining only to the advertising, announcing, or describing of the principal use of the premises upon which it is displayed. Principal use signs may be located to within, but no closer than ten (10) feet of any property line.
- BI. ***Projecting sign.*** Any sign containing not more than two (2) faces, that is affixed directly to the exterior wall of a building or structure or to a solid brace or frame that is attached to the exterior wall of a building or structure in such a manner that the sign face extends outward from the wall surface.
- BJ. ***Real Estate Sign.*** A temporary sign advertising the real estate upon which the sign is located as being for rent, lease, or sale.
- BK. ***Roofline.*** The top edge of a roof or building parapet, whichever is higher, excluding any cupolas, pylons, chimneys, or minor projections.
- BL. ***Roof Sign.*** Any sign that is mounted upon, affixed to, or painted upon the roof of a building or structure or that extends above the building or structure roof line.
- BM. ***Rotating sign.*** Any sign in which the sign itself or any portion of the sign moves in a revolving or similar manner.
- BN. ***Sign.*** Any identification, structure, illustration, or device, illuminated or non-illuminated, that is visible to the general public and directs attention to a product, message, service, place, activity, person, institution, business, or solicitation. A sign shall also include any emblem, painting, flag, statue, banner, pennant, balloon, or placard designed to advertise, identify, or convey information to the public.
- BO. ***Sign, Accessory.*** Shall be identified as the following:
- A. A non-illuminated professional or identification sign.
 - B. A temporary sign pertaining only to the rent, lease, development, construction of improvements, or sale of the premises upon which it is displayed.
 - C. A temporary sign pertaining to a special or unique event, such as a promotional

- campaign of a business or a political campaign, of a limited duration.
- D. A sign located on the premises of a church, institution, or club, which displays the name of and information about the same.
 - E. A directional or informational sign of a public nature which states the name or location of an incorporated or unincorporated community, gives information or directions to vehicular traffic, or otherwise transmits essential information to the public on behalf of a government entity.
 - F. A directional or informational sign of a quasi-public nature which states the name or location of a public or private institution.
- BP. ***Sign Area.*** (1) Projecting and freestanding: The area of a freestanding or projecting sign shall have only one (1) face (the largest one) of any double or multi-faced sign counted in calculating its area. The area of the sign shall be measured as follows if the sign is composed of one or more individual cabinets:
- a. The area around and enclosing the perimeter of each cabinet or module shall be summed and then totaled to determine total area. The perimeter of measurable area shall not include embellishments such as pole covers, framing, decorative roofing, etc., provided that there is not written advertising copy on such embellishments. No sign shall have more than four (4) sides.
- (2) Wall Signs: the area shall be within a single, continuous perimeter composed of any straight line geometric figure which encloses the extreme limits of the advertising message. The combined areas of the individual figures shall be considered the total sign area.
- BQ. ***Sign, Attached.*** Any non-movable sign of durable construction and materials supported by, attached to, painted upon, or otherwise structurally dependent upon another structure or building for support or display surface.
- BR. ***Sign, Outdoor Advertising.*** An attached or free-standing outdoor advertising structure for the purpose of conveying some information or knowledge to the public.
- BS. ***Sign structure.*** Any construction used or designed to support a sign.
- BT. ***Snipe sign.*** A sign of any material that is attached in any way to a utility pole, tree, fence, rock, or other similar object located on public or private property. Snipe signs shall not include real estate, political, yard sale, "beware," "keep out," "posted," "private property," or "no trespassing" signs.
- BU. ***Subdivision Identification Sign.*** A freestanding or wall sign identifying a recognized subdivision, condominium complex, or residential development.
- BV. ***Temporary sign.*** Any sign fabricated of paper, plywood, fabric, window whitewash, or other light, impermanent material and intended to be displayed for a limited duration. A temporary sign may be made of any material deemed safe and

appropriate by the building inspector, provided that all other provisions of this Ordinance are met. If a sign display area is permanent but the message displayed is subject to periodic changes, that sign shall not be regarded as temporary.

- BW. **Traffic control sign.** A sign or electronic device, such as a traffic signal or signs denoting stop, danger, handicap parking, one-way traffic, no parking, fire lane, etcetera, for the purpose of directing or regulating the movement of traffic and/or pedestrians.
- BX. **Under Canopy Sign.** A sign suspended beneath a canopy, ceiling, roof, or marquee.
- BY. **Use.** The purpose for which a building, lot, sign, or structure is intended, designed, occupied, or maintained.
- BZ. **Wall sign.** Any sign displaying only one (1) face that is mounted flat upon, affixed flat to, or painted upon an exterior wall surface of a building or structure and is located entirely below the roof line.
- CA. **Window sign.** A temporary sign placed inside or upon a building or structure window and intended to be seen from the exterior of the building or structure.
- 8.3 **Signs Exempt from Sign Permits.** The following signs are exempt from required sign permits and all associated fees, and are permitted in accordance with the standards contained within this section and any other applicable provisions of these sign regulations. All exempt signs are permitted in any district if related to a permitted activity on a lot.
- A. **Historic markers.** Where approved by the City Council.
 - B. **Traffic control signs.** Such sign may include legal notices required by law; warning signs and no trespassing signs; identification, informational, or directional signs erected by any governmental agency or public utility.
 - C. **Directional or information signs.** Such sign may indicate bus stops, taxi stands, off-street parking or loading facilities; other signs required for the control of vehicular or pedestrian traffic; restroom identification and direction; drive-thru window direction; telephone identification; and similar directional information. Such signs shall not exceed four (4) square feet in total sign area. Directional or information signs of a public nature, defined under Section 7.2 of this Ordinance, may be located anywhere, including within a public right-of-way.
 - D. **Flags.** Any official flag of a government entity and banners of a religious, charitable or fraternal organization. This exemption shall include the supporting device or flag pole. However, no property shall display more than four (4) flags without prior approval from the City Council.

- E. *Artistic displays.* Such display may include decorative or architectural features of a building; public art works or displays; and similar artistic displays.
- F. *Real estate or rental signs.* Each property may have up to one (1) non-illuminated real estate or rental sign, containing a maximum of two (2) sign faces in compliance with the following requirements:
 1. The maximum sign area shall not exceed six (6) square feet for signs in a residential zone or twelve (12) square feet for signs in a non-residential zoning district.
 2. Multiple listing strips, sale pending, and sold signs shall be allowed when attached to the real estate sign, as long as the combined sign area does not exceed the maximum allowed in subparagraph "1" above.
 3. One (1) on-premise 'open house' or 'open for inspection' sign, not exceeding six (6) square feet in sign area, may be allowed per property. Similar off-premise signs for directional purposes shall be allowed within the public right-of-way at subdivision entrances or on other private properties with the consent of the property owner. These signs must be removed when the premises are no longer open for inspection.
 4. All real estate signs shall be removed when ownership or occupancy of the property has changed and the property is no longer listed for sale, lease, or rent.
- G. *Construction site identification sign.* Each construction site shall be allowed to erect not more than one (1) non-illuminated, single face, temporary construction sign on a property which has been authorized for construction by the issuance of a zoning permit. Said sign shall be freestanding, and the sign area shall not exceed twenty (20) square feet within any residential zone or thirty-two (32) square feet within any non-residential zoning district. Construction signs must be set back at least ten (10) feet from all property lines. The sign may include the names of the persons and firms performing services or labor, or supplying materials for the construction project. Any temporary construction sign shall be removed before any building or structures built on the property may be occupied. Temporary construction signs for residential developments shall be allowed to remain erect until seventy-five (75) percent of the total residential lots have been sold, or until a permanent identification sign has been erected, whichever occurs first.
- H. *Window signs.* Properties not located within a residential zoning district (AG, R-1, R-2, R-3, and MHP) may display window signs, provided that the sign area of any individual window sign shall not exceed fifteen (15) square feet and no more than thirty (30) percent of the total surface area of any window may be obscured by window signs.

- I. *Political signs.* Temporary political signs advertising campaigns of candidates for political offices or advertising, proposing, opposing, or relating views or positions upon a political question appearing or to appear upon an official election ballot may be erected in connection with elections or political campaigns. No political signs shall be allowed within or upon a public right-of-way. Within residential districts (AG, R-1, R-2, R-3, and MHP) only one (1) sign per candidate or political issue may be placed upon any single lot of record. Within all other regular zoning districts, not more than two (2) signs per candidate or political issue may be placed on any single lot of record. The total sign area for any political sign shall not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet. Political signs shall not be erected more than ninety (90) days prior to the date of the election, whether general or special, for which the person or issue advertised will appear on the ballot. Such signs must be removed within fifteen (15) days after the date of the election or run-off election (if necessary) has occurred.
- J. *Garage or yard sale sign.* A temporary sign advertising the sale of personal property on a lot may be erected on the lot where the sale is to take place. Such signs shall not exceed four (4) square feet in sign area and shall be displayed only on the day immediately prior to and day(s) during which the sale is conducted.
- K. *Special event sign and decorations.* A temporary sign indicating a special event such as a grand opening, traveling public exhibits, fair, carnival, circus, festival, personal announcements of births, marriages, birthdays, or similar events may be erected on the lot where the event is to take place, provided that such signs do not exceed twelve (12) square feet in area, and the sign is installed not more than thirty (30) days prior to the event and removed not more than ten (10) days after the event has occurred. Decorative flags, banners, and bunting shall be allowed only for city-wide celebrations, conventions, and commemorations when specifically authorized by the Mayor and City Council. This exemption also shall apply to decorative lights and displays celebrating any legal holiday.
- L. *Entrance/exit signs.* Entrance and/or exist signs which have a maximum sign face length of three (3) feet, a maximum sign face height of one-and-one-half (1.5) feet, and a total maximum sign height of two (2) feet. Only one (1) entrance/exit sign shall be allowed per curb cut. Entrance/exit signs shall not be allowed in residential zones or for any single or two-family residential uses located within any zoning district.
- M. *Farm information signs.* Such sign may include farm logos or product information affixed to vehicles, equipment, buildings, silos, and tanks, and similar non-freestanding agricultural displays.
- N. *Vehicle signs.* Such sign may depict identifying name, business, product, service, logo, and similar information painted or otherwise affixed to a registered vehicle that is in operating condition and is used regularly for business transportation. This exemption shall not apply to vehicles or portions of vehicles that are permanently parked in one or more locations to serve exclusively as a business advertisement.

- O. *Building nameplates.* Not more than one (1) nameplate per non-residential building, which shall not exceed six (6) square feet in total sign area.
- P. *Legal notices and official instruments.* Legal notices and instruments required by a government or public regulatory entity to be posted or displayed shall be exempt from all aspects of these regulations. And any sign relating to a public emergency.
- Q. *Residential family name and/or house number signs.* A sign of less than two (2) square feet in area located on a parcel of property used for residential purposes, if that sign announces the name of the occupants or the street number of the property only.

8.4 ***Sign Prohibitions.*** Except where qualified below, the following signs are specifically prohibited throughout Lineville:

- A. Any sign or advertising structure which, by reason of location, position, shape, or color, interferes with, obstructs the view of, resembles, or can be confused with an authorized traffic control sign, signal, or device, or which incorporates the words "stop," "look," "danger," "turn back," or any other word, phrase, or symbol or character that would interfere with, mislead, or confuse motorists.
- B. Any sign incorporating any noisy mechanical device (whistles, horns, sirens, or any other noisy audible devices) or emitting smoke or steam.
- C. Any sign of any type or support thereof placed, extending, or projecting into or upon a public right-of-way, except as expressly authorized.
- D. Animated or revolving signs.
- E. Any sign located so that it substantially interferes with the view necessary for motorists to proceed safely through intersections or to enter onto or exit from public streets or private drives.
- F. Any sign or flag with illegal, obscene, or prurient words, scenes, or graphics.
- G. Any sign that blocks another sign, fire escape, door, window, parking or loading aisle or space.
- H. Any sign that is abandoned, damaged, or not in a structurally safe condition and good state of repair.
- I. Roof signs.
- J. Portable signs.

- K. Beacons or searchlights.
- L. Flashing signs and video signs.
- M. Banners, pennants, festoons, unless approved by the Mayor or City Council for a grand opening or a city-wide celebration, convention, or legal holiday.
- N. Balloon signs.
- O. Snipe signs or signs attached to trees, telephone poles, public benches, streetlights, or placed on any public property or public right of way.
- P. Signs placed on vehicles or trailers which are parked or located for the primary purpose of displaying said sign (this does not apply to allowed portable signs or to signs or lettering on buses, taxis, or vehicles operating during the normal course of business).
- Q. Signs imitating or resembling official traffic or government signs or signals.
- R. Signs may be double-faced, but shall not be two sign faces side by side nor be V-shaped.

8.5 ***Permit Requirements***

- A. *Sign Permit.* Except where this chapter explicitly exempts a sign, all signs erected shall require a sign permit issued by the City Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer. From and after the effective date of this Ordinance, no sign of any type shall be erected, constructed, painted, altered, moved, or repaired within the City of Lineville, Alabama, unless all the applicable provisions of this Ordinance are met, and until a valid sign permit therefor has been issued by the City Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer. In addition, whether a sign is exempt or not, city building and electrical codes may require additional permits. No sign permit shall be required for routine maintenance or painting of a permitted or pre-existing, nonconforming sign, provided that such maintenance or painting activities do not alter the original format or appearance of the sign or result in any increase in the existing sign area or height of the sign. All signs must be located in accordance with the use regulations of the zoning district in which located, with the following exceptions:
 - 1. Directional or informational signs of a public nature defined in Section 7.2 may be located anywhere, including within the public right-of-way.
 - 2. Principal use signs may be located to within, but no closer than ten (10) feet of any property line.
 - 3. No outdoor advertising sign shall be located within any required yard.

- B. *Inspection.* The City Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to process applications for permits and variance as well as enforcement of all provisions of this Ordinance. The Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer is empowered, upon presentation of proper credentials, to enter or inspect any building, structure, or premises in the City for the purpose of inspection of a sign and its structural and electrical connections and to ensure compliance with all applicable codes and ordinances. Such inspections shall be carried out during regular business hours unless emergency issues otherwise.
- C. *Removal of Sign.* Any sign no longer meeting any specification of the sign permit, or changed so as to violate the terms of this Ordinance, shall be removed or made to conform to this Ordinance immediately. Any non-conforming outdoor advertising sign of a business no longer operating shall be removed within thirty (30) days of the closing date of that business, at a cost assumed by the sign owner. Temporary signs pertaining to special or unique events or promotional business or political campaigns shall be removed no later than thirty (30) days after the sign's subject event has passed.
- D. *Permit Application.* Each application for a sign permit shall include the following items:
1. Purpose and description of the sign, including the definitions used in this Ordinance, and the product, business or activity advertised.
 2. Name, signature, address, and telephone number of the property owner, authorized agent of the property owner, if any, and sign contractor.
 3. Address of the property where the sign is to be erected.
 4. Lot area, zoning, and principal land use(s) on the lot subject to erection of a sign.
 5. A complete description of the sign(s) to be erected, including, but not limited to number, type, freestanding or attached, method of illumination, on or off-premises display, and setbacks.
 6. A dimensioned sketch of the sign and a plot plan showing the location of each sign on the lot, in relation to property and right-of-way lines, buildings, and other improvements on the property.
 7. Other details sufficient for the Code Enforcement Officer to determine compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
 8. Written consent of the owner of the property on which the sign is to be erected.
 9. Proof of bond or liability of not less than \$1,000.00 covering loss due to

construction, maintenance, or location for the duration of the sign.

10. The required application fee.
- E. *Permit Fee.* A permit fee of \$25.00 shall accompany each application for a sign permit.
- F. *Sign Contract License.* No person may engage in the business of erecting, altering, relocating, constructing, or maintaining signs without a valid business license.
- G. *Indemnification and Insurance.* All persons involved in the maintenance, installation, alteration, or relocation of signs near or upon any public right of way or property shall agree to hold harmless and indemnify the City, its officers, agents, and employees against any and all claims of negligence resolution from such work insofar as this Ordinance has not specifically directed the placement of a sign. All persons involved in the maintenance, installation, alteration, or relocation of signs shall maintain all required insurance and shall file with the state a satisfactory certificate of insurance to indemnify the state, county, or city against any form of liability to a minimum of \$1,000,000.00.

8.6 ***Processing Requirements and Options***

- A. *Issuance and Denial.* The Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a permit and permit sticker for the erection, alteration, or relocation of a sign within five (5) days of receipt of a valid application, provide that the sign complies with all applicable laws and regulations of the City. In all applications, where a matter of interpretation arises, the more specific definition or higher standard shall prevail. When a permit is denied by the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer, the official shall give a written notice to the applicant along with a brief statement of the reason for denial. The Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer may suspend or revoke an issued permit for any false statement or misrepresentation of fact in the application.
- B. *Permit Conditions, Refunds, and Penalties.* If a permit is denied, the permit fee will be refunded the applicant. A permit issued by the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer becomes null and void if work is not commenced within ninety (90) days of issuance. If work authorized by the permit is suspended or abandoned for ninety (90) days, the permit must be renewed with an additional payment of the original application fee. If any sign is installed or placed on any property prior to receipt of a permit, the specified permit fee shall be doubled. However, payment of the doubled fee shall not relieve any person of any other requirements or penalties prescribed in the Ordinance.
- C. *Variances.* In obtaining a permit, the applicant may apply to the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer for a variance from certain requirements of this Ordinance. A variance may be granted by the Board of Adjustments and Appeals where the literal application of this Ordinance would create a particular hardship for the sign user and

the following criteria are met:

1. A literal application of the Ordinance would not allow the property to be used at its highest and best use as zoned.
2. The granting of the requested variance would not be materially detrimental to the property owners in the vicinity.
3. Hardship caused the sign user under a literal interpretation of the Ordinance is due to conditions unique to that property and does not apply generally to the City.
4. The granting of the variance would not be contrary to the general objectives of this Ordinance.

In granting a variance, the Board of Adjustments may attach additional requirements necessary to carry out the intention and purpose of this Ordinance in the public interest.

8.7 *Construction Specifications*

All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of the International Building Code and the National Electrical Code. All signs shall be designed, sized, and located to be in keeping or to harmonize with the improvements or zoning on the property or nearby properties, and shall not be a traffic hazard.

A. *Anchoring.*

1. No sign shall be suspended by non-rigid attachments that will allow the sign to swing in the wind.
2. All freestanding signs shall have self-supporting structures erected on or permanently attached to concrete foundations.
3. All portable signs on display shall be braced and secured to prevent motion.

B. *Wind Loads.* All signs shall be designed and constructed to withstand a wind pressure of forty (40) pounds per square foot. Signs shall not be erected or maintained upon trees, or painted or drawn upon rocks or other natural features.

C. *Lighting.* Unless otherwise specified by this Ordinance, all signs may utilize an exposed incandescent lamp without an external reflector and without a sunscreen or comparable diffusion. Sign lighting should be kept minimal and no lights shall be permitted to flash, blink, or shimmer; except for structures indicating time or temperature.

D. *Additional Construction Specifications.*

1. No signs shall be erected, constructed, or maintained so as to obstruct any fire escape, required exit, window, or door opening used as a means of egress.
2. No sign shall be attached in any form, shape, or manner which will interfere with any opening required for ventilation.
3. Signs shall be located in such a way as to maintain horizontal and vertical clearance of all overhead electrical conductors in depending on voltages concerned.

8.8 ***Treatment of Abandoned Signs and Signs Advertising Abandoned Uses, Products, or Services.***

- A. *Abandoned Uses.* Any sign copy or billboard copy identifying or announcing a use or business activity that has been abandoned, closed, or relocated, or which advertises a product, service, or entertainment the production, sale, or provision of which has been discontinued or canceled, shall be removed within six (6) calendar months of the date of abandonment or discontinuance.
- B. *Blank Signage.* If a sign face is left blank for a continuous period of one hundred twenty (120) days, that sign shall be considered abandoned, and within 30 days after abandonment the owner of the property where the sign is located shall cause the sign to be removed or replace the sign face or copy with an appropriate display or advertisement.

8.9 ***Nonconforming Signs.***

- A. *Grandfather Status.* Any permanent sign legally existing on or before the date of adoption of these regulations, or any future amendment thereto, that does not conform with the requirements of these regulations may be continued and maintained provided the following requirements:
 1. The administration determine that such signs are properly maintained and do not in any way endanger the public.
 2. The sign was covered by a valid permit or variance that complied with all applicable laws on the date of adoption of this Ordinance.
- B. *Alterations.* A nonconforming sign shall not be rebuilt, expanded, or altered in a way that would increase the degree of nonconformity as it existed at the time the grandfather status was conferred. This requirement shall not be interpreted so as to prohibit proper maintenance of a nonconforming sign or changes to the copy of the sign that do not increase the existing degree of nonconformity. The sign may be disallowed if abandoned for a period of six (6) consecutive months.

- C. *Expiration.* A legal non-conforming sign shall not be rebuilt or re-established after its use has been discontinued for a period of one (1) calendar year, unless approved by the City Council.
- D. *Damage Repair.* A legal non-conforming sign which has suffered damage in excess of fifty (50) percent of the current replacement cost of the sign immediately prior to damage must be brought into conformity within six (6) calendar months of the date in which the damage was assessed, or removed, unless otherwise approved by City Council.

8.10 ***Dimensional Requirements for Permitted Signs.***

- A. *Canopy signs.* In zoning districts where permitted, canopy signs shall be allowed on the vertical faces of any canopy, awning, or marquee that is located directly above a building entranceway. Under no circumstances shall the sign face or copy of any canopy sign be allowed to extend beyond the edges of the vertical face of a canopy, awning, or marquee. In addition, the following absolute dimensional requirements shall apply.
 1. *Maximum sign area per single canopy face:* twelve (12) square feet, not to exceed twenty-five (25) percent of the surface area of an awning, or one (1) marquee front and side. Two (2) canopy or awning signs allowed per occupancy or a canopy sign and one (1) under-canopy sign per occupancy, not to exceed eight (8) square feet in sign area.
 2. *Total cumulative sign area for all sign faces on an individual canopy, awning, or marquee:* twenty (20) square feet. Incidental signs not to exceed twenty (20) square feet in aggregate sign area. One (1) portable sign allowed per business, along with permit and annual inspection.
 3. *Maximum sign face or copy height:* two (2) feet.
 4. *Maximum sign face or copy width:* six (6) feet.
- B. *Freestanding signs (or ground signs).* In zoning districts where freestanding signs are permitted, each lot of record may have not more than one (1) freestanding sign as an accessory structure to a principal use structure on the property. Freestanding signs shall be securely fastened to the ground or to some other metallic or concrete supportive structure so that there is no danger that either the sign or the supportive structure may be moved by the wind or other forces of nature and cause injury to persons or property. The City Council may approve one (1) additional freestanding sign for any existing lot of record that is accessed by more than one collector or arterial street on opposing sides of the property, not to exceed the size of the other permitted freestanding sign. Furthermore, if a development is located on a corner lot that has at least two hundred (200) feet of frontage on each of the two intersecting public streets, then the City

Council may allow not more than one freestanding sign along each side of the development site bordered by such streets. Freestanding signs shall be located as close a possible to the main traffic access to the property, but shall not be located closer than four (4) feet to the right-of-way of a public street nor closer than ten (10) feet to any property boundary. In addition, no freestanding sign shall be located less than fifty (50) feet from another freestanding sign on the same side of the street or less than one hundred (100) feet from another freestanding sign on the same property. No part of any sign shall be located within twenty-five (25) feet of the intersection of any two (2) streets or within twenty-five (25) feet of the intersection of any street and railroad, unless the sign has a minimum grade clearance of ten (10) feet and a single support not in excess of eighteen (18) inches wide, in which case the leading edge of the sign may be set back from the intersection by ten (10) feet.

1. *Maximum sign area:*

- a. thirty (30) square feet for buildings containing less than two thousand, five hundred (2,500) square feet of gross floor area;
- b. forty (40) square feet for buildings containing at least two thousand, five hundred (2,500), but less than fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet of gross floor area; and
- c. eighty (80) square feet for all buildings containing at least fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet of gross floor area. However, the City Council may increase the maximum sign area to a total sign area of not more than one hundred (100) square feet for a freestanding sign that will serve all businesses in a shopping plaza or office park containing not less than three (3) businesses.

2. *Maximum sign height, including the supporting structure and sign face:* twelve (12) feet along a street in a residential zoning district (R-1, R-2, R-3, and MHP), twenty-five (25) feet in all other districts. However, the City Council may increase the maximum height of a freestanding sign to ensure sign visibility from an adjoining public street, where the elevation of the street exceeds the elevation of the property by more than five (5) feet at the point where the freestanding sign will be erected. In no instance shall the increased height allow the top of the freestanding sign face or copy to extend more than twenty (20) feet above the nearest surface elevation of the paved street.

3. *Maximum sign face or copy height:* eight (8) feet.

4. *Maximum sign face or copy width:* ten (10) feet.

C. *Hanging and projecting signs.* In zoning districts where hanging and/or projecting signs are allowed, each building may have not more than one (1) hanging or projecting

sign per building wall that has an exterior entrance. Hanging or projecting signs may extend into a public right-of-way, but shall not extend any closer than four (4) feet to the inside face of a street curb or the outer edge of the paved travel lane of a street, whichever is applicable. Hanging or projecting signs shall be located as close as possible to said exterior building entrance in accordance with the following requirements:

1. *Maximum sign area:* twelve (12) square feet.
 2. *Maximum projection from building:* Five (5) feet.
- D. *Wall signs.* In zoning districts where wall signs are allowed, no portion of a wall sign shall extend above the building roof line or beyond the edges of the wall. In addition, no portion of a wall sign shall obscure any portion of a window or entranceway to the building. Each wall sign shall be affixed flush to the wall, and shall not project more than four (4) inches away from the wall surface, exclusive of any approved lighting fixtures. The following dimensional requirements also shall apply to all permitted wall signs:
1. *Maximum sign area of any individual wall sign:* twenty-four (24) square feet.
 2. *Maximum cumulative sign area of all wall signs on a single building:* forty-eight (48) square feet, or not more than thirty (30) percent of the surface area of an affected wall, whichever is less.
 3. *Maximum sign face or copy height:* four (4) feet.
 4. *Maximum sign face or copy width:* twelve (12) feet.
- E. *Shopping Center Signs.* In zoning districts where shopping centers are allowed, each shopping center shall be allowed a sign displaying multiple business signs, on major street frontage, which identify businesses located in the respective shopping center. However, in order to avoid signage clutter, large shopping centers with 10 or more businesses shall only display signage identifying not more than 10 businesses. Shopping Center Signs shall identify the Shopping Center at the top of the sign and list individual businesses in the area below. The following dimensional requirements shall apply to all permitted shopping center signs:
1. *Maximum sign area:* eighty (80) square feet. However, the City Council may increase the maximum sign area to a total sign area of not more than one hundred (100) square feet for a shopping center sign that will serve all businesses in a shopping plaza or office park containing not less than three (3) businesses. Each individual business may utilize a maximum of sixteen (16) square feet for signs as large as eighty (80) square feet and a maximum area of twenty (20) square feet for signs as large as one hundred (100) square feet.

2. *Maximum sign height, including the supporting structure and sign face:* twelve (12) feet along a street in a residential zoning district (R-1, R-2, R-3, and MHP), twenty-five (25) feet in all other districts. However, the City Council may increase the maximum height of a shopping center sign to ensure sign visibility from an adjoining public street, where the elevation of the street exceeds the elevation of the property by more than five (5) feet at the point where the shopping center sign will be erected. In no instance shall the increased height allow the top of the shopping center sign face or copy to extend more than twenty (20) feet above the nearest surface elevation of the paved street.
 - F. *Roof Signs.* No part of any outdoor advertising sign or principal use sign located on or attached to any part of a building shall extend above that portion of the roof line to which the sign is attached or nearest which the sign is located a distance of not more than ten (10) feet.
- 8.11 ***Signs Allowed Within Residential Zoning Districts.*** Within agricultural and residential zoning districts (AG, R-1, R-2, R-3, and MHP) the only signs that shall be allowed are those classified as exempt from these regulations under Subparagraph 7.3 of this Section and residential subdivision entrance signs in accordance with the following requirements:
- A. Permanent freestanding ground signs to residential subdivision developments may be erected at principal entrances to the project. One sign shall be permitted at each principal entrance to the development, not to exceed thirty-two (32) square feet and eight (8) feet in height as measured from the base of the sign.
 - B. Entrance signs shall be securely fastened to the ground or to some other substantial supportive structure so that there is no danger that either the sign or the supportive structure may be accidentally toppled or moved by the wind or other forces of nature and cause injury to persons or property.
 - C. Residential subdivision entrance signs shall not be illuminated, unless indirect illumination is afforded by a street light positioned at the entranceway.
 - D. Development entranceways, and, specifically, the area adjoining the entrance sign, should be appropriately landscaped and maintained to provide an attractive and inviting entrance to the subdivision.
 - E. For permitted non-residential uses, including churches, synagogues, schools, and other institutional uses, one (1) freestanding sign, not to exceed thirty-two (32) square feet and eight (8) feet in height as measured from the base of the sign.
 - F. All allowed freestanding signs shall have a setback of ten (10) feet from any public right-of-way.

8.12 ***Signs Allowed Within Non-residential Zoning Districts.*** All signs that are exempt from these regulations shall be permitted in any non-residential zoning district in accordance with the conditions specified in Subparagraph 7.3 of this Section. In addition, owners of land within a non-residential zoning district may erect any sign identified in Subparagraph 7.10 of this Section in accordance with all dimensional requirements prescribed therein. However, in no instance shall the cumulative total sign area for all signs permitted under Subparagraph 7.10 of this Section that are erected on a single lot of record exceed the limits specified below for the applicable non-residential zoning district. Where a lot of record is divided by two or more non-residential zoning districts, the cumulative total sign area limitation of the more restrictive zoning district shall apply to the entire non-residentially zoned area of the subject lot of record.

1. *B-1- General Business District.* One-hundred (100) square feet of cumulative total sign area.
2. *B-2 - Downtown Business District.* Fifty (50) square feet of cumulative total sign area.
3. *HC-1 - Highway Commercial District.* One hundred twenty (120) square feet of cumulative total sign area.
4. *IND - Industrial District.* Eighty (80) square feet of cumulative total sign area.
5. *FHA - Flood Hazard Area Zone.* The total permitted cumulative sign area allowed shall be determined by the underlying zoning district requirements.

8.13 ***Signs Allowed in Downtown Historic District (Commercial)***

The design of signs within the Downtown Historic District must be approached with care. Great importance is placed on the relationship of a sign to the façade on which it is located. A sign must be designed for careful integration with the architectural features. Its size and proportions must relate to the fenestration and detailing of the building.

Signs which are allowable under these guidelines and are visible from both the street and sidewalk will satisfy the legitimate needs of commerce without visual clutter and without interference with the views of the buildings and other signs.

- A. Signs shall be limited to those identifying the use conducted therein. Advertising by material or product manufacturers or suppliers shall not be permitted. Such existing advertising or business signs that are determined historically significant may be retained if feasible. Total area for signage allowed on sign area is not to exceed one (1) square foot for one linear foot of main street frontage. All lighting elements such as wires, conduits, junction boxes, transformers, ballasts, switches, and panel boxes shall be concealed from view as much as possible.
- B. Signs and displays for advertising or promotion are not permitted in public right of

ways.

- C. Flat signs shall be placed parallel to the building face and shall not project more than twelve (12) inches from the surface of the building and shall not exceed in area one (1) square foot per one (1) linear foot of main street frontage. In the case of corner properties with two entrance frontages, each façade is to be calculated separately as to size allowed for each. Flat signs shall be placed no higher than the bottom of the second story window where windows exist or approximately fourteen (14) feet above grade level for single story buildings. Lettering applied to ground floor show windows or entrance doors shall not exceed six (6) inches in height, and the text limited to identification of the primary business therein. Signs identifying the business occupant shall be permitted at the road entrance doors but shall not exceed six (6) square feet in size except where there is a retail shop entrance.
- D. Projecting signs shall not be permitted on any portion of any building.
- E. Painted signs on building surfaces shall not be permitted. Signs on frame backings or use of separate cut-out letters shall be permitted in accordance with the above limits for flat signs.
- F. Secondary signs shall be permitted for the identification of commercial tenants occupying the upper floors of a building. Such signs shall not exceed two (2) square feet in an area and shall not project more than two (2) inches beyond the surface of the building.
- G. Roof top sign, signs on or above the parapet of a building, billboards, or other outdoor advertising signs painted or mounted on structures, except as otherwise herein provided, shall not be permitted.
- H. Painted or sewn signs designating only the business name and address on awning or free-standing canopies are permitted, provided their total area is included in the total allowed sign area and their lettering is consistent with other signs in style and color.
- I. Sign letters and colors:
Colors—Historic colors as approved by major paint companies
Letters—Single colors on contrasting background. No more than twelve (12) inches high.

8.14 *Off-Premise Signs*

In addition to any regulations applying to signs in general, the following regulations shall apply to off-premise signs:

- A. No billboard shall be located closer than one-thousand (1,000) feet to any other billboard on the same side of any street, on the route of travel. The distance shall be

measured along the nearest edge of the pavement at points directly opposite the center of the sign and located on the same side of the street.

- B. Billboards shall not be located one above the other or side by side.
- C. No billboard located in the City shall exceed six-hundred (700) square feet in area.
- D. Billboards shall comply with the same height, setback, and spacing requirements as all other signs, unless otherwise provided for in this Ordinance or in their respective district.
- E. No billboard shall be located closer than one-hundred (100) feet to any residential district or any property used for residential purposes, unless separated from it by a street or building.
- F. The lowest portion of any billboard must be at least twelve (12) feet above grade.
- G. No billboard shall be illuminated by or contain flashing, intermittent, rotating, or moving light or lights used primarily to attract attention, including video. Excluding electronic message centers or time and temperature.
- H. All billboard fabrication shall consist of metal, whether single pole or steel beam construction, except for the skirt, which may be made of other durable material.
- I. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, billboards shall be permitted in commercial and industrial districts only. Billboards shall not be permitted in any other districts.
- J. Off-premise directional signs with a size of thirty-two (32) square feet or less shall be permitted upon appeal where spacing and setbacks are a hardship.
- K. No sign shall exceed fifty (50) feet above the ground.

8.15 **Traffic Visibility Provisions.** No permanent or temporary sign exceeding four square feet in area shall be permitted within the clear sight triangle of an intersection, as defined in Article III Section 11, Traffic Visibility at Intersections, or within fifteen feet from the front lot line. This limitation may be waived if such sign does not obstruct visibility between a height of thirty-six (36) inches and eight feet above the nearest street grade level or otherwise does not interfere with traffic visibility for entrance onto and exit from the lot and adjacent lots and the visibility of traffic flow through nearby intersections, as determined by the Code Enforcement Officer. In any event, no sign, regardless of size, height, or design shall extend into any right-of-way, except as expressly authorized.

8.16 **Construction and Maintenance of Signs.**

- A. All signs shall conform with applicable city building codes, which provide a

comprehensive set of construction standards for signs. These specifications include wind loads, vibration resistance, seismic loads, acceptable supports, allowable stresses, materials, and electrical wiring.

- B. All signs and all components thereof, including structural supports, shall be kept in a state of good repair, and routinely maintained by the owner of the sign or the owner of the premises upon which the sign is located, so as to be structurally sound, safe, legible, and similar in appearance to that specified by the most recent valid sign permit; provided that this shall not prohibit the changing of the printed matter on the face of outdoor advertising signs. Exposed surfaces shall be clean and painted, if paint is required. Defective parts shall be replaced. The Building Inspector/ Zoning Official shall have the authority under Section 7.17 of this Ordinance to order the repair or removal of any sign which is defective, damaged, or substantially deteriorated, as defined in the Building Code.
- C. The area surrounding the base of any freestanding sign shall be kept clear of all debris and undergrowth.
- D. No person may, for the purpose of increasing or enhancing the visibility of any sign, damage, trim, destroy, or remove any trees, shrubs, or other vegetation within any right-of-way (unless express written authorization is obtained from the agency having jurisdiction over the right-of-way) or on any area where landscaping is required by this chapter.

8.17 *Violations, Penalties, and Appeals*

- A. *Violations.* When, in the opinion of the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer, a violation of the Ordinance exists, the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a written order to the alleged violator. The order shall specify those sections of the Ordinance of which the individual may be in violation and shall state that the individual has thirty (30) days from the date of the order in which to correct the alleged violation or to appeal to the Board of Adjustment.

If, upon inspection, the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer finds that a sign is abandoned or structurally, materially, or electrically defective, or in any way endangers the public, the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a written order to the owner of the sign and occupant of the premises stating the nature of the violation and requiring them to repair or remove the sign within thirty (30) days of the date of order.

In cases of emergency, the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer may cause the immediate removal of a dangerous or defective sign without notice. Signs removed in this manner must present a hazard to the public safety as defined in the City Building Code or of the City Traffic Code.

- B. *Penalties.* Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance may be subject to a fine of \$100 for each week or portion thereof that the violation continues, up to a maximum fine of \$500.00.
- C. *Appeals.* Any failure to respond to an application within five (5) days of receipt or any decision rendered by the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer in denying a permit or variance or in alleging a violation of this Ordinance may be appealed to the Board of Adjustment within seven (7) days of the Building Inspector's or Code Enforcement Officer's receipt of application. The action being appealed shall be held in abeyance pending the decision of the City Council or the Board of Adjustment.

SECTION 9 - TELECOMMUNICATION TOWERS, ANTENNAS, AND SATELLITE DISHES

- 9.1 **Purpose of Regulations.** The public has a legitimate interest and concern in the placement and appearance of telecommunication towers, antennas, and satellite dishes under the Telecommunications Act of 1996, where such control does not conflict with or unreasonably constrain the legitimate right of businesses to exercise free trade. Lineville desires access to advanced technology to serve its businesses and citizens, but not at the expense of the community's overall appearance and public image. Lineville seeks to impose sensible controls on telecommunication facilities, in order to maintain the aesthetic character and charm of the community and its neighborhoods against the insensitive and uncontrolled proliferation and placement of wireless facilities. New telecommunications towers should not create a cluttered landscape or dominate the community's skyline as it is viewed from the primary highway entrances to Lineville. To that end, the City desires to partner with telecommunications firms to ensure expansion of the existing telecommunications infrastructure that will provide effective advanced communications services throughout the City and surrounding environs, commensurate with local needs, with a minimal visual impact on the character and charm of the community, and without creating impediments to free competition among wireless telecommunications providers seeking to serve the City. These regulations have been developed by the City to achieve the aforementioned objectives.
- 9.2 **Definitions.** The following sign terms, when used in this Ordinance, shall have the meanings defined by this section.
 - A. **Antenna.** An electromagnetic device which conducts radio signals, through an attached cable or wave guide, to or from a radio transmitter or receiver. "Antenna" includes devices commonly known as "whips," "panels," and "parabolic dishes." "Antenna" shall include an antenna used in conjunction with microwave, cellular, or personal communication service systems and any other type of telecommunications systems now or hereafter in use.
 - B. **Applicant.** A party or parties who apply for a permit to construct a tower, to install an antenna on a proposed or existing tower, or to locate equipment on a

- proposed or existing tower compound.
- C. ***Co-Location Site.*** A parcel of land or other site on which the antennas and related equipment of more than one party are located.
 - D. ***Communication Facilities.*** Towers, antennas, and associated equipment collectively.
 - E. ***Equipment.*** All equipment and facilities used in conjunction with one (1) or more towers and/or antennas, including, but not limited to, electronic systems, generators, fuel tanks, and fuel.
 - F. ***FAA.*** The U.S. Federal Aviation Administration.
 - G. ***FCC.*** The U.S. Federal Communications Commission.
 - H. ***Fiber-Optics.*** Light transmissions through very fine flexible glass, by internal reflection.
 - I. ***Monopole.*** Any self-supporting wooden pole, metal, or concrete pole designed to support an antenna; provided, that the word “monopole” shall not include a latticed steel or metal tower, a tower which requires guy wires for support, or a tower which has more than one (1) source of support, such as a tower with more than one (1) leg.
 - J. ***Residential Property.*** Any land which is located in a Residential Zoning District—AG, R-1, R-2, R-3, or MHP.
 - K. ***Surveyor.*** A person who is registered with, and licensed by, the State of Alabama as a surveyor.
 - L. ***Tower.*** Any structure that is designed and constructed primarily for the purpose of supporting one or more antennas, including self-supporting lattice towers, guy towers, or monopole towers. The term includes radio and television transmission towers, microwave towers, common-carrier towers, cellular telephone towers, alternative tower structures, and any other like structure used to support wireless telecommunications transmission facilities now or hereafter in use. As used in this Section, “tower” shall include any telecommunication tower installed or constructed within the City prior to the effective date of this ordinance, regardless of whether such tower is a monopole or another type of tower.
 - M. ***Tower Compound.*** A parcel of land or a building on which communication facilities are located.

9.3 ***Jurisdiction of Regulations.*** All communication facilities or structures greater than one (1) meter in size, including but not limited to those facilities known as “cellular”, “personal communication system (PCS)”, “paging services”, and similar services, shall comply with these regulations. However, the following shall be exempt from these regulations under the specified conditions:

- A. ***Public Property.*** Antennas or towers located on property owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by the City of Lineville, provided a license or lease authorizing such antenna or tower has been approved by the City Council.
- B. ***Amateur Radio or Receive-Only Antennas.*** Any tower, or the installation of any antenna that does not exceed the maximum height restriction of the applicable zoning district or seventy (70) feet—whichever is less—and is owned and operated by a federally-licensed amateur radio station operator, or is exclusively for receive-only antennas.
- C. ***Pre-Existing Communication Facilities or Towers.*** Any communication tower or antenna which was constructed prior to the effective date of these regulations and which complied with all applicable State, Federal, and Local codes, laws, and regulations in effect at the time of construction, provided, however, that all pre-existing communication facilities or towers shall submit a written request of exemption to the Code Enforcement Officer within six (6) months of the effective date of these regulations. The written request shall state the name, mailing address, business and home telephone numbers of the owner, the street address and tax parcel identification number of the property upon which the communication facilities are located, and the date upon which construction of the facilities was complete. All written requests containing the required information shall be automatically approved if received within the above specified deadline.

9.4 ***Basic Requirements and Design Considerations.*** All proposed communication facilities (towers and antennas) governed by these regulations shall comply with the following requirements and guidelines.

- A. ***Compliance with FAA Regulations.*** All proposed communication facilities shall comply with all applicable FAA requirements, including but not limited to, Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), as amended.
- B. ***Compliance with FCC Regulations.*** All proposed communication facilities shall comply with all applicable FCC requirements, including but not limited to, the Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended.
- C. ***Structural Safety.*** All proposed communication facilities shall comply with wind loading and other applicable structural standards contained in local building and technical codes, as they may be in effect and amended from time to time,

including, without limitation, the International Building Code and the Electronic Industries Association Code and any amendments thereto or replacements thereof, as may be adopted by the City Council. The City's Building Inspector or his/her designee shall determine whether a proposed communication facility will comply with this requirement.

- D. *Appearance and View Protection.* All proposed communication facilities with the exception of proposed antennas that will be co-located on a pre-existing tower shall be attractively camouflaged, disguised, or hidden in a manner that it will blend into the surrounding environment to the greatest extent possible. Examples of proper camouflaging include: designing a tower to resemble a tree, designing a monopole to look like and function as a flag pole or freestanding sign support, hiding an antenna within a church steeple, or any other effective means of disguising the appearance of a tower or antenna that may be appropriate for the setting in the area surrounding the proposed communication facility site. It shall be the burden of the applicant to document and prove that a proposed communication facility cannot be effectively camouflaged, before approval of a non-camouflaged structure may be permitted by the City. In such instances, the applicant shall explore alternative means of minimizing the visual impact of the antenna, such as installing it onto an existing telephone pole, streetlight, or building rooftop, rather than erecting a new tower specifically for the proposed antenna. However, in no instance shall a non-camouflaged communication facility be approved for a residential property.
- E. *Signs prohibited.* No signs or other forms of advertising, including signs displaying the name of the owner or user of the tower or antenna, may be attached to or depicted on a communication facility, unless the proposed facility is a new monopole specifically camouflaged and approved to serve as a permitted freestanding sign support. This prohibition shall not apply to any required warning or private property posting signs.
- F. *Construction materials.* Where applicable building codes, technical codes, and federal regulations permit flexibility in the choice of construction materials and where the selection of alternative construction materials will not compromise the structural integrity of the proposed communication facility, proposed new towers and monopoles shall be constructed of materials that have a composition, texture, and color that will most closely resemble structures and natural features that exist on and adjoining the facility site.
- G. *Health Effects.* All proposed communication facilities shall comply with all applicable FCC regulations and requirements in effect to prevent detrimental health effects from the proposed communication facilities. Under the Telecommunications Act of 1996, the City cannot deny a request to construct a communication facility on the grounds that its radio frequency or electromagnetic emissions would be harmful to the environment or the health of residents, if those

- emissions meet FCC standards.
- H. *Interference with Existing Communication Facilities.* All proposed communication facilities shall comply with all applicable FCC regulations and requirements in effect to prevent interference with existing communication facilities serving the area.
- I. *Siting Requirements for Whip Antennas.* Whip antennas shall not be allowed on a wall mounted antenna structure.
- J. *Co-location.* No new tower or monopole shall be erected on a proposed communication facility site unless the applicant can document and prove that an existing co-location site is not available or is not technically capable of serving the specific telecommunication need in the area of the proposed site. This co-location requirement may be waived by the City where the proposed antenna would create an excessively cluttered appearance on the available co-location site (thereby drawing greater visual attention to the existing antenna site or creating a more imposing obstruction to scenic views and vistas from the area) *and* the proposed new antenna would be less visible or intrusive on the surrounding area if effectively camouflaged on an alternate site.
- K. *Setback Requirements.* All proposed communication facilities and structures, including guys and accessory facilities shall satisfy the minimum setback requirements of the zoning district in which they will be sited. However, all proposed tower compounds that will be located on a residential property shall be subject to an additional setback from all property boundaries of the site equal to the height of the tower structure as measured from the finished ground level at the base or pad surface to the tallest point of the structure. If the tower compound abuts a property with an existing or approved (but not yet constructed or completed) residential use, the residential property setback requirement shall be satisfied for all property boundaries of the site that abut said existing or approved residential uses.
- L. *Lighting.* Towers may not be artificially lighted, except where required to satisfy applicable FAA regulations. Lights for security and to assist in making emergency repairs may be installed on buildings within the tower compound which contain equipment essential to the operation and maintenance of the tower. Such lights shall be shielded and directed in a downward direction from a height of not more than ten (10) feet, and no such light may exceed a maximum of one hundred fifty (150) watts. Such lights shall be located and directed so that they do not shine, reflect, or generate excessive glare onto or toward any residential property or adjoining property upon which a residential use exists or has been approved for construction.
- M. *Security Fence.* All communication facilities to be located within a proposed

tower compound shall be secured by the construction of an eight (8) foot high security fence or wall constructed, at a minimum, using chain link fencing.

- N. *Landscaping.* All proposed tower compounds must be surrounded by a landscaped buffer which shall provide an effective year-round screen to a height of at least eight (8) feet upon planting in order to screen views of the tower compound from adjacent public ways, residential properties, and properties upon which a residential use exists or has been approved for construction. The buffer shall include a landscaped strip at least four (4) feet in depth located outside of the security fence or wall. The landscaped strip shall be planted with a combination of trees, shrubs, vines, and grown covers which are capable of attaining, at maturity, a height as high as the security fence or wall and which will enhance and screen the outward appearance of the security fence. The use of native species of plants and trees are encouraged to the extent that they will satisfy the requirement for adequate year-round screening. The applicant shall provide documentation to show what forms of vegetation will be planted within the landscaped area and how the area will be effectively maintained to ensure the long-term health of the plantings. Such documentation shall include the name, mailing address, and business telephone number of the party who shall be responsible for the maintenance and repair of the communication facilities and any fences, walls, and landscaped buffer areas. If the person or party responsible for such maintenance and repair changes any time after approval has been issued, the owner of the tower must provide the City's Code Enforcement Officer with written notice of the new party's name, mailing address, and business telephone number and the date upon which the change will become effective.
- O. *Communication Facility Siting Priorities.* When selecting sites within the City to locate proposed communication facilities or tower compounds, priority shall be given to locations in non-residential zoning districts. Residential property sites shall be given the lowest possible consideration for new sites.
- P. *Access and Parking.* A driveway and parking area with a surface appropriate for the intensity of use shall be provided for each proposed tower compound to provide adequate access to the tower compound for the maintenance and repair of the communication facilities and for vehicle providing emergency services. Subject to the approval of the City Council and to an appropriate agreement with the owner thereof, access and parking for the tower compound may be provided on an adjoining property or along one or more public streets adjoining the tower compound.
- 9.5 *Levels of Review and Approval.* In recognition of the high standards for proposed communication facilities established by this Ordinance, allowances have been made for an efficient and, in certain instances, expedited review process, where the applicant can demonstrate that a good faith effort to embrace and comply with the spirit and intent of these guidelines has been made in the design of the proposal. The three levels of review

and approval and the types of projects that can be considered within each level are as follows:

A. *Review and Approval by Code Enforcement Officer.* The following types of communication facilities shall be reviewed and approved by the Code Enforcement Officer without the need for a public hearing, provided the proposed improvements fully complies with all requirements specified in Section 8.4 of this Article:

1. Any antenna (and associated cables and equipment) that will be co-located on an existing approved or registered pre-existing tower, as long as the proposed antenna(s) will not protrude at any point from the exterior surface of said tower by a distance of more than four (4) feet and the tower will contain no more than five (5) antennas if the application is approved. In addition, the supporting equipment for the proposed antenna(s) shall not require the construction of any new freestanding structures on the tower compound.
2. Any antenna (and associated cables and equipment) that will be sited in an existing structure that fully conforms with all applicable requirements of this Ordinance (not a non-conforming structure) and where, after installation, the antenna and all supporting equipment will be completely enclosed by the exterior walls of the structure or completely screened from public view at any point on the land within two (2) thousand feet of the proposed antenna. An example of such a scenario would be the placement of an antenna within the steeple of a church or the dome of a farm silo. The addition of the antenna and supporting equipment to the existing conforming structure shall not require the construction of an addition to house the communication facilities. However, interior modifications to the structure may be permitted as part of the approval by the Code Enforcement Officer.

B. *Review and Approval Exclusively by City Council.* The City Council shall have the authority to review and approve the following specific types of communication facilities and tower compounds, subject to the conduct of a public hearing, but without the need for a formal recommendation from the Planning Commission:

1. Any antenna (and associated cables and equipment) that will be installed on a co-location site that does not fall within the approval authority of the Code Enforcement Officer, as specified in Subparagraph A. 1. of this Section.
2. Any new antenna (not including a tower) that will be attached to an existing structure that fully conforms with all applicable requirements of

this Ordinance (not a non-conforming structure), but that would not otherwise fall within the approval authority of the Code Enforcement Officer as specified in Subparagraph A. 2. of this Section.

3. Any new monopole not greater than thirty (30) feet in height and located in a non-residential zoning district that is camouflaged or disguised in such a way that it cannot be immediately recognized as an antenna support.
4. Any new antenna or tower to be located on property owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by the City of Lineville and located within a non-residential zoning district.

- C. *Review and Approval by City Council Upon Recommendation From Planning Commission.* All applications not subject to review and approval by the Code Enforcement Officer in accordance with Subparagraph A of this Section or review and approval exclusively by the City Council in accordance with Subparagraph B of this Section shall be subject to review and public hearings by both the Planning Commission and the City Council. The Planning Commission shall review the application and issue a recommendation for approval or denial to the City Council. Final review and approval or denial of the application shall be issued exclusively by the City Council.

9.6 ***Approval Procedures.*** Review and approval of an application shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures.

- A. *Pre-Application Consultation.* Any applicant seeking to develop communication facilities or tower compounds that fall within the jurisdiction of these regulations may request an informal consultation with the Code Enforcement Officer and/or Building Inspector prior to the preparation and submission of a formal application. The purpose of this voluntary consultation shall be to answer specific questions about the process or applicable design requirements, discuss possible camouflaging or co-location options, or discuss application format options and/or potential supporting documentation submission needs. Any such consultation discussions must occur before a formal application is submitted to the City, shall be non-binding on the applicant and the City, and shall not in any way constitute or be interpreted to constitute a decision to approve or deny an application.
- B. *Receipt of Application.* All required applications shall be submitted to the Code Enforcement Officer. Upon submission, the Code Enforcement Officer shall determine that the application contains all submission requirements specified in Section 8.7 of this Article and is, therefore, complete. No incomplete application shall be received by the City for review and approval. Once the Code Enforcement Officer determines the application is complete, the application shall be determined to have been received by the City on that date.

- C. *Code Enforcement Officer Review.* The Code Enforcement Officer and/or Building Official shall review a complete application within thirty-one (31) days of the date of receipt. At the end of that review, the Code Enforcement Officer shall issue approval or denial for those aspects of the application that fall within the approval authority of the Code Enforcement Officer, as specified in Section 8.5, Subparagraph A of this Article. If the application or any part of the application is denied, the Code Enforcement Officer shall provide the applicant with a written letter of denial outlining the specific findings of fact used by the City as the basis of the denial. Such denial shall be based on the unwillingness of the applicant to comply with the requirements of the regulations and/or the failure of the application to satisfy specific basic requirements and design considerations outlined in Section 8.4 of these regulations. If the Code Enforcement Officer fails to render a decision on the application within the required thirty-one (31) days, then aspects of the application subject to review and approval by the Code Enforcement Officer shall be deemed to be automatically approved without further consideration by the City. However, the City Council may grant an extension to the thirty-one (31) day deadline not to exceed an additional thirty-one (31) days, due to extended illness or absence of the Code Enforcement Officer during the required review and approval period or the submission of an application that is too large or extensive to be reviewed by existing staff resources within the prescribed time frame. On the date that the Code Enforcement Officer's review period ends, any remaining portions of the application not subject to approval or denial by the Code Enforcement Officer shall be submitted to the City Council and/or Planning Commission for action, as may be applicable. The forwarded application shall be accompanied by a written report from the Code Enforcement Officer regarding his/her assessment of the proposed communication facility(ies) or tower compound(s) with the applicable requirements specified in Section 8.4 of this Article.
- D. *Planning Commission and City Council Review.* All applications or portions of applications requiring review and approval of the City Council and/or Planning Commission in accordance with Section 8.5, Subparagraphs B or C of this Article shall follow the same general guidelines as for an amendment to this Ordinance as specified in Article VIII (Amendments) of this Ordinance, with the specific exception that Planning Commission review shall not be required for applications that may be approved exclusively by the City Council, in accordance with Section 8.5, Subparagraph B of this Article.
- E. *Public Hearing.* The City Council and, if necessary, Planning Commission shall each conduct one public hearing on the application at the earliest regular meeting date that will satisfy the public hearing notice requirements following the date of submission by the Code Enforcement Officer. The required public hearing shall be noticed in the same manner prescribed in the applicable Sections of Article VIII of this Ordinance (Section 4 for the Planning Commission and Section 5 for the City Council). At the hearing, the presiding body shall entertain a report from the Code Enforcement Officer regarding his/her assessment of the proposed

communication facility(ies) or tower compound(s) with the applicable requirements specified in Section 8.4 of this Article. A written copy of the Code Enforcement Officer's report shall be incorporated into the minutes of the public hearing, along with a written synopsis of all public comments received and an attendance sheet identifying the names and mailing addresses of every person who attended the public hearing.

- F. *Decision.* The presiding body shall render a decision on the application within thirty-one (31) days from the date that the public hearing is closed. For the Planning Commission, such decision shall be in the form of a written recommendation, along with a list of the findings of fact upon which the recommendation was based, to the City Council for final action. If the Planning Commission fails to render a formal recommendation on the application within the required thirty-one (31) days, then the application shall be transmitted to the City Council for final decision with an automatic or implied recommendation of approval. If the City Council fails to render a decision on the application within the required thirty-one (31) days, then the application shall be deemed to be automatically approved without further consideration by the City. If the application or any part of the application is denied, the City Council shall provide the applicant with a written letter of denial outlining the specific findings of fact used by the City Council as the basis of the denial. Such denial shall be based on the unwillingness of the applicant to comply with the requirements of the regulations or specific basic requirements and design considerations outlined in Section 8.4 of these regulations that the application fails to satisfy.

- 9.7 ***Submission Requirements.*** All applications to construct communication facilities that fall within the jurisdiction of these regulations shall provide adequate documentation to demonstrate compliance with all applicable basic requirements and design considerations specified in Section 8.4 of these regulations. A single application may include any number of proposed tower compounds that will be located within the jurisdiction of this Ordinance, even though some of the proposed tower compounds may be subject to expedited review procedures as provided in Section 8.5 of this Article. Where an application includes tower compounds subject to different levels of review, the application may be divided into sections for each review category, within which all necessary supporting information for each proposed tower compound shall be provided. Whenever portions of an application have been approved or denied through an expedited review process, that information and any terms of said approval or denial shall be noted and considered in the subsequent review procedures for the remaining portions of the application. The Code Enforcement Officer shall determine the number of application copies that must be submitted by the applicant, based on the number of parties who must review the application. One (1) copy of the application shall be required for each of the following review agents, as may be required: the Code Enforcement Officer, Building Inspector (if such person is not the Code Enforcement Officer), Planning Commission (as a body), and the City Council (as a body). At a minimum, each required application shall contain the following:

- A. A completed *zoning permit application form*, including the required *application fee*.
- B. A *site plan* of the tower compound, prepared by a surveyor, at a scale not less than one (1) inch to fifty (50) feet, showing the location, street address, tax parcel identification number, and dimensions of the parcel of land that will contain the tower compound, the location of all required setback lines, driveways, parking areas, buffers, fencing, landscaping, stormwater management improvements, fuel tanks (both above and below ground), and structures that exist or will be constructed on the property. If the property upon which a proposed tower compound will be located exceeds one hundred (100) acres in size, then the scale of the site plan shall be increased to one (1) inch to one hundred (100) feet, or the Code Enforcement Officer may grant authority to the applicant to limit the site plan coverage to a specified area around the proposed tower compound.
- C. *Written proof of ownership* of the proposed tower compound or authorization to use it.
- D. A *written report* including a description of the proposed tower or antenna with the technical reasons for its design, a certificate from the project engineer documenting the structural integrity of the tower or antenna support for its proposed use including any co-located communication facilities that may already exist at the site, and an affidavit signed by the owner of the proposed communication facilities and the project engineer attesting compliance of the proposed communication facilities with all applicable FCC requirements with regard to any potential detrimental health effects that could be generated by the proposed facilities.
- E. A *silhouette and elevation view* of the proposed tower (or the existing tower, if the applicant is seeking permission to install an antenna on an existing tower) and all other communication facilities, and the tower compound, describing colors and materials to be used for the communication facilities and any security fence, decorative fence, and decorative wall. The configuration of proposed antenna arrays must be shown on the silhouette. The proposed location of future, additional antenna arrays must be shown on the silhouette by dashed lines. The elevation view shall portray the general context and compatibility of the proposed facilities with respect to surrounding structures and natural features.
- F. Copies of any proposed *easements*, where applicable to the project.
- G. Documentation of the *frequency band and wattage* of the proposed communication facilities.
- H. For each new monopole, tower, or antenna that is not otherwise located on a co-location site, a *written report* documenting the attempts made by the applicant to

secure a suitable co-location site both within the city and in the adjoining unincorporated areas and any supporting technical reasons supporting the need for a new independent site.

- 9.8 ***Inspection/Fee.*** To determine whether tower compounds are in compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance, the City shall make, or have made on its behalf, an annual inspection of the communication facilities on each tower compound and the walls, fences, and landscaping around each tower compound, for which an annual inspection fee of \$200.00 shall be imposed. The fee shall be due on January 1 of each year and shall be delinquent if not paid by January 31 of such year. To help defray the cost of collecting delinquent fees, an additional fee, in the amount equal to ten (10) percent of the fee shall be payable for each month, or portion of a month, after January in which the fee remains unpaid. If the fee is not paid within three (3) months of its due date, the City may withdraw its permission for the location of communication facilities on the tower compound, in which event, all communication facilities must be removed from the tower compound within three (3) months of the day on which the owner or owners of the tower receive notice of such withdrawal of permission. The fee shall be payable by, and shall be the responsibility of the owner or owners of the tower, even if additional antennas located on the tower are owned by other parties. If there is more than one owner of the tower, each owner shall be jointly and severally liable for the entire amount of the fee and any additional fees due because of delinquency in payment. Any inspection conducted in accordance with these regulations shall not be relate to the safety or structural soundness of the communication facilities or tower. The purpose of the inspection shall be limited to determining whether such communication facilities and tower compound are in compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance. Any violation of the provisions of the Ordinance that are discovered through said inspection shall be processed and resolved in accordance with the procedures specified in Article VI, Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- 9.9 ***Removal of Obsolete Towers.*** Any tower that is no longer serving an active communication use shall be removed at the owner's expense. The owner shall provide the Code Enforcement Officer with a copy of the notice to the FCC of intent to cease operations and remove the tower and all associated communication facilities from the site within three (3) months from the date that all operations ceased. Where a tower serves as a co-location site, this provision shall not apply until all active users cease operation. If the owner of the tower fails to remove the tower as required, the responsibility for removal shall then apply to the owner of the land upon which the obsolete tower is located. Once the responsibility for removal has shifted to the property owner, the property owner shall remove the obsolete tower within one (1) month of the date that tower owner's removal deadline lapsed. If neither the owner of the tower nor the owner of the land removes the obsolete tower within the time prescribed herein, the City may, but shall not be obligated to, remove the obsolete tower. If the City removes the obsolete tower, it shall be entitled to recover the cost of removal from the owner of the tower and/or the owner of the land upon which the tower is located.

- 9.10 ***Satellite Dishes.*** All satellite dishes exceeding one (1) meter in diameter shall be considered structures required to be installed in accordance with all applicable provisions of this Ordinance, the International Building Code, and any other applicable regulations enforced by the City of Lineville. All such dishes shall be located in the rear yard of the property, and shall be set back from all property lines a distance equal to the height of the dish.
- 9.11 ***Appeals.*** All appeals from a decision by the Code Enforcement Officer or City Council shall be to the Circuit Court or FCC as prescribed by the Telecommunication Act of 1996.

SECTION 10 - TEMPORARY USE BUILDINGS AND OFFICES

Nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to prohibit the use of a trailer for a temporary construction office in accordance with the building code of the City of Lineville, nor shall this ordinance be deemed to prohibit the parking of only one unoccupied camper-trailer, not exceeding ten (10) feet in width and twenty-five (25) feet in length, in an accessory private garage building or in a rear yard of any district, so long as no living quarters are maintained and no business is practiced in such camper-trailer while it is so stored or parked.

SECTION 11 - COMMON OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Within developments where common open space is required or will be provided by a developer, the following requirements shall apply:

- 11.1 ***Access to common open space.*** Open space should be distributed throughout the development so that all lots within the development shall have either direct access or access from an improved public right-of-way or easement to such areas. Common open space lands shall be designed to permit access for maintenance without the need to cross private lands. Where common or public lakefront open space is provided within a proposed development, such lands shall be afforded convenient vehicular and pedestrian access from all lots within the development. Such access may be provided through a combination of streets and greenbelt easements.
- 11.2 ***Minimum size of subdivision.*** No subdivision containing fewer than twenty-five (25) lots or units shall contain common open space lands, unless such common lands are deemed necessary by the Planning Commission to provide and maintain required stormwater management improvements.
- 11.3 ***Improvements prohibited from inclusion in common open space.*** Common open space shall not include public or private streets, driveways, private yards, patios, parking areas, or utility easements, where the utilities within the easement would interfere with reasonable active or passive recreation uses. Sidewalks, playgrounds, and other outdoor recreational facilities, and ponds or lakes may be constructed within common open space lands, where adequate provisions are made for continued private maintenance of any such

improvements.

- 11.4 ***Management agreement for control and maintenance of common areas.*** The City of Lineville shall bear no responsibility or liability for the continued maintenance, repair, or improvement of privately owned common open space lands. No lot or structure in a development containing common or shared open space shall be sold until a corporation, association, property owner's group or similar entity has been formed. Such corporation shall possess the right to assess all the properties which are jointly owned with interests in the common areas and facilities in the entire development, or in the tract which is a part of the entire development, to meet the expense of such entity. The corporation also shall be vested with authority to control, and the duty to regularly maintain (either directly or by contract), all of said mutually owned features of the development or tract portion thereof. In addition, the homeowner's association bylaws or rules shall contain provisions authorizing the local government to maintain said open space at the association's expense and upon fifteen (15) days advance written notice, if the association has not properly maintained any or all open space entrusted to it. Such entity shall operate under recorded conditions, covenants, and restrictions which may include compulsory memberships of all owners of lots and/or dwelling units, and flexibility of assessments to meet the changing costs of maintenance, repairs, and services. The Subdivider or developer shall submit evidence of compliance with these requirements to the Planning Commission prior to approval of a Zoning Permit or Final Plat.

SECTION 12 – MOBILE FOOD VENDORS AND COMMISSARIES

- 12.1 ***Purpose of Regulations.*** Mobile food vendors have the right to sell and distribute goods and services throughout the community, however, the general public has a legitimate interest and concern in the proper placement, distribution, health, safety, maintenance, advertising, and regulation of mobile food vendors and their associated commissaries within the City. All mobile food vendors must have approved business licenses and city permits to sell and distribute goods and services, and shall be inspected and approved by the Clay County Health Department, along with their associated commissaries.
- 12.2 ***Definition.*** Any business which sells edible goods from a non-stationary location within the City of Lineville, which includes, but not limited to:
- A. Mobile food trucks: A self-contained motorized unit selling items defined as edible goods.
 - B. Concession carts: Mobile vending units that must be moved by non-motorized means as a pull or push transportable accessory storage unit.
 - C. Concession trailers: A vending unit which is pulled by a motorized unit and has no power to move on its own.

12.3 *Permitted Uses.*

- A. Selling and distribution of edible goods, but not limited to:
 - 1. Prepackaged food including, but not limited to candy, beverages, and ice cream.
 - 2. Prepared food including, but not limited to hot dogs, deserts, and pizza.
 - 3. On-site prepared food including, but not limited to ice, sandwiches, and tacos.
- B. Selling and distribution of non-refrigerated goods, deemed edible and are not required to be kept at a temperature below forty-one (41) degrees Fahrenheit according to the federal Food and Drug Administration and Alabama Food Establishment Rules.

12.4 *Permit Requirements.*

- A. All mobile food vendors and commissaries supplying a mobile food vendor must apply for a permit through an application and permit form promulgated by the City of Lineville to be reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission and the City Code Enforcement Officer or Official. Commissaries need only apply for one permit per mobile food vendor supplied.
- B. The application for a Mobile Food Vendor permit shall be in accordance with the city's permit fee schedule for each unit. Each Mobile Food Vendor shall be permitted separately.
- C. Mobile Food Vendor permits shall be valid for the duration in which the Business License Schedule for the City allows.
- D. Upon renewal the applicant must provide a new application, payment of a renewal fee shall be in accordance with the City's permit fee schedule, and new permitting documentation upon permit renewal. The applicant must submit the application and renewal fee within thirty (30) days after the expiration of the permit or must reapply as a new applicant.
- E. Concession carts shall apply for a permit fee in accordance with the City's permit fee schedule for initial application and for a renewal.
- F. Every permit, including those from the Clay County Health Department, shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place where it can be read by the general public on the Food Vendor's vehicle, concession cart, or trailer.

12.5 *Zoning and Location Regulations*

- A. Mobile Food Vendors shall be permitted to locate in a business or industrial zoned location. No Mobile Food Vendor shall conduct business within any single-

family residential or agricultural zoning district, including multi-family districts, with the exception of a location within one-hundred (100) feet of a public park facility or similarly designated recreational area.

- B. No Mobile Food Vendor shall be located within one-hundred (100) feet of the primary entrance or exit of an open and operating fixed-location food establishment.
- C. No Mobile Food Vendor shall be located within twenty (20) feet of another Mobile Food Vendor. Mobile food carts may be placed within ten (10) feet of another food cart and must be positioned as to not disrupt pedestrian traffic and must maintain an abutting five-foot (5) clear space.
- D. No Mobile Food Vendor shall locate on any private property without the written permission of the property owner and must comply if asked to leave by the property owner or the City Official. A copy of the written permission to operate on a specific location, signed by the property owner, shall be kept within the mobile vending unit at all times.
- E. No person shall sell or offer for sale any item upon any premises if requested by the property owner or City Official not to do so or if there is placed at or near the entrance thereof a sign bearing the words “no peddlers or vendors”, “no trespassing”, or “no soliciting”.

12.6 *Mobile Food Vendor Requirements.*

- A. Each Mobile Food Vendor shall be equipped with a portable trash receptacle, and shall be responsible for proper disposal of solid waste and waste water in the sanitation facility legally accessed by the Food Service Establishment. All disturbed areas must be cleaned following each stop at a minimum of twenty (20) feet of the sales location. Cleanup may be supervised and inspected by the Clay County Health Department to assure protocol.
- B. Continuous music or repetitive sounds shall not project from the Mobile unit.
- C. A five (5) foot clear space must be maintained around the Mobile unit.
- D. The Mobile unit will be subject to inspection upon permit application through the Clay County Health Department, and may be subject to random inspection and upon reissuance of the permit.
- E. No smoking is allowed within ten (10) feet of the Mobile unit and a “No Smoking” sign must be posted next to the order window or area, with the exception of vendor units selling alcoholic beverages.

- F. A tagged fire extinguisher shall be kept accessible as directed by the City of Lineville Fire Chief or designee.
- G. An extinguishing vent hood, approved by the Lineville Fire Chief or designee, shall be required when the cooking process produces grease laden particles within the mobile unit. The vent hood shall require testing to be examined and approved by the Lineville Fire Chief or designee.
- H. No Mobile Food Vendor may conduct open business operations between the hours of 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM on any day.

12.7 **Exceptions.** Individuals selling only non-refrigerated farm food products in an unrefined state shall be considered a Mobile Food Vendor, as defined by this Ordinance, but shall be exempt from the requirements of this Mobile Food Vendor section.

SECTION 13 – FLEA MARKETS

13.1 **Purpose of Regulations.** Communities may form establishments where the general public may buy and/or sell new or used merchandise for profit in a designated outdoor market area, however, the general public has a legitimate interest and concern in the proper placement, distribution, maintenance, and operations of flea markets within the City.

13.2 **Definition.** An outdoor market utilized by vendors to exchange discounted new or used merchandise for money.

13.3 **Permitted Uses.**

- A. Advertising and display of new or used merchandise and miscellaneous items for sale to the general public at discounted prices, without the requirement of a permanent business establishment, permit, and business license, located in a designated outdoor market area.
- B. The owner of the flea market may charge a nominal fee for each individual market stall operation on premises and add or remove stalls at their discretion.

13.4 **Zoning and Location Regulations.**

- A. Flea markets shall only be permitted in a business or industrial zoning district on property fronting an arterial road with all major points of ingress/egress connecting to the arterial road.
- B. No flea market shall be located less than one hundred (100) feet from adjoining residential property or less than fifty (50) feet from non-residential property.

13.5 *Dimensional Requirements.*

- A. Minimum lot size shall be five (5) acres, with a minimum width of two hundred (200) feet and a minimum depth of three hundred (300) feet.
- B. At least one (1) enclosed building of three hundred (300) square feet or more in size shall be constructed on the property.
- C. Parking shall be provided at the rate of one (1) space per fifty (50) square feet of sales area, as designated on an approved site plan. Parking areas shall have a smooth, stabilized, and dustless surface; provided that no more than fifty (50) percent of the required parking spaces may be grass or other suitable material in overflow and remote locations. Unpaved spaces and driving aisles shall be organized for efficient traffic flow using tire stops, railroad ties, or other objects approved by the City/County Engineer. Parking spaces within one hundred and fifty (150) feet of any structure on the development site shall be paved with asphalt, concrete or other rigid paving material.
- D. A twenty (20) foot wide buffer area with landscaping shall be provided (See Article II, Section 2) along all property lines.

13.6 *Flea Market Requirements.*

- A. Stall operators wishing to sell or give away animals must have a regular stall rented and must comply with all State and County Health Department regulations and Humane Society rules. Stall operators offering animals which become harmfully aggressive or offensive in any manner may be required to move to a different location. Stalls selling or distributing animals must be thoroughly cleaned and sanitized according the Health Department standards. Animals may not be given away in any of the common areas, parking lots, or entrances/exits, etc. Dogs must remain on leashes and other animals such as cats, birds, reptiles and amphibians, must remain in cages on premises.
- B. Owners are responsible for their pets on premises. Dogs must remain on leashes or in a cage. Over aggressive animal behavior will not be tolerated. Loose and/or overly aggressive animals may be picked up by Animal Control and released at another location at the owner's expense.
- C. Sound generators such as amplifiers, bullhorns, loud speakers, and sirens will not be allowed on premises. Radios, televisions, and stereos must be kept at a low volume. If a stall operator is asked to reduce the volume on any sound generator a second time the equipment making the sound is to be turned off for the day.
- D. Sale and distribution of food and beverage items, cooked or uncooked, shall be addressed through the Mobile Food Vendor section of this Ordinance. No alcohol

is allowed on the premises. Anyone suspected of drinking at the flea market or under the influence of alcohol will be asked to leave the premises for the day.

- E. Only propane heaters shall be allowed on premises. Stall operators with a heating source must also secure a working fire extinguisher in a clearly open and accessible location at their stall.
- F. Stall operators are expected to conduct business between themselves, as well as with the public, in a professional, respectful manner. Shirts and pants are required when on the flea market premises.
- G. The flea market shall not maintain open business between the hours of 10:00 PM and 5:00 AM on any day.
- H. The flea market assumes the position that all sales are final and no exchanges or refunds will be given. Stall operators should post their return policy in a clear viewing location at their stall.
- I. Stall operators shall drive in a slow and safe manner, not exceeding 5 MPH, and shall yield the right of way to pedestrians.
- J. Upon closing time of each day, stall operators must clean their stalls appropriately, turn off lights and electricity, and safeguard their stall under lock and key. Stalls utilizing wheels must be properly secured in place using heavy blocks or ropes and pins in the ground.

ARTICLE V

ZONING DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1 - ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS

For the purpose of this Ordinance, the City of Lineville is hereby divided into the type of districts designated as follows:

1.1 Regular Districts

- AG: Agricultural District
- R-1: Single Family Residential District (Low Density)
- R-2: Single Family Residential District (Medium Density)
- R-3: Multi-Family Residential District (High Density)
- MHP: Manufactured Home Park District
- B-1: Neighborhood Business District
- B-2: Central Business District
- B-3: General Business District
- M-1: Light Manufacturing District
- M-2: General Manufacturing District

1.2 Special Districts

- FH: Flood Hazard District
- MHA: Mobile Home Area Overlay District

SECTION 2 - ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

The boundaries of the various zoning districts are hereby established as shown on the Zoning Map. The Zoning Map includes a base map which identifies the location of the regular districts and an overlay to the base map which outlines the boundaries of the special districts. The Zoning Map and all explanatory matter thereon accompany and are hereby made a part of this Ordinance. Official copies of the Zoning Map shall be on file in the office of the City Clerk.

SECTION 3 - INTERPRETATION OF ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of any district shown on said maps, the following rules shall apply:

- 3.1 Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following jurisdictional limits or platted lot lines or other property lines, such lines shall be construed to be such boundaries.
- 3.2 Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following streets, alleys, rights-of-way, or railroads, such boundaries shall be construed to follow the center lines of such streets, alleys, rights-of-way, or railroads.

- 3.3 Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following shorelines of lakes or ponds, such boundaries shall be construed to follow the mean high water lines of such lakes or ponds. In the event of a change in the mean high waterline, the boundaries shall be construed as moving with the actual mean high waterline.
- 3.4 Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following streams, rivers, or other perennial water courses, such boundaries shall be construed to follow the centerline of such waterways as determined by the mean high water mark along opposing banks. In the event of a natural change in the location of such waterways, the district boundary shall be construed as moving with the centerline.
- 3.5 Where boundaries are indicated as being separate from but approximately parallel to any features listed in Subparagraphs 3.1 through 3.4 of this Section, such boundaries shall be construed as being parallel to and at such distance as indicated on the Zoning Map. If no distance is given, such dimension shall be determined by the use of the scale shown on the Zoning Map.
- 3.6 In unsubdivided property or tracts where a district boundary divides a lot, the location of such boundary, unless same is indicated by dimensions, shall be determined by use of the scale appearing on the Zoning Map.
- 3.7 Where a public road, street, or alley shown on the Zoning Map is officially vacated or abandoned, the regulations applicable to the property to which the right-of-way reverts shall apply to the vacated or abandoned road, street, or alley.
- 3.8 In case any further uncertainty exists, the Board of Adjustment shall determine the location of boundaries. The Board of Adjustment may also cause to be prepared sectional maps of any part of the City which will interpret the exact location of the district boundaries, following the guidelines contained in the preceding paragraphs.

SECTION 4 - INTERPRETATION OF USES

Where doubt exists as to whether a new or previously unclassified use is similar in nature to the permitted uses identified in this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall approve or deny the location of the unclassified use in question. In making such a determination, the Board of Adjustment shall consider the extent to which the proposed use is consistent with the intent of the zoning district and determine the specific permitted use within the zoning district that is most similar in impact and characteristics to the proposed new use. However, in no instance shall the Board of Adjustment interpret a proposed use as being permitted in one district, when the use is more similar in impact and characteristics to a use that is permitted exclusively in another district. The following procedures to establish consistency of unclassified uses shall be observed.

- 4.1 ***Determination by Board of Adjustment.*** If compatible with the existing zoning district intent, the unclassified use shall be permitted by special exception upon approval of and

subject to the conditions set by the Board of Adjustment. Such conditions of approval shall be established to prevent undue impacts of the new use on surrounding uses, and shall be limited to:

- A. Special setback requirements;
- B. Special buffer or fencing requirements;
- C. Special lighting requirements to prevent excessive glare on neighboring properties;
- D. Special parking requirements;
- E. Special landscaping requirements;
- F. Special limitations on signage;
- G. Special limitations on traffic access points to the property; and
- H. Special stormwater management requirements.

4.2 ***Rezoning required.*** If the unclassified use is deemed to be incompatible with the existing zoning district intent, the Code Enforcement Officer shall recommend the most appropriate district classification and shall require the applicant to seek rezoning of the property in question, before the proposed use can be conducted on the property. In addition, the unclassified use shall be permitted by special exception in the district to which the property was rezoned, upon approval of and subject to the conditions set by the Board of Adjustment.

4.3 ***Amendment of permitted uses.*** Following the final action on the unclassified use, as Subparagraphs A or B of this Section may require, the Planning Commission may initiate an amendment to this Ordinance to add the newly permitted use to the list of permitted uses in the appropriate zoning district(s).

4.4 ***Comprehensive Plan or Land Use Plan.*** The provisions of this article are intended to protect and to preserve the character of the zoning districts and to promote the most appropriate use of land and buildings in accordance with the City's most current Comprehensive Plan or Land Use Plan.

SECTION 5 – AG: AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

5.1 ***District Intent.*** The purpose of this district shall be to provide opportunities for commercial agriculture, forestry, and other land-intensive, natural resource-based industries to continue as the City grows and expands. The district also provides for a mix of low intensity residential and commercial uses that contribute to the rural economy and

maintain the mix of uses that are characteristic of rural areas and newly developing suburban neighborhoods. Low intensity development patterns are preferred in this district due to the limited infrastructure available to support intensive development and the need to conserve productive soils from excessive erosion from storm-water runoff and competition from developed uses.

5.2 **Permitted Uses.** The following identifies the uses permitted in the AG - Agricultural Zoning District.

- A. Single-family dwellings, group homes, and manufactured homes, provided such structures are used for residential purposes and occupy single home lots.
- B. Accessory residential dwelling units in compliance with all requirements specified in Article IV, Section 6 of this Ordinance.
- C. Single Family Group homes, subject to the standards established in Article II, Section 2 and Article IV, Section 2 of this Ordinance.
- D. Accessory uses and buildings, subject to the standards established in Article III, Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- E. Home occupations, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- F. Cottage industries, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- G. Agricultural, dairying, and livestock raising, provided that the subject lot contains not less than five (5) acres of land, and all buildings used for housing fowl or animals, storing grain or feed, or processing products shall not be located closer than one hundred (100) feet to any property line.
- H. Sale of products and commodities raised on the premises only, provided that any structure used for such sales shall not be closer than thirty (30) feet to the front or side property lines.
- I. Non-commercial agriculture, poultry, horse, and livestock raising as an accessory use to a one family dwelling for the principal benefit of the occupant thereof, provided that the subject lot contains not less than three (3) acres of land, and all related accessory buildings are located in the rear yard and not closer than one hundred (100) feet to any property line.
- J. Riding stables and academies, provided that the subject lot contains not less than five (5) acres of land, and any structure, pen, or corral housing animals (but not including grazing areas) shall not be closer than one hundred (100) feet to any

property line.

- K. Public or private schools, including pre-schools, child care centers, and kindergartens, provided that any play area is enclosed on all sides by a fence to a height of at least four (4) feet.
- L. Publicly-owned and operated community structures and lands such as parks, playgrounds, recreational and community centers, and other similar public service facilities.
- M. Public utilities, structures, and lands.
- N. Public or private fishing clubs, gun clubs, and other similar outdoor recreational activities, provided that all activities shall conducted at least two hundred (200) feet from any property line and the discharge of any firearms shall be directed away from any established residential uses.
- O. Athletic fields or stadiums, race tracks and speedways, and other recreational areas for public use, including golf driving ranges, swimming pools, fish lakes, and similar recreational uses, provided that all activities are located at least two hundred (200) feet from any property line and on at least ten (10) acres.
- P. Public or private golf course.
- Q. Churches and other similar places of worship.
- R. Cemeteries.
- S. Boat docks and boat houses, as accessory uses to a residential use.
- T. Bed and Breakfast Inns.
- U. Residential Care Homes, Domiciliary Care Facilities, or Board and Care Homes.
- V. Greenhouses and nurseries.
- W. Temporary or portable sawmills for the cutting of timber on the surrounding land, provided that machine operations shall not be located closer than two hundred (200) feet from any property line.
- X. Veterinary Clinics, Commercial Kennels, and the raising of other domestic animals for sale, provided that no portion of a building, structure, outdoor run, or pens used to house or exercise such animals shall not be located closer than one hundred (100) feet from any property line.

- Y. Lodges, summer camps, and public or private clubs, including fishing clubs, gun clubs, and other similar outdoor recreational activities, provided that all activities shall be conducted at least two hundred (200) feet from any property line and discharge of any firearms shall be directed away from any established residential uses.
- Z. Boarding and Rooming Homes.
- AA. Campgrounds and RV parks.
- AB. Aircraft landing fields, including hangers and equipment when located on at least ten (10) acres.
- AC. Off-street parking and loading spaces for vehicles in an operating condition only.
- AD. Principal use and accessory signs.
- AE. Broadcasting stations.

5.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** 1.0 Acre for all lots. Lots not served by municipal sewer shall contain at least 1.0 acre, plus any additional area deemed necessary by the Clay County Health Department for proper siting and installation of on-site sewage disposal facilities.
- B. **Minimum Lot Width:** Two hundred fifty (210) feet.
- C. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Forty (40) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- D. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** Fifteen (15) feet.
- E. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Forty-five (45) feet.
- F. **Maximum Structure Height:** Sixty-five (65) feet or two and one half (2.5) stories for all structures that are not exempt from height requirements, as specified in Article III, Section 3.1 of this Ordinance.

G. **Maximum Impervious Surface Area:**

- 1. For all lots under three (3) acres in size, not more than eight (8) percent of the total lot area.

2. For all lots between three (3) and five (5) acres in size, not more than seven (7) percent of the total lot area.
3. For all lots greater than five (5) acres in size, not more than six (6) percent of the total lot area.

5.4 ***Minimum standards for all dwellings.***

- A. **Minimum Dwelling Unit Gross Floor Area:** Eight hundred (800) square feet.
- B. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12
- C. **Landscaping:** All dwelling sites shall be landscaped in a manner consistent with other adjoining residential home sites in the area or neighborhood. At a minimum, ornamental shrubs shall be applied along the front yard foundation or skirting of each dwelling.
- D. **Utility Installation:** All electrical service meters shall be attached to the exterior wall of the dwelling. No temporary service poles shall be used for permanent residential utility service.

SECTION 6 - R-1: SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (Low Density)

- 6.1 ***District Intent.*** This zoning district is intended to preserve and protect the character of low density, high amenity, single-family residential areas, subdivisions, and neighborhoods. Suburban development in this area should be supported by municipal infrastructure and services. The R-1 district also allows for accessory and institutional uses commonly associated with small-scale residential neighborhoods.
- 6.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the R-1: Single Family Residential District.
 - A. Single-family dwellings, excluding manufactured homes, which shall only be permitted in mobile home parks or in a mobile home overlay zone.
 - B. Single Family Group homes, subject to the standards established in Article II, Section 2 and Article IV, Section 2 of this Ordinance.
 - C. Home occupations, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 4 of this Ordinance.
 - D. Non-commercial agriculture, horse, and livestock raising as an accessory use to a

one family dwelling for the principal benefit of the occupant thereof, provided that the subject lot contains not less than three (3) acres of land, and all related accessory buildings are located in the rear yard and not closer than fifty (50) feet to any property line.

- E. Public utility structures and lands, provided that there is no outside storage area and a natural or landscaped buffer not less than twenty (20) feet in width is provided for the side and rear yards.
- F. Churches and other similar places of worship.
- G. Boat docks and boat houses, as accessory uses to a residential use.
- H. Bed and Breakfast Inns.
- I. Principal and private sign use.
- J. Public or private schools, including pre-schools, child care centers, and kindergartens, provided that any play area is enclosed on all sides by a fence to a height of at least four feet.
- K. Cemeteries.
- L. Public or private golf courses, country clubs, swim clubs, tennis clubs, lodges, and the like.
- M. Public parks, playgrounds, community buildings, and similar public service facilities serving residential areas.
- N. Semi-public uses.
- O. Riding stables and academies, provided that the subject lot contains not less than three (3) acres of land, and any structure, pen, or corral housing animals (but not including grazing areas) shall not be closer than fifty (50) feet to any property line.
- P. Off-street parking and loading spaces for vehicles in an operating condition only as an accessory use.

6.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** Twelve thousand five hundred (12,500) square feet for lots served by municipal sewer. Lots not served by municipal sewer shall contain at least 15,000 square feet, plus any additional area deemed necessary by the Clay County Health Department for proper siting and installation of on-site sewage

- disposal facilities.
- B. **Minimum Lot Width:** Eighty-five (85) feet.
 - C. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Forty (40) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
 - D. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** Fifteen (15) feet.
 - E. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Forty-five (45) feet.
 - F. **Maximum Structure Height:** Thirty-five (35) feet or two and one half (2.5) stories for all structures that are not exempt from height requirements, as specified in Article III, Section 3.1 of this Ordinance.
 - G. **Maximum Impervious Surface Area:** Twenty-five (25) percent.
 - H. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to single-family residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage or more are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Maximum width of curb cuts for single-family residential lots shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet or twenty-five (25) percent of the lot width, whichever is less. This shall not prohibit the construction of a turn around area, provided that such area does not exceed twenty-five (25) feet in width.

6.4 ***Minimum standards for all dwellings.***

- A. **Minimum Dwelling Unit Gross Floor Area:** Nine hundred-sixty (960) square feet.
- B. **Minimum exterior width of dwelling:** Twenty (20) feet.
- C. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12
- D. **Landscaping:** All dwelling sites shall be landscaped in a manner consistent with other adjoining residential home sites in the area or neighborhood. At a minimum, ornamental shrubs shall be applied along the front yard foundation or skirting of each dwelling.
- E. **Utility Installation:** All electrical service meters shall be attached to the exterior wall of the dwelling. No temporary service poles shall be used for

permanent residential utility service.

SECTION 7 – R-2: SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (Medium Density)

- 7.1 ***District Intent.*** The intent of this district is to provide a broader range of residential options and land use intensity than the R-1: Single-family Residential District.
- 7.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the R-2: Single-family Residential District.
- A. All uses permitted in the R-1: Single-family Residential District.
 - B. Accessory uses and buildings.
- 7.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***
- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** Ten thousand (10,000) square feet for the first dwelling unit, plus two thousand (2,000) square feet for each additional dwelling unit. Lots not served by municipal sewer shall contain not less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet, plus any additional area deemed necessary by the Clay County Health Department for proper siting and installation of on-site sewage disposal facilities.
 - B. **Minimum Development Site Size (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet.
 - C. **Minimum Lot Width:** One hundred (100) feet.
 - D. **Maximum Density (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Seventeen (17) dwelling units per acre rounded down to the nearest whole unit.
 - E. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Twenty-five (25) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
 - F. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** Ten (10) feet.
 - G. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Thirty (30) feet.
 - H. **Minimum Buffer Along Adjoining Single Family Zones (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Thirty (30) feet.
 - I. **Minimum Separation Distance Between all Buildings on a single lot:** Ten (10) feet.

- J. **Maximum Percentage of Lot Covered by Impervious Surfaces:** Thirty (30) percent.
- K. **Maximum Structure Height:** Forty-five (45) feet or three (3) stories for all structures that are not exempt from height requirements, as specified in Article III, Section 3.1 of this Ordinance.
- L. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to multi-family residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage or more are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Maximum width of curb cuts for multi-family residential lots shall not exceed thirty (30) feet, excluding the necessary turning radius.

7.4 *Minimum standards for all dwellings.*

- A. **Minimum Dwelling Unit Gross Floor Area:** Eight hundred fifty (850) square feet for all single family dwellings and seven hundred fifty (750) square feet per unit for all other dwelling structures.
- B. **Minimum exterior width of dwelling:** Fourteen (14) feet.
- C. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12 for all single family and two-family dwellings. No minimum roof pitch required for multi-family dwellings.
- D. **Landscaping:** All dwelling sites shall be landscaped in a manner consistent with other adjoining residential home sites in the area or neighborhood. At a minimum, ornamental shrubs shall be applied along the front yard foundation or skirting of each dwelling.
- E. **Utility Installation:** All electrical service meters shall be attached to the exterior wall of the dwelling. No temporary service poles shall be used for permanent residential utility service.

SECTION 8 – R-3: MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (High Density)

- 8.1 ***District Intent.*** The intent of this district is to provide a broadest range of residential options and land use intensity, with multi-family housing in close proximity to commercial districts and places of employment. The district also allows institutional and accessory uses common to residential neighborhoods.
- 8.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the R-3: Multi-family residential district.

- A. Single Family Manufactured homes, as defined in Article II, Section 2, and subject to the minimum standards specified in Article IV, Section 3 of this Ordinance.
- B. All uses permitted in the R-1 and R-2 Single-Family Residential Districts.
- C. Apartments.
- D. Condominiums.
- E. Duplexes.
- F. Townhomes.

8.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** Seven thousand-five hundred (7,500) square feet for the first dwelling unit, plus two thousand (2,000) square feet for each additional dwelling unit. Lots not served by municipal sewer shall contain not less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet, plus any additional area deemed necessary by the Clay County Health Department for proper siting and installation of on-site sewage disposal facilities.
- B. **Minimum Development Site Size (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet.
- C. **Minimum Lot Width:** Fifty (50) feet. For each additional unit add five (5) feet to the lot width
- D. **Maximum Density (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Seventeen (17) dwelling units per acre rounded down to the nearest whole unit.
- E. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Twenty-five (25) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- F. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** Eight (8) feet.
- G. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Thirty (30) feet.
- H. **Minimum Buffer Along Adjoining Single Family Zones (*for multi-family dwellings*):** Thirty (30) feet.
- I. **Minimum Separation Distance Between all Buildings on a single**

- lot:** Ten (10) feet.
- J. **Maximum Percentage of Lot Covered by Impervious Surfaces:** Thirty-five (35) percent.
- K. **Maximum Structure Height:** Thirty-five (35) feet or three (3) stories for all structures that are not exempt from height requirements, as specified in Article III, Section 3.1 of this Ordinance.
- L. **Parking:** Off-street parking provided One (1) space per family dwelling, except use other than residential as required in off-street parking requirements in R-2 district. In addition, one (1) vehicle space for each two (2) beds is required for boarding and rooming houses.
- 8.4 ***Minimum standards for all dwellings.***
- A. **Minimum Dwelling Unit Gross Floor Area:** Eight hundred fifty (850) square feet for all single family dwellings and seven hundred fifty (750) square feet per unit for all other dwelling structures.
 - B. **Minimum exterior width of dwelling:** Fourteen (14) feet.
 - C. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12 for all single family and two-family dwellings. No minimum roof pitch required for multi-family dwellings.
 - D. **Landscaping:** All dwelling sites shall be landscaped in a manner consistent with other adjoining residential home sites in the area or neighborhood. At a minimum, ornamental shrubs shall be applied along the front yard foundation or skirting of each dwelling.
 - E. **Utility Installation:** All electrical service meters shall be attached to the exterior wall of the dwelling. No temporary service poles shall be used for permanent residential utility service.

SECTION 9 – MHP: MANUFACTURED HOME PARK DISTRICT

- 9.1 ***District Intent.*** The purpose of this district is to provide quality manufactured housing as an affordable housing option, where manufactured homes are placed on single lots in a manufactured home park and served by municipal water and sewer.
- 9.2 ***Permitted Uses for Manufactured Housing Units in Manufactured Home Parks.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the MHP: Manufactured Home Park District for manufactured homes situated in manufactured home parks.

- A. Single Family Manufactured homes, as defined in Article II, Section 2, and subject to the minimum standards specified in Article IV, Section 3 of this Ordinance.
- B. One-family dwelling for the exclusive use of a watchman, caretaker, owner, or manager of a manufactured home park.
- C. Office, maintenance, and storage buildings incidental to a manufactured home park.
- D. Personal Service facilities, such as laundromats (including coin operated dry cleaning) and refuse disposal areas, accessory to and intended to serve residents of the manufactured home park only.
- E. Recreational facilities designed and intended for use by residents of the manufactured home park only.
- F. In addition to the manufactured home spaces, off-street parking and loading spaces for vehicles in operating condition only, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 5.
- G. Not more than one accessory storage or utility shed of uniform construction for each manufactured home lot or space. Said storage or utility shed shall not contain more than one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of storage space.
- H. Principal and accessory use signs.

9.3 *Dimensional Requirements for Manufactured Home Parks.*

- A. **Minimum Development Site Size:** Five (5) acres.
- B. **Minimum Rental Lot Size:** Four-thousand (4,000) square feet.
- C. **Minimum Rental Lot Width:** Fifty-five (55) feet.
- D. **Minimum Rental Lot Length:** Seventy (70) feet.
- E. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:**
 - 1. Twenty (20) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line of any internal street within the manufactured home park that does not provide through traffic access to more than one external street.
 - 2. Forty (40) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line of any external local street or internal street within the manufactured home park that provides

through traffic access to more than one external street. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.

3. For any lot with frontage along a street classified as an arterial or collector in the Comprehensive Plan, all structures shall be set back at least ninety (90) feet from the centerline of the street.

F. **Minimum Side Yard Setback:** No principal structure within the park shall be located less than ten (10) feet from any rental lot line.

F. **Minimum Frontage for Each Manufactured Home Space or Lot:** Forty (40) feet for any lot or space adjacent to an internal or external street, except that the minimum frontage shall be reduced to Thirty (30) feet for any lot or space adjoining the turn-about at the end of a permanent cul-de-sac.

G. **Minimum Separation Distance Between all Buildings:**

1. All residential manufactured homes within the park shall be separated by not less than twenty (20) feet between opposing unit sides (which shall be the longest exterior walls of the manufactured home) and not less than ten (10) feet between opposing unit ends (which shall be the shortest exterior walls of the manufactured home).
2. Accessory structures for any residential manufactured home within the park shall be sited not less than ten (10) feet from any other structure, nor less than five (5) feet from any rental lot line.
3. All other buildings within the park (office, laundry facility, non-manufactured home residence) shall be located not less than thirty (30) feet from any other principal structure.

H. **Minimum Buffer along all Exterior Boundaries of the Manufactured Home Park:** Thirty (30) feet along any Single Family Zoning District (R-1 and R-2) boundary and twenty (20) feet along all other boundaries of the Manufactured Home Park. A landscaped strip within each buffer area of not less than eight (8) feet wide shall be provided along the manufactured home park boundary lines that do not abut a public street. This landscaped strip shall be improved to serve as a year-round visual screen, greenbelt, or a planting strip composed of deciduous or evergreen shrubs. Said shrubs shall be not less than four (4) feet tall when planted and shall be maintained in such a manner as not to exceed a height of twelve (12) feet.

- I. **Maximum Percentage of Development Site Covered by Impervious Surfaces:** Fifty (50) percent.
 - J. **Maximum Structure Height:** Thirty-five (35) feet or two and one-half (2.5) stories for all structures not exempt from height requirements, as specified in Article III, Section 3.1 of this Ordinance.
 - K. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12
- 9.4 ***Site Development Requirements.*** In addition to the Dimensional Requirements listed in Section 8.7 above and the applicable Manufactured Home standards contained in Article IV, Section 3 of this Ordinance, each Manufactured Home Park shall comply with the following requirements.
- A. ***Municipal Water and Sewer.*** All proposed lots and buildings in a Manufactured Home Park shall be served by municipal water and sewer. Each manufactured home space shall be provided with a cold water tap at least four (4) inches above the ground or slab and with a trapper sewer connection to the municipal sewer system that is at least four (4) inches in diameter.
 - B. ***Grading.*** The proposed park shall be located on a site graded and improved to insure proper drainage and freedom from standing water.
 - C. ***Paving and Lighting.*** All driveways and walkways within the park shall be paved and adequately lighted.
 - D. ***Electrical Connection.*** Electrical outlets supplying at least 220 volts each shall be provided for each manufactured home space.
 - E. ***HUD Seal of Approval.*** All manufactured homes placed in the park shall bear a seal certifying compliance with the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Any existing mobile home or manufactured home not bearing such seal shall be deemed a nonconforming structure and shall be subject to the regulations established in Article IV, Section 1 of this Ordinance.
 - F. ***Anchoring.*** All manufactured homes placed in the park shall be properly anchored to the ground in compliance with all applicable state laws, and all tow bars and axles shall be removed and stored in a location on the site where they will not be seen from the street or neighboring homes.
 - G. ***Skirting.*** All manufactured homes placed in the park shall be skirted with a weather-resistant material. All skirting shall be subject to the requirements established in Article IV Section 3 of this Ordinance.

- H. ***Common Open Space.*** A dedicated area of not less than Eight (8) percent of the gross site area of a manufactured home park shall be reserved for common open space. Such common open space shall, at a minimum, be landscaped and appropriately improved to provide an area for healthful recreational use by the intended tenants of the park only. Examples of appropriate recreational area development include, but are not limited to, a playground for parks where young children will live or a paved walking/exercise trail for parks where senior citizens will live. This recreational area shall be designed and located so as to be free of traffic and above ground utility hazards, and should, where physical conditions permit, be located as centrally and conveniently within the park as is possible.
- I. ***Floodplain.*** No portion of a manufactured home park site that is located within a 100 year floodplain shall be improved for residential use.
- J. ***Garbage Containers.*** Each manufactured home park shall provide adequate on-site containers for the collection of household garbage generated by the tenants of the park. All garbage containers shall be placed and kept within three- or four-sided enclosures with walls at least four (4) feet high to provide proper screening of the containers.
- K. ***Street Access and Sidewalks.*** All manufactured home parks shall be located on public streets providing safe and convenient access. All manufactured home parks designed to accommodate fifty (50) or more manufactured homes shall provide sidewalks along at least one side of each internal street.
- L. ***Frontage.*** All lots and/or spaces dedicated for manufactured homes within a manufactured home park shall possess frontage on an internal or external street. All internal streets within the park that provide through traffic access to more than one (1) external street shall comply with all applicable street standards for the City of Lineville. All other streets within the park shall, at a minimum, comply with the following requirements:
1. ***Minimum Dedicated Right-Of-Way Width:*** Thirty-Six (36) feet.
 2. ***Minimum Roadway or Cartway Width:*** Twenty (20) feet.
 3. ***Roadway or Cartway Surface Type:*** All streets shall be paved. All roadway surface improvements shall be constructed in accordance with applicable City standards.
- M. ***Fire Protection.*** Every park shall be equipped at all times with fire hydrant equipment in good working order, of such type, size, and number and so located within the park as to satisfy applicable regulations of the City. Fire hydrants shall be placed within the manufactured home park so that no mobile home shall be more than one thousand (1000) feet away from said hydrant. No open fires shall

be permitted at any place which may endanger life or property. No fires shall be left unattended at any time.

- N. ***Staging Development.*** The manufactured homes may be installed within an approved manufactured home park only after at least fifty (50) percent of its lots or space have been completely improved or developed. This section shall in no way be construed to prevent development in stages of manufactured home parks, provided the total development plan is approved by the Lineville Planning Commission and developed in increments of two (2) acres minimum.
 - O. ***Awnings.*** No addition of any type other than an awning of aluminum, canvas, or fiberglass shall be added to a manufactured home within an approved manufactured home park. Said awning may be screened in. The awning shall not be greater than nine (9) feet in width and shall not be enclosed with any material other than screen.
 - P. ***Off-street Parking.*** On each manufactured home lot there shall be provided at least one off-street parking space for vehicles other than a manufactured home not less than ten (10) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long connected by a paved twelve (12) foot drive to a common driveway or street.
 - Q. ***Sanitary Facilities.*** Each manufactured home shall contain at least one shower or tub, a flush toilet, a lavatory, hot and cold running water and a source of heat for the occupants thereof.
 - R. ***Sewage and Refuse Disposal.*** Waste from showers, bath tubs, flush toilets, urinals, lavatories, sinks, and laundry facilities in a manufactured home unit and any other building within the manufactured home park shall be discharged into the public sewer system in compliance with applicable ordinances or into a private disposal system approved by the County Health Officer, who may require soil percolation tests to be performed within the disposal area as a guide to the size, location, and arrangement of the system. In addition, each manufactured home lot shall be provided with a trapper sewer at least four (4) inches diameter, which shall receive the waste from shower, bath tub, flush toilet, lavatory, sinks, and laundry facilities of the manufactured home unit. The trapped sewer in each space shall be connected to the public sewer system or a private disposal system approved by the Health Office in accordance with applicable regulations.
- 9.5 ***Manufactured Home Park Plan.*** A manufactured home park preliminary site plan shall be submitted to the Planning Commission for review and approval prior to the issuance of a Zoning Permit by the Code Enforcement Officer. The Plan shall be drawn to scale and shall contain or include the following information. Such Plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission only at a regular public meeting, but no specific public hearing shall be required for review and approval of the site plan only.

- A. A legend containing a site location map; the proposed name of the manufactured home park; the names of the developer, owner, and plan preparer, a north arrow; a scale; and an explanation of all symbols used on the plan.
- B. The location of all rights-of-way, streets, utility lines, hydrants, garbage containers, and other infrastructure improvements.
- C. The boundaries and dimensions of all rental lots in the park.
- D. The boundaries of all buffers and common open spaces, including all proposed recreational improvements.
- E. Proposed drainage and stormwater management improvements, as required in Article III, Section 12 of this Ordinance.
- F. The boundaries of all floodplains on the site.
- G. The location of any proposed office, showroom, or personal service facilities in the park.

SECTION 10 - B-1: NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS DISTRICT

- 10.1 ***District Intent.*** This district is designed for small scale, low impact commercial businesses, offices, and service operations which primarily serve residents in a small neighborhood setting.
- 10.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the B-1: General Business Zoning District.
- A. All uses permitted in the R-3 Multi-family Residential Zoning District
 - B. *Retail establishments customarily serving residential neighborhoods*, such as: pharmacies or drug stores, grocery markets, clothing and apparel stores, gift shops, jewelry stores, greeting card shops, book stores, music stores, consignment shops, news stands, toy stores, fish and tackle shops, sporting goods stores, craft and hobby shops, florist shops, video stores, furniture stores, hardware stores, and other similar establishments.
 - C. *Personal or professional service establishments, and businesses repairing and servicing small equipment*, such as: barber shops and salons, photocopiers or print shops, coin-operated laundromats, tailors, shoe repair shops, electronic or small appliance repair shops, photography studios, camera shops, health and fitness clubs, newspaper offices, radio station studios, television station studios, jewelry and watch repair shops, and other similar establishments.

- D. *Professional offices* such as: banks, doctors offices, dentist offices, accounting and tax preparation services, real estate offices, attorneys offices, investment offices, consulting offices, and other similar establishments.
- E. *Dine-in or carry-out restaurants that do not offer drive-through services* such as: cafes, delis, bakeries, coffee shops, ice cream parlors, pizza parlors, and other similar dining or food establishments.
- F. *Family entertainment and cultural uses* such as: video arcades, dance studios, art studios, martial arts studios, and other similar establishments that cater to children and families (not adults exclusively) and that do not serve or offer alcoholic beverages for sale.
- G. Lounges or Nightclubs, public and private.
- H. Public and private educational institutions and associated accessory uses.
- I. Churches and Cemeteries.
- J. Public and semi-public institutions and offices, including government offices.
- K. Bed and breakfast inns.
- L. *Loft, efficiency, and studio apartments*, provided that all of the following requirements are satisfied:
 - 1. said residential uses are located above the first floor of a multi-story commercial use building;
 - 2. appropriate soundproofing or sound attenuation measures have been installed to limit noise impacts that may be generated by ground floor commercial uses;
 - 3. adequate off-street parking for all proposed apartment units is provided in the rear yard of the lot;
 - 4. separate building entrances are available for the proposed apartments;
 - 5. all exterior apartment windows and doors are secured by appropriate locks or security devices;
 - 6. adequate fire escape ladders are available for each apartment unit and hard-wired fire alarms and sprinkler systems are provided on all floors of the building, and the lower floor commercial uses in the building will not

operate between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m..

- M. Public utility structures and lands, provided that there shall be no outside storage area and a buffer shall be provided along the side and rear yards.
- N. Accessory uses and buildings, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 6 of this Ordinance.
- O. Adult day care centers.
- P. Garden centers and nurseries.
- Q. Funeral Homes.
- R. Boarding and rooming houses.
- S. Educational, training, health, medical or nursing uses of public, charitable, or philanthropic nature, including rest homes and sanitariums.
- T. Hospitals, Medical Clinics, Nursing Homes, and Ambulance Services.
- U. Childcare Centers.
- V. *Automobile Filling and Service Stations*, provided that all structures, including pumps, shall comply with the setback line of any abutting street and that points of ingress and egress shall not be located closer than fifty (50) feet to each other (centerline to centerline) nor less than one hundred (100) feet to any street intersection, and shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet in width.
- W. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces provided that no equipment or inoperable vehicles are externally parked or stored.

Note that where doubt exists as to whether a use is similar to those uses identified above, the Planning Commission shall approve or deny the location of the use in question.

10.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Maximum business Size:** Not more than two thousand, five hundred (2,500) square feet of gross floor area devoted to the business use, including areas used for inventory storage and administrative offices.
- B. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Twenty-five (25) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions

specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.

- C. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Twenty (20) feet.
- D. **Maximum Structure Height:** Forty-five (45) feet or three (3) stories.
- E. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to non-residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage and less than four-hundred (400) feet are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Lots with four-hundred (400) feet or more street frontage are permitted a total of three (3) curb cuts provided a traffic impact analysis demonstrates the need and is approved by the Planning Commission. Maximum width of curb cuts for non-residential lots shall not exceed forty (40) feet, excluding the necessary turning radius.

10.4 ***Minimum standards for all dwellings.***

- A. **Minimum Dwelling Unit Gross Floor Area:** Eight hundred fifty (850) square feet for all single family dwellings and seven hundred fifty (750) square feet per unit for all other dwelling structures.
- B. **Minimum exterior width of dwelling:** Fourteen (14) feet.
- C. **Minimum required roof pitch:** 3:12 for all single family and two-family dwellings. No minimum roof pitch required for multi-family dwellings.
- D. **Landscaping:** All dwelling sites shall be landscaped in a manner consistent with other adjoining residential home sites in the area or neighborhood. At a minimum, ornamental shrubs shall be applied along the front yard foundation or skirting of each dwelling.
- E. **Utility Installation:** All electrical service meters shall be attached to the exterior wall of the dwelling. No temporary service poles shall be used for permanent residential utility service.

SECTION 11 - B-2: CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

- 11.1 ***District Intent.*** The intent of this zoning district is to provide development opportunities for a mixture of general small, medium, and few large scale business establishments, serving a larger market than the B-1 Neighborhood Business Zoning District, and requiring reasonably larger lots and better highway access.
- 11.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the B-2: Central Business Zoning District.

- A. All uses permitted in the B-1: Neighborhood Business Zoning District.
- B. Banks and financial institutions that offer drive-through services.
- C. Convenience stores.
- D. Hospitals (which may include a commercial cafeteria and/or a commercial pharmacy), medical clinics, doctors and dentists offices, laboratories, sanitariums, and nursing homes.
- E. Hotels, motels, and convention centers, which may include a commercial restaurant and /or gift shop.
- F. Movie Cinemas, Auditoriums, and Theaters, including Drive-In Theaters.
- G. Restaurants that offer drive-through services.
- H. The *manufacturing of articles sold at retail* shall be permitted as an accessory use to the retail business, provided that such manufacturing activities occupy less than thirty (30) percent of the gross floor area and employs no more than four operators. All sales, storage, service or incidental manufacturing activities shall be conducted within a fully enclosed building on the property.
- I. *Veterinary establishments and kennels*, provided that all animals are kept within suitable designed, soundproofed, and air conditioned buildings.
- J. *Building contractor's office*, except outside storage of heavy equipment, and building materials.
- K. Laundry and dry cleaning services.
- L. Nurseries and greenhouses.
- M. Mortuaries and funeral homes.
- N. Broadcast stations and transmission facilities.
- O. Open air markets
- P. Churches and cemeteries.
- Q. Public and semi-public institutions and offices, including government offices, fire stations, police stations, and other similar uses.

- R. Boarding and rooming houses.
- S. *Public utility structures and lands*, provided that there is no outside storage area and a buffer is provided for the side and rear yards.
- T. Research and testing laboratories.
- U. Public and private primary, elementary, or secondary educational institutions, and other associated uses.
- V. Public and private colleges and universities, trade schools, community colleges, business and technical schools, universities and other post-secondary educational training facilities. College dormitories and other associated accessory uses.
- W. *Automobile Filling and Service Stations*, provided that all structures, including pumps, shall comply with the setback line of any abutting street and that points of ingress and egress shall not be located closer than fifty (50) feet to each other (centerline to centerline) and shall not exceed 25 feet in width.
- X. Business schools.
- Y. Wholesale businesses, including indoor storage and display.
- Z. Carpentry, plumbing or painting shops, provided that all storage and activities are located inside the building.
- AA. Printing and engraving businesses.
- AB. Off-street parking service on a commercial basis.

11.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** None specified, although a minimum setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance. Where a sidewalk exists along the front yard, the building storefront shall not be located more than fifty (50) feet away from the right-of-way line. Any buildings that will be constructed on a vacant lot between two pre-existing buildings shall not be located closer to or farther from the right-of-way line than the buildings on the immediate adjoining side lots.
- B. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** None required. Where the side yard of a property adjoins a residential zoning district, a side yard buffer along the residential zoning district line shall be provided. Where a building will be constructed to share a common wall with a building on an adjoining lot, a

- protective fire wall shall be installed within the common wall in compliance with all applicable Fire Codes.
- C. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** None required. However, where the rear yard of a C-2 property adjoins a residential zoning district, a rear yard buffer along the residential zoning district line shall be provided.
 - D. **Maximum Structure Height:** Sixty-five (65) feet. Unless a lesser height is stipulated by the Planning Commission in the design review process.
 - E. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to non-residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage and less than four-hundred (400) feet are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Lots with four-hundred (400) feet or more street frontage are permitted a total of three (3) curb cuts provided a traffic impact analysis demonstrates the need and is approved by the Planning Commission. Maximum width of curb cuts for non-residential lots shall not exceed forty (40) feet, excluding the necessary turning radius.
 - F. **Design Review:** Where there is a substantial alteration of an existing structure or the development of a new structure, building façade, and site development plans for each alteration or the development said plans shall be submitted to the Planning Commission for action prior to the building permit being issued. The Planning Commission shall act to approve, with conditions, or disapprove the submitted plans based on the assessment of the plan's contribution to the design integrity of the downtown area.
 - G. **Buffer:** Buffer screening shall be provided in accordance with Article II, Section 2.13.

SECTION 12 – B-3: GENERAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

- 12.1 ***District Intent.*** This district is intended to accommodate a variety of high intensity commercial uses characterized primarily by medium to large-scale retail, office, and service establishments, serving the largest business market available in the city, and oriented toward major traffic roadways.
- 12.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the B-3: General Business Zoning District.
 - A. All uses permitted in the B-2: Central Business Zoning District.
 - B. Miniature golf courses.
 - C. Lounges or Nightclubs.

- D. Hospitals, sanitariums, nursing homes, rest homes, convalescent homes, homes for orphans, homes for the aged, provided that no such facility shall have lot area of less than one acre, and that no building in connection with such facility shall be closer than twenty-five (25) feet to any lot zoned for residential uses.
- E. Parks, amusement parks, playgrounds, and play fields.
- F. Indoor gun clubs and shooting ranges, lodges, social and fraternal organizations.
- G. Golf courses, public and private.
- H. Shopping plazas, shopping malls, and office parks.
- I. *Athletic fields or stadiums, race tracks and speedways, and other recreational areas for public use*, including golf driving ranges, bowling alleys, swimming pools, fish lakes, and similar recreational uses, provided that the parcel contains at least ten (10) acres of land, that all outdoor lighting provided for night use shall be properly directed and shielded as needed to prevent excessive glare on adjoining properties, and all activities are located at least one hundred (100) feet from any property line.
- J. Truck terminals and other transportation distribution centers.
- K. *Commercial and public entertainment and recreation facilities*, including parks, playgrounds, play fields, roller skating rinks, miniature golf courses, amusement parks, fairgrounds, and other similar recreational businesses, not including drive-in theaters.
- L. Campgrounds and Recreational Vehicle parks.
- M. *Wholesale business and distribution establishments* not involving over twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of area for storage of ware to be wholesaled or distributed.
- N. Warehouses and Mini-warehouses.
- O. Shopping Centers, consisting of three (3) or more independent businesses.
- P. *Automobile, truck, farm implement, and mobile home sales and service* (not including parts yards and junkyards) provided that when business is located in a shopping center not more than ten (10) vehicles may be displayed outside per agency.
- Q. *Tire retreading and recapping establishments*, provided that no building for such

use shall have any openings other than stationary windows, within one hundred (100) feet of a residential district and provided that all storage and processing is located in an enclosed building.

- R. Vehicle drive-in repair garages, including painting, body repair, part fabrication, and engine rebuilding, and car washes.
- S. Sales of new and used vehicles, construction equipment, manufactured homes, boats, campers, tractors, farm implements, and other such commercial use.
- T. Outside storage of heavy equipment with the approval of the Planning Commission.
- U. Motels and Hotels.
- V. Laundry and dry cleaning services.
- W. Public utility structures and lands provided that a buffer is placed along the side and rear yards.
- X. Parking structures and areas.
- Y. Accessory uses and buildings.
- Z. Principal and accessory signage.
- AA. Outdoor advertising signs.
- AB. Access and Curb Cuts. Access to each business activity located on a lot which is at least 10,000 square feet in area shall be only at clearly defined and marked entrances and exits no greater than twenty-five (25) feet in width separated by a curb or similar barrier to vehicular movement of at least twenty-five (25) in length; provided that this shall not preclude the construction of special turn-out lanes in the center of or along the side of the abutting roadway.

12.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Forty-five (45) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- B. **Minimum Side Yard Setbacks:** Ten (10) feet. All required side yard setbacks along residential zoning districts shall contain an improved and maintained vegetated buffer to provide an effective year-round visual screen between the commercial use and the neighboring residential areas.

- C. **Minimum Rear Yard Setback:** Twenty (20) feet. All required side yard setbacks along residential zoning districts shall contain an improved and maintained vegetated buffer to provide an effective year-round visual screen between the commercial use and the neighboring residential areas.
- D. **Maximum Structure Height:** Thirty-five (35) feet or 2 stories.
- E. **Exterior Lighting:** Exterior lighting fixtures shall not extend higher than forty-five (45) feet as measured from the ground and must be constructed to direct and control the beam within subject parcel/development. All exterior lighting fixtures shall be properly shielded to prevent excessive glare on neighboring properties.
- F. **Green Belts:** Generally, all developments in the Highway Commercial District shall have a minimum four (4) foot wide planting area around the perimeter of the parcel (except at entrances and egress points) and said area shall incorporate plants, either planted or natural existing, as may be required by the Planning Commission.
- G. **Utilities:** All on-site utility service lines must be underground and metered at a location approved by the Planning Commission.
- H. **Buffer:** Buffer screening shall be provided in accordance with Article II,Section 2.13.
- I. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to non-residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage and less than four-hundred (400) feet are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Lots with four-hundred (400) feet or more street frontage are permitted a total of three (3) curb cuts provided a traffic impact analysis demonstrates the need and is approved by the Planning Commission. Maximum width of curb cuts for non-residential lots shall not exceed forty (40) feet, excluding the necessary turning radius.

SECTION 13 – M-1: LIGHT MANUFACTURING DISTRICT

- 13.1 ***District Intent.*** The Light Manufacturing Zoning District provides for small-scale industries that manufacture goods and provide services which emit no detectible neighborhood nuisance and degradation to the natural environment beyond industry boundaries, without the aids of instruments. The district also will provide opportunities for the development of limited commercial uses that are accessory and complementary to the associated primary industrial use. All areas in the M-1 Light Manufacturing Zoning District shall be constructed, maintained, and operated so as not to be injurious or

offensive to the occupants of nearby premises, by reason of the emission or creation of noise, vibration, smoke, dust, or other particulate matter, toxic or noxious waste materials, odors, fire, and explosive hazards, or glare.

13.2 **Permitted Uses.** The following identifies the uses permitted in the M-1: Light Manufacturing Zoning District.

- A. *Any industrial enterprise engaged in a manufacturing, assembly, or processing activity* that does not produce discharges that require the issuance of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) major operating discharge permit and does not emit fumes, odors, or particulate matter into the air that would be discernable beyond the boundaries of the property.
- B. *Accessory commercial activities limited to the sale or servicing of products manufactured by the primary industrial use*, provided such commercial activities occupy not more than thirty (30) percent of the total floor area of the principal use building. All commercial activities shall be conducted entirely within the principal use building.
- C. Body Shops.
- D. Indoor and outdoor gun clubs and shooting ranges, provided that all activities involving the discharge of fire arms shall be conducted more than two hundred fifty (250) feet from any property line and directed away from any established residential uses.
- E. Warehousing and storage facilities, including mini-warehouses.
- F. Truck terminals and shipping facilities.
- G. Railroad yards.
- H. Lumber yards and mills.
- I. Fuel or building material storage and distribution facilities.
- J. Bottling plants and central distribution plants.
- K. Ice cream plants and creameries, cold storage plants, and ice plants.
- L. Baking plants.
- M. Textile mills.
- N. Dying plants.

- O. Warehouses.
- P. Large dry cleaners and laundries.
- Q. Quarters for a watchman.
- R. Automobile, farm implement, or mobile home or trailer sales, and repair, but not including parts yards or junk yards.
- S. Drive-in theaters.
- T. Veterinarian offices and kennels.
- U. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces, subject to the standards established in Article IV, Section 5, provided that no equipment or inoperable vehicles are externally parked or stored.

13.3 *Dimensional Requirements:*

- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** None required.
- B. **Minimum Lot Width:** One Hundred (100) feet.
- C. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Twenty (20) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- D. **Minimum Side and Rear Yard Setback:** Twenty-five (25) feet from all adjoining property lines and an additional twenty (20) feet from any property line that abuts a residential zoning district (R-1, R-2, and R-3). All required setbacks along residential zoning districts shall be improved and maintained as a vegetated buffer to provide an effective year-round visual screen between the commercial use and the neighboring residential areas.
- E. **Maximum Percentage of Lot Covered by Impervious Surfaces:** Fifty (50) percent.
- F. **Maximum Structure Height:** Fifty (50) feet. 4 stories.
- G. **Curb Cut Access:** Access to non-residential lots shall allow for the placement of one (1) curb cut for lots with less than seventy-five (75) feet of street frontage. Lots with seventy-five feet of street frontage and less than four-hundred (400) feet are permitted a total of two (2) curb cuts. Lots with four-hundred (400) feet or

more street frontage are permitted a total of three (3) curb cuts provided a traffic impact analysis demonstrates the need and is approved by the Planning Commission. Maximum width of curb cuts for non-residential lots shall not exceed forty (40) feet, excluding the necessary turning radius.

SECTION 14 – M-2: GENERAL MANUFACTURING DISTRICT

- 14.1 ***District Intent.*** The Light Manufacturing Zoning District provides for small or large scale industries that manufacture goods and provide services which emit no detectible neighborhood nuisance and degradation to the natural environment beyond industry boundaries, without the aids of instruments. The district also will provide opportunities for the development of limited commercial uses that are accessory and complementary to the associated primary industrial use. All areas in the M-1 Light Manufacturing Zoning District shall be constructed, maintained, and operated so as not to be injurious or offensive to the occupants of nearby premises, by reason of the emission or creation of noise, vibration, smoke, dust, or other particulate matter, toxic or noxious waste materials, odors, fire, and explosive hazards, or glare.
- 14.2 ***Permitted Uses.*** The following identifies the uses permitted in the M-2: General Manufacturing Zoning District.
- A. All uses permitted in the M-1: Light Manufacturing Zoning District.
 - B. Automobile wrecking or junk yards when completely enclosed by a solid fence having a minimum height of six feet, but in no case less than such a height as will screen all operations from view, with no part of the operation locating closer than 100 feet to a residential district.
 - C. Any other industrial, service, or commercial use.
 - D. Sawmill and pulp wood yards provided no part of the operation locates closer than 100 feet to any property line.

14.3 ***Dimensional Requirements:***

- A. **Minimum Lot Size:** One (1) acre.
- B. **Minimum Front Yard Setback:** Forty (40) feet from the edge of the right-of-way line. An additional setback may be required under the conditions specified in Article III, Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- C. **Minimum Side and Rear Yard Setback:** Twenty (20) feet from all adjoining property lines and an additional twenty-five (25) feet from any property line that abuts a residential zoning district (R-1, R-2, R-3, or MHA). All required setbacks along residential zoning districts shall be improved and maintained as a

vegetated buffer to provide an effective year-round visual screen between the commercial use and the neighboring residential areas.

D. Minimum Setback from the Mean High Water Mark of Lake Wedowee:

Wedowee: Fifty (50) feet. All required lakefront setback areas shall be maintained in a natural vegetated state and shall be kept free of all materials and supplies associated with the industrial use.

E. Maximum Percentage of Lot Covered by Impervious Surfaces:

Forty (40) percent for all lots not fronting on Lake Wedowee and thirty (30) percent for all lots with frontage along the mean high water mark of Lake Wedowee.

F. Maximum Structure Height: Forty-five (45) feet.

SECTION 15 - FHD: FLOOD HAZARD DISTRICT

- 15.1 ***District Intent.*** Within floodplain areas, special land use restrictions are desired to: minimize human exposure to flood hazards, prevent excessive pollution or contamination of surface water resources during floods, provide maximum transmission and absorption of flood waters by restricting the intensity of impervious surfaces and man-made obstructions within floodplains, ensure that structures built within floodplains are properly floodproofed, to minimize private investment losses due to flooding. The purpose of this “overlay zone” is to impose special development standards and restrictions in areas identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as subject to special flood hazard to serve the aforementioned objectives. An “overlay zone” imposes special development requirements and restrictions in addition to the provisions of the underlying regular zoning district. When the requirements of this district conflict with the requirements of an underlying regular zoning district or with other applicable ordinances and regulations, the more restrictive requirements shall be followed.
- 15.2 ***Boundaries.*** The boundaries of the Flood Hazard Area Zone shall encompass all areas of Lineville lying within a Special Flood Hazard Area or 100-year floodplain, as shown on the latest published Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map for the subject property, prepared for the National Flood Insurance Program by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- 15.3 ***Compliance with Flood Hazard District Regulations.*** No land shall hereafter be developed and no structure shall be located, relocated, constructed, enlarged, converted, or structurally altered except in full compliance with the terms of this district or other applicable regulations.
- 15.4 ***Required Permits and Certifications.*** Application for a building permit shall be submitted prior to any development activities with the Flood Hazard District and shall include the following information which shall be maintained as public record by the Code

Enforcement Officer

- A. Elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the lowest floor (including basement) of new or substantially improved structures, prepared by a registered land surveyor or professional engineer.
- B. Elevation in relation to mean sea level to which any structure will be flood-proofed, prepared by a registered land surveyor or engineer.
- C. Where a structure is intended to be flood-proofed below the base flood level, a certification from a professional engineer or architect that the structural design, specifications, and plans for construction will meet the flood-proofing criteria of this district and the additional provisions of the Standard Building Code.
- D. Description, prepared by a professional engineer, of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of proposed development.

15.5 ***General Flood Hazard Prevention Standards.*** In all areas of special flood hazard the following provisions are required:

- A. New construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent floatation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure.
- B. Manufactured homes shall be anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors. This standard shall be in addition to and consistent with applicable state requirements for resisting wind forces.
- C. New construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage
- D. New construction or substantial improvements shall be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damage
- E. Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air-conditioning equipment, and other service facilities shall be designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during flood conditions
- F. New and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system
- G. New and replacement sanitary sewage supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters
- H. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located and constructed to avoid

impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding

- I. Any alteration, repair, reconstruction or improvements to a structure which is in compliance with the provisions of this ordinance, shall meet the requirements of "new construction" as contained in this ordinance.

15.6 **Permitted Uses.** The following uses shall be permitted within the FHA: Flood Hazard District.

- A. Agricultural uses such as general farming, pasture, grazing, outdoor plant nurseries, horticulture, forestry, sod farming, crop farming, and similar uses and activities
- B. Public and private recreational uses and activities such as parks, day camps, picnic grounds, golf courses, boat launching areas, horseback riding trails, hiking trails, game farms, and hunting and fishing areas
- C. Accessory residential uses such as yard areas, gardens, play areas, and loading areas, and similar uses
- D. Accessory industrial, commercial, and institutional uses such as yard areas, parking and loading areas, and similar uses
- E. Other uses and activities are permitted subject to planning commission approval following the general intent of the flood hazard district

15.7 **Prohibited Uses.** The following uses shall be prohibited within the FHD: Flood Hazard District.

- A. On-site septic systems, leach fields, and temporary sewage holding tanks.
- B. Open air storage or holding pits, bunkers, or ponds for the storage of animal manure or wastes.
- C. Sanitary landfills and other solid waste facilities.
- D. Junkyards.
- E. Animal corrals, stockyards, and poultry houses.
- F. Multi-family residential structures.
- G. Nonresidential buildings exceeding twenty thousand (20,000) square feet in gross floor area. However, a nonresidential building containing more than twenty-thousand (20,000) square feet of floor area may be partially located within a

floodway fringe area, provided that not more than twenty-thousand square feet of total building floor area is located within said floodway fringe area, no portion of the building encroaches upon or extends into the floodway, and the building has been properly flood-proofed in accordance with all applicable requirements of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance.

- H. Mini-storage facilities.
- I. Group homes, nursing homes, and other congregate care facilities.
- J. Public and private schools or educational buildings.
- K. Hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns.
- L. Warehouse facilities used for the storage of hazardous waste or materials.
- M. Residential uses not otherwise prohibited within the FHA: Flood Hazard Area Zone shall not be permitted within a floodway or a floodway fringe area, nor shall any such residential structure encroach upon a floodway or floodway fringe area. No existing residential structure shall be extended, moved, replaced, or rebuilt unless the lowest floor (including basements) of said structure complies with the applicable construction and elevation requirements of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance.

15.8 *Dimensional Requirements:*

- A. **Maximum Percentage of Lot Covered by Impervious Surfaces:** Twenty-five (25) percent for non-residential, non-agricultural, and mixed use developments. Fifteen (15) percent for residential uses. Five (5) percent for agricultural and other open space uses.

ARTICLE VI

ADMINISTRATIVE AND ENFORCEMENT GUIDELINES

SECTION 1 - ZONING PERMIT REQUIRED

No construction, renovation (except repairs, not changing the character of the structure and not exceeding \$1,000.00 in cost or value, or painting and wallpapering), reconstruction, or development activity governed by this Ordinance shall be conducted prior to the issuance of a Zoning Permit by the Code Enforcement Officer.

SECTION 2 - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

2.1 ***Administration and Enforcement.*** The provisions of this Ordinance shall be administered by the Code Enforcement Officer and enforced by a sworn law Law Enforcement Officer, who both shall be employees appointed by City Council to fulfill these duties. This official shall have the right to enter upon any premises at any reasonable time for the purpose of making inspections of building or premises necessary in carrying out his duties in the enforcement of this Ordinance.

2.2 ***Invalid Permits.***

- A. No zoning permit, building permit, certificate of occupancy, or business license, or any other permit or license shall be issued by any City department, official, or employee except in full compliance with this Ordinance.
- B. Any permit or license issued by any City department, official, or employee, where issued in conflict with or violation of any terms of this Ordinance or other applicable codes or ordinances, shall hereby be declared null and void.

2.3 ***Approval of Plans and Issuance of Zoning Permit.***

A. The Code Enforcement Officer shall not issue a zoning permit for any proposed construction or development activity until an application and accompanying plans or documentation has been filed and reviewed in conformance with this Ordinance. To this end, the Code Enforcement Officer shall require that every application for a zoning permit for excavation, construction, use of land, moving, or alteration be accompanied by appropriate documentation of compliance with all other applicable codes, ordinances, and regulations and a map or plat drawn to scale and showing the following in sufficient detail to enable the Code Enforcement Officer to ascertain whether the proposed excavation, construction, use of land, moving, or alteration is in conformance with this Ordinance:

1. The actual shape, proportion, and dimensions of the lot to be built upon.
2. The shape, size, and location of all buildings or other structures to be

erected, altered, or moved and of any buildings or other structures already on the lot.

3. The existing and intended use of all such buildings or other structures.
 4. The setback and side lines of buildings on adjoining lots and such other information concerning the lot or the adjoining lots as may be essential for determining whether the provisions of this Ordinance are being observed.
 5. The locations of all existing zoning district boundaries that apply to the lot.
- B. If the proposed excavation, construction, moving, or alteration as set forth in the application, is in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance and other City codes, the Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a zoning permit accordingly. The issuance of a zoning permit shall, in no case, be construed as waiving any provision of this Ordinance.
- C. If the application is rejected, the Code Enforcement Officer shall state in writing on the application the reason for rejection.

2.4 *Certificate of Zoning Compliance.*

- A. No land or building or other structure or part thereof hereafter constructed, moved, or altered in accordance with a zoning permit shall be occupied until the Code Enforcement Officer has issued a Certificate of Zoning Compliance stating that such land or structure or part thereof is found to be in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance.
- B. Within three (3) regular business days after the owner or his agent has notified the Code Enforcement Officer that a building or premises or part thereof is ready for occupancy or use, it shall be the duty of the Code Enforcement Officer to make final inspection of the development site, and to issue a Certificate of Zoning Compliance if the building or premises or part thereof is found to conform with the provisions of this Ordinance and other City codes.
- C. If a Certificate of Zoning Compliance is denied, the Code Enforcement Officer shall state in writing the reason for rejection.

SECTION 3 - TEMPORARY LAND USES

- 3.1 Temporary uses, as set forth below, are declared to possess characteristics which require certain controls in order to insure compatibility with other uses in the districts within which they are proposed for location. The Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to issue a Temporary Certificate of Zoning Compliance for any of the following temporary

uses:

- A. Carnival, circus, or fair in any commercial district, for a period not to exceed 21 days, subject to the approval of the City Council.
 - B. Religious meeting in a tent or other temporary structure in any district, for a period not to exceed 60 days.
 - C. Open lot sale of Christmas trees in any district, for a period not to exceed 45 days.
 - D. Real estate sales office in any district, for a period not to exceed one (1) year, provided that such office is placed on the property to which it is appurtenant.
- 3.2 All Temporary Certificates of Zoning Compliance may be renewed, provided that it is determined that said use is clearly of a temporary nature, will cause no traffic congestion, and would not create a nuisance to surrounding uses.

SECTION 4 - VIOLATION PROCEDURES

Where a violation of the requirements of this Ordinance has been identified, either by complaint or by City staff inspection, the following procedures shall be followed.

- 4.1 ***Investigation.*** If a complaint is received regarding an alleged violation of this Ordinance, the Code Enforcement Officer shall investigate the complaint and document the extent of the violation.
- 4.2 ***Initial notification of violation.*** Once a violation has been confirmed and documented by investigation, the Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a stop work order (if applicable) and/or prepare a letter to the owner of record of the property stating the nature of the violation, the date that the violation was verified, and requiring that the property owner cure the violation within a specified number of days from the date that the letter was mailed. The deadline for correction of the violation shall be established by the Code Enforcement Officer with due consideration and respect for the nature of the violation, the amount of work necessary to correct the violation, and the need for expeditious remedy of the violation to prevent undue public impacts. However, in no instance shall the deadline for correction of the violation be less than fifteen (15) days nor more than thirty (30) days from the date that the letter was mailed. The letter also shall state that the owner must correct the violation, or the City will issue a citation. Finally, the letter shall afford the offending property owner an opportunity to schedule a meeting with the Code Enforcement Officer within five (5) business days to discuss objections to the violation or to make special arrangements to cure the violation. Such notification letter shall be sent to the property owner via certified mail, return receipt requested. The City may, at the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer, send a copy of the letter to the developer or tenant of the property (as the case may be) by first class mail.

- 4.3 ***Re-inspection.*** The Code Enforcement Officer shall, at the expiration of the prescribed deadline for correction of the violation, re-inspect the property for compliance with the notification of violation.
- 4.4 ***Notice of citation.*** If, upon re-inspection, the Code Enforcement Officer confirms that the violation has not been cured as ordered, the sworn Law Enforcement Officer shall prepare a notice of citation, which shall be sent to the offending property by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall state the date upon which the initial violation was confirmed, the nature of the violation (including references to the specific code provisions that have been violated), the required corrective measures, the dates upon which the initial notification of violation was sent and received, the time frame afforded to the property owner for correction of the violation, the date that the failure to correct the violation was confirmed, and the amount of the applicable fine, which shall be calculated from the date of citation and full payment of which shall constitute an additional remedial action for correction of the violation. The notice also shall require the property owner to fully correct the violation within ten (10) days of the date of citation, or the owner will be required to appear before the Municipal Court, at a time and date to be determined by the Municipal Court, to answer the charge of violation as explained in the notice of citation.
- 4.5 ***Court action.*** If the sworn Law Enforcement Officer confirms that the violation has not been cured within the time frame specified in the notice of citation, the sworn Law Enforcement Officer shall file a written complaint for relief of the violation with the Municipal Court.

ARTICLE VII

BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

SECTION 1 - CREATION

A Board of Adjustment is hereby established. The appointment, procedure, powers, and action of said Board of Adjustment shall be governed and controlled by Title 11, Chapter 52, Article 4, Section 80, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended.

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION AND APPOINTMENT

The Board of Adjustment shall consist of five members, each to be appointed for a term of three years, except in the first instance as provided by law. In addition, two supernumerary members shall be appointed to serve on the Board at the call of the Chairman in the absence of regular members. Such supernumerary members shall be appointed to serve three year terms and shall be eligible for reappointment. Appointed members may be removable for cause by the appointing authority upon written charges and after public hearing. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term of any member whose term become vacant.

SECTION 3 - PROCEDURES OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

- 3.1 ***Bylaws.*** The Board of Adjustment shall adopt rules necessary to the conduct of its affairs and in keeping with the provisions of this Ordinance. Meetings shall be held at the call of the Chairman and at such other time as the Board may determine. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Acting Chairman may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings shall be opened to the public.
- 3.2 ***Records.*** The Board of Adjustment shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote indicating such fact, and shall keep the records of its examination and other official actions, all of which shall be of public record and be immediately filed in the office of the City Clerk.

SECTION 4 - APPEALS TO THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

Appeals to the Board of Adjustment may be filed by any person aggrieved or by any officer, department, board, or bureau of the City affected by any decision of the enforcing officer. Such appeal and subsequent hearing of the appeal by the Board of Adjustment shall proceed as established by Section 80 of Title 11 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended, and by the rules of the Board. All appeals shall be submitted within a reasonable time, as provided by the rules of the Board, by filing with the officer from whom the appeal is taken and with the Board of Adjustment a notice of appeal specifying the grounds thereof. The officer from whom the appeal is taken shall transmit forthwith to the Board all papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed was taken. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the officer from whom the appeal is taken certifies to the Board of Adjustment, after the notice of appeal shall have been filed with him that by reason of facts stated in the certificate,

a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life or property. Such proceedings shall not be stayed otherwise than by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board of Adjustment or by a court of record on application on notice to the officer from whom the time for the hearing of the appeal, give public notice thereof, as well as due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the same within a reasonable time. Upon the hearing, any party may appear in person or by agent or by attorney.

SECTION 5 - POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

- 5.1 ***Administrative Review.*** To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is error in order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the enforcing officer in the enforcement of this Ordinance.
- 5.2 ***Special Exceptions.*** To hear and decide special exceptions to the terms of this Ordinance upon which such Board is required to pass under this Ordinance. In approving a use allowed by special exception, the Board of Adjustment may impose any of the following special conditions as may be reasonable and necessary, based on specific findings of fact, to mitigate potential negative impacts of the special exception use on neighboring permitted uses in the neighborhood or zoning district.
- A. Special setback requirements (to alleviate potential use conflicts, to provide safe isolation distances, or to facilitate traffic access and mobility);
 - B. Special buffer, landscaping, or fencing requirements (to screen potentially conflicting uses);
 - C. Special lighting or light shielding requirements (to prevent excessive glare on neighboring properties);
 - D. Special parking requirements (to address special traffic or parking needs);
 - E. Special limitations on signage (to enhance or soften the appearance of the proposed use);
 - F. Special limitations on traffic access points to the property (to prevent traffic congestion and promote proper traffic circulation);
 - G. Special restrictions on operating hours (to reduce potential use conflicts);
 - H. Special soundproofing requirements (to prevent potential noise impacts); and
 - I. Special stormwater management requirements (to prevent excessive flooding or erosion impacts and/or to protect affected water resources).

5.3 ***Variances.***

- A. To authorize upon appeal in specific cases such variance from the terms of this Ordinance as will not be contrary to the public interest, where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance would result in unnecessary hardship. A variance from the terms of this Ordinance shall not be granted by the Board of Adjustment unless and until a written application for a variance is submitted demonstrating all of the following:
 - 1. That special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure, or building involved and which are not applicable to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.
 - 2. That literal interpretation of the provisions of this Ordinance would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same district under the terms of this Ordinance.
 - 3. That special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicants or the legal owners of the property.
 - 4. That granting the variance requested will not confer upon the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this Ordinance to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.
- B. No variance may be granted for a use of land or building or structure that is not permitted by this Ordinance.
- C. In granting any variance, the Board of Adjustment may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Ordinance. Violations of such conditions and safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this Ordinance.

- 5.4 ***Decisions of the Board of Adjustment.*** In exercising the above mentioned powers, the Board of Adjustment may, so long as such action is in conformity with the terms of this Ordinance, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall have the powers of the enforcing officer from whom the appeal is taken. The concurring vote of four members of the Board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the matter upon which it is required to pass under this Ordinance, or to effect any variation in the application of this Ordinance.

SECTION 6 - APPEALS FROM ACTIONS BY THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

Any interested party who is aggrieved by any action or decision of the said Board of Adjustment may make an appeal there from as provided by law.

ARTICLE VIII

AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1 - PROCEDURES

The regulations and the number, area, and boundaries of districts established by this Ordinance may be amended, supplemented, changed, modified, or repealed by the City Council, but no amendment shall become effective unless and until it is first submitted to the City Planning Commission for its recommendation. The Planning Commission, upon its own initiative, shall hold public hearings, public notice of which shall be provided, for the consideration of any proposed amendment to the provisions of this Ordinance or to the Zoning Map of Lineville, and report its recommendations to the City Council. The provisions of Chapter 52 Section 78 of Title 11 of the 1975 Code of Alabama, as the same may be amended, shall apply to all changes and amendments.

SECTION 2 - AUTHORIZED PETITIONERS

A petition for amendment of this Ordinance or the zoning district boundaries may be initiated by the City Council, the Planning Commission, or the owner of a property or his agent.

SECTION 3 - PETITION FOR AMENDMENT

A petition for amendment, when initiated by the property owner or authorized agent of such owner, shall meet the application requirements of this section.

- 3.1 Any persons, firm, or corporation desiring to petition for rezoning under the authority of this section must present such petition to the Code Enforcement Officer in writing, at least fourteen (14) days prior to the Planning Commission hearing. The petition shall be accompanied by the following information and materials:
 - A. Name, signature, and address of the property owner and agent of the property owner, if any.
 - B. Address and legal description of the property under consideration, accompanied by a copy of the applicable tax maps clearly identifying the property subject to rezoning.
 - C. Present and proposed zoning and land use of the property under consideration.
 - D. Reason for the rezoning request.
 - E. A site plan, drawn to scale and dimensioned, showing the size and location of the property boundaries, public right-of-ways, and the proposed use and development layout.

- F. A certified check, payable to the City of Lineville in the amount of \$100.00 minimum (any additional cost above the minimum will be borne by the applicant).

SECTION 4 - PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION

- 4.1 ***Notice of public hearing.*** Where a zoning amendment or rezoning is petitioned by a property owner, the City Clerk shall post, at least six (6) days prior to the date of the scheduled planning commission hearing, a public hearing notice regarding the proposed rezoning in four (4) conspicuous places within the City and also in the City newspaper. The notice shall state the following information:
- A. The name of the petitioner.
 - B. The location of the property and the nature of the petition.
 - C. The current and proposed zoning and land use of the property.
 - D. The time, date, and location of the Planning Commission hearing of the proposed zoning amendment.
- 4.2 ***Scheduling of hearing.*** The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing at the first regularly scheduled meeting after compliance with the application and notice requirements of this Ordinance.
- 4.3 ***Planning Commission recommendation.*** The Planning Commission, by majority vote, shall recommend approval or denial of the requested zoning amendment or rezoning. Once a recommendation has been approved, the Planning Commission report its recommendations and the findings thereof to the City Council. The Planning Commission report shall be transmitted to the City Council within 30 days of the hearing, unless an extension period is granted by the City Council. Otherwise, the proposed amendment shall be considered to have been recommended by the Planning Commission. To obtain an extension period from the City Council, the Planning Commission shall entertain a motion to request such extension then shall immediately forward such request to the City Council for consideration at the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting.

SECTION 5 - CITY COUNCIL ACTION

- 5.1 ***Scheduling of public hearing.*** Upon receipt of the recommendation of the Planning Commission, the City Council shall schedule a public hearing on the proposed amendment at the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting.
- 5.2 ***Public hearing notice.*** No ordinance shall be passed by any municipal corporation under the authority of this article unless and until the municipal governing body has complied

with the procedures set forth in either subdivision (1) or subdivision (2) of this section.

- (1) Prior to adoption, the proposed ordinance shall be published in full for one insertion and an additional insertion of a synopsis of the proposed ordinance, one week after the first insertion, which synopsis shall refer to the date and name of the newspaper in which the proposed ordinance was first published; both such insertions shall be at 15 days in advance of its passage and in a newspaper of general circulation published within the municipality, or , if there is no such newspaper, then by posting the proposed ordinance in four conspicuous places within the municipality, together with a notice stating the time and place that the ordinance is to be considered by the municipal legislative authorities and stating further that at such time and place all persons who desire shall have an opportunity of being heard in opposition to or in favor of such ordinance.
- (2) Prior to adoption, notice that an ordinance will be considered shall be published for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. The notice shall include the following information:
 - a. A provision that an ordinance proposing to zone or rezone property will be considered by the municipal governing body pursuant to this section and that a copy of the proposed ordinance is available for public inspection at the city or town hall;
 - b. The location of the city or town hall;
 - c. A map showing the location of the property;
 - d. A general description of the property proposed to be zoned or rezoned including the common name by which the property is known; and
 - e. The time and place where all persons may be heard in opposition to or in favor of the ordinance.

The notice required by this subdivision shall be published in the legal section of the publication in standard form. In addition, the same notice shall also be published one time in the regular section of the newspaper which notice shall be in the form of at least a one-quarter page advertisement.

- (3) No such ordinance shall become effective until after a public hearing in relation thereto, at which parties in interest and citizens shall have an opportunity to be heard.

5.3 ***Approval or denial.*** After the public hearing on a rezoning petition or proposed amendment to the zoning ordinance, the City Council shall vote to approve or deny the amendment. Failure by the City Council to vote in favor of a proposed amendment shall constitute denial of the amendment without a formal vote.

SECTION 6 - TIME LIMIT

After the City Council has voted on an application for rezoning or other amendment to the

Zoning Ordinance, another application for rezoning of the same tract or parcel of land, or change of the same portion of the Zoning Ordinance, will not be considered until a period of one (1) year has elapsed from the date of such action by the City Council. Provided, however, that the City Council may adjust this time period, if in the opinion of a majority of the City Council an unusual situation or circumstance exists.

SECTION 7 - INITIAL ZONING OF ANNEXED PROPERTY

- 7.1 ***Application for zoning.*** An application for zoning of property to be annexed shall accompany each petition for annexation. The application for zoning shall be made on a form available from the City Clerk and be filed with the City Clerk at least ten (10) regular business days prior to the Planning Commission hearing. The City Clerk shall transmit such petition and application to the Planning Commission, which shall hold a public hearing and give notice of such hearing in accordance with the notice requirements in Subparagraph 4.1 (Notice of public hearing) of this Article.
- 7.2 ***Planning Commission action.*** The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing at the first regularly scheduled meeting after submission and acceptance of the application. The Planning Commission, by majority vote, shall report its recommendations to the City Council as to whether the property to be annexed should be brought into the City in the zoning district requested by the applicant or, if the Planning Commission believes the requested zoning designation to be inappropriate, in the R-1: Single Family Residential Zoning District. The Planning Commission report shall be transmitted to the City Council within thirty (30) days of the hearing date, unless the City Council grants an extension of such period. Otherwise, the zoning classification requested by the applicant shall be deemed to have been recommended by the Planning Commission.
- 7.3 ***City Council action.*** Upon receipt of the recommendation of the Planning Commission, the City Council shall schedule and hold a public hearing on the recommended zoning of the property to be annexed. Such hearing shall not be held until the City Council has annexed said property into the City, but may be conducted immediately following adoption of the annexation ordinances. The City Council shall give public notice of the hearing on the recommended zoning in accordance with Subparagraph 5.2 (Public hearing notice) of this Article. Following such hearing, the City Council shall decide by majority vote to accept or reject the recommended zoning. If the recommended zoning is accepted, such property shall be added to the Lineville Zoning Map. If the recommended zoning is rejected, such ordinances shall be remanded to the Planning Commission for reconsideration.
- 7.4 ***Planning Commission reconsideration.*** If the City Council rejects the zoning recommended by the Planning Commission, the Planning Commission, within thirty (30) days following annexation, shall review the zoning of the newly annexed property and, if determined necessary, initiate a petition to rezone the property to the most appropriate district, in accordance with Section 3 (Petition for Amendment) of this Article. No fee shall be paid by the applicant for any reconsideration and rezoning action by the Planning

Commission conducted in accordance with this Subparagraph. In determining the most appropriate zoning, the Planning Commission shall duly consider the following minimum items:

- A. The Lineville Comprehensive Plan, as adopted by the Planning Commission, as well as other relevant land use and planning studies;
- B. The desires of the property owner subject to rezoning, as well as concerns of adjacent property owners;
- C. The purposes and considerations of zoning, as required by this ordinance and Section 11-52-72 of the Code of Alabama, as amended.

7.5 **Action on Planning Commission petition.** The Planning Commission and City Council shall act on the Planning Commission petition to rezone the newly annexed property in accordance with the procedures set forth in Sections 4 and 5 of this Article.

SECTION 8 - SPECULATIVE REZONINGS

The City of Lineville discourages the use of rezonings as a strategy to increase speculative land value, where the applicant has no actual or immediate intent to develop in accordance with the rezoning. Rezonings are intended to grant the applicant an opportunity to exercise appropriate alternative development options in situations where development in compliance with existing zoning is not possible or practicable, as long as the proposed uses are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and the character of the surrounding area. The granting of this privilege by the City carries with it a good faith expectation that the proposed development will occur in a timely and deliberate manner. Therefore, when the City Council grants approval of a rezoning, the applicant should acquire a zoning permit or final plat approval (whichever is applicable) and commence construction activities in compliance with that permit or approval within one (1) year of the date upon which the rezoning is approved. If such actions have not been taken within the specified time frame, the Planning Commission may initiate actions to further rezone the subject property and/or to reinstate the original zoning classification.

ARTICLE IX **LEGAL PROVISIONS**

SECTION 1 - CONFLICTS WITH OTHER ORDINANCES

Where other ordinances or regulations which may be adopted hereafter impose greater restrictions than those specified herein, compliance with such other ordinances or regulations is mandatory. Whenever the requirements of this ordinance conflict or are in any way inconsistent with the requirements of any other lawfully adopted statutes, rules, regulations, ordinances, the most restrictive, or that imposing higher standards, shall govern, unless otherwise specifically stated in this Ordinance. No certificate of zoning compliance or plat approval shall be issued or considered valid for any use or activity which is or would be otherwise illegal under the terms of any applicable local, State, or Federal Law. This Ordinance shall not lower the restrictions of plats, deeds, or private contracts, if such are greater than the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 2 - REPEAL OF CONFLICTING ORDINANCES

All previously adopted zoning ordinances or parts of zoning ordinances that are in conflict with this Zoning Ordinance, or inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, are hereby repealed to the extent necessary to give this Ordinance full force and effect.

SECTION 3 - SEVERABILITY

If any section, clause, provision, or portion of this Ordinance shall be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not affect any other section, clause, provision, or portion of this Ordinance which is not, in and of itself, invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 4 - VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

Any failure to comply with the applicable requirements of this Ordinance shall constitute a violation of these Regulations under Title 11, Chapter 52, Section 83 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended. Any such violation shall be punishable by a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and or imprisonment of not more than six (6) months, as provided in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 45, Section 9 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended. Where such a violation has been confirmed to exist by the Code Enforcement Officer, the violation shall be cured in accordance with the administrative procedures outlined in Article VI, Section 4 of these Regulations.

SECTION 5 - RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS AND BYLAWS

A property owner may impose bylaws, covenants, and deed restrictions upon any private property. Once any such bylaws, covenants, and deed restrictions have been recorded, they can be administered only by the owner of the property, and they may be enforced only by private legal action through a court of competent jurisdiction. The City of Lineville and the Lineville

Planning Commission is in no way liable for and assumes no responsibility to approve, enforce, amend, or administer any duly adopted or recorded bylaws, covenants, and deed restrictions. Furthermore, advance knowledge by the City prior to Final Plat approval that any such bylaws, covenants, and deed restrictions will be imposed by the land owner shall in no way constitute implied authority or responsibility to approve, enforce, amend, or administer any subsequently adopted or recorded restrictive covenants or bylaws. Finally, no such authority shall be implied by the granting of a zoning permit for any development activity on a property for which special bylaws, covenants, or deed restrictions have been or will be imposed.

SECTION 6 - EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its adoption and publication by the City Council, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 45, Section 8 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FORMS AND CERTIFICATES

CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA
ZONING PERMIT APPLICATION

All property owners within the City of Lineville must apply for and receive a Zoning Permit before undertaking any construction activities, which shall include site preparation and excavation for the construction of new buildings (including accessory or temporary structures), moving any structures onto a property, relocating existing structures on a property, alteration or repair of a structure (excluding painting, interior remodeling, or any alteration or repair activity that will not change the character, size, or position of the structure as it exists on the property). The purpose of this permit process shall be to establish compliance with the Zoning Ordinance prior to the commencement of construction activities. The approval of a Zoning Permit Application by the Enforcement Officer shall not imply or constitute approval of any other applicable permit requirements including, but not limited to, subdivision plat approval, building permits, septic system approval from the Clay County Health Department, and wetland permits from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. To apply for a Zoning Permit, please complete the following application and return the form with all necessary supporting documents to City Hall. Incomplete applications will not be processed. For additional information, please call the City of Lineville Enforcement Officer at (256)396-2632 during regular business hours.

Applicant Information:

Name of Applicant:

Mailing Address:

Business Hours Telephone #: _____

Fax # (If available): _____

Property Information:

Name of Owner(s), if different from above:

Street Address of Subject Property:

Tax Map & Lot Number of Property:

Size of Subject Property: _____ [] Acres [] Square Feet

Current Zoning Classification of Subject Property:

Does the Subject Property Contain any Existing Structures? [] Yes [] No

*Was the Property (if vacant) or Existing Improvements created or constructed prior to
the effective date of the Zoning Ordinance?* [] Yes [] No

Project Information:

Do you propose to: (Please check all activities that apply to your project)

- [] *Construct a new building or accessory structure on the property?*
- [] *Move a new or used structure onto the property?*
- [] *Construct an addition to an existing building or accessory structure on the property?*
- [] *Move or relocate an existing building or accessory structure to a new location on the subject property?*
- [] *Replace or repair a building or accessory structure that was damaged or destroyed by fire or act of God?*
- [] *Other activity (please explain):*

Please attach one reproducible copy of a site plan showing the proposed project activities. The site plan must show the entire boundaries of the subject property and must be drawn to scale in ink, preferably by a licensed and certified or registered surveyor, architect, or engineer. For single family residential projects, the required site plan may be drawn to scale on a survey plat contained in a closing document or a copy of the tax map showing the subject property. In addition, the site plan must contain or show the following information as may be applicable to the subject property or project (please contact the Enforcement Officer if you have any question as to whether one or more of the items listed below must be included on your site plan):

- A. *A north arrow.*
- B. *A scale bar.*
- C. *The length in feet of all property lines.*
- D. *The outline of all existing buildings or structures and any proposed buildings, structures, or building additions on the property in their proper locations. (New buildings or additions should be hatched.)*
- E. *The shortest distance in feet from all property lines to the closest point on any existing building or accessory structure or proposed new construction on the property.*
- F. *The minimum width in feet (between opposing property lines of the property.*
- G. *The maximum height in feet of any proposed new structure or addition.*
- H. *The location of any existing or proposed street access or curb cut.*
- I. *The location of any existing streams, lakes, ponds, or rivers on the property.*
- J. *The boundaries of any floodway or 100-year Flood Hazard Area on the property as identified on the applicable Flood Insurance Rate Map.*

- K.** *Any boundaries of the Alabama Power Flood Easement on the property.*
L. *The outline and location of any existing or proposed septic system and associated leachfield on the property.*

Certifications:

Applicant:

I hereby certify and attest that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this application is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer to determine the compliance of the proposed property construction or improvement activities with the City of Lineville, Alabama Zoning Ordinance.

Date

Applicant's Signature

Property Owner:

I hereby certify and attest that I have reviewed this application, and that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this application is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer to determine the compliance of the proposed property construction or improvement activities with the City of Lineville, Alabama Zoning Ordinance.

Date

Property Owner's Signature

----- FOR CITY OF LINEVILLE USE ONLY -----

Enforcement Officer's Information:

Date Filed:

Received By:

Application Fee Received: \$ _____ [] Cash [] Check #

Date Reviewed:

Decision: [] Application Approved [] Application Denied

Enforcement Officer's Signature: _____

Enforcement Officer's Review Checklist (To be completed by Enforcement Officer Only):

Proposed Land Use: [] **Allowed in Zone** [] **Not Allowed (Rezoning Required)**

Lot Size/Area: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Lot Width: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Street Frontage: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Front Yard: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Side Yard: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Rear Yard: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too small (Variance Required)**

Imperv. Surfaces: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Exceeds limits (Variance Needed)**

Building Height: [] **Complies/Grandfathered** [] **Too high (Variance Required)**

Special Requirements/Conditions (required buffers, setbacks, etc.):

Other Permits/Approvals Required:

Approval Conditions (if necessary):

X

CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA
REZONING APPLICATION

Property owners in the City of Lineville who wish to request a change in the zoning classification that applies to one or more specific properties must complete a Rezoning Application form. To apply for a rezoning, please complete the following application and return the form with all necessary supporting documents to City Hall. Incomplete applications will not be processed. For additional information, please call the City of Lineville Enforcement Officer at (256) 396-2632 during regular business hours.

Applicant Information:

Name of Applicant:

Mailing Address:

Business Hours Telephone #: (_____) _____

Fax # (If available): (_____) _____

Property Information:

Owner(s) of Record:

Street Address of Subject Property:

Tax Map & Lot Number of Property:

Size of Subject Property: _____ [] Acres [] Square Feet

Current Zoning Classification of Subject Property:

Proposed Zoning Classification of Subject Property:

Current Use of Subject Property:

Proposed Use of Subject Property:

Is the Subject Property Being Considered for Annexation? [] Yes [] No

Supporting Information:

Please submit the following items with the Rezoning Application form:

- [] *A written request from the property owner stating the reasons for the rezoning.*
- [] *A Certified Check payable to the City of Lineville in the amount of \$300.00.*
- [] *A reproducible plat or plan drawn to a scale sufficient to clearly show the following items:*
 1. *The actual shape, proportion, and dimensions of the lot(s) proposed to be rezoned.*
 2. *The legal description of the lot.*
 3. *The shape, size, and location of all buildings or other structures existing on the lot and a description of any planned construction, improvement, alteration, or movement of structures.*
 4. *The existing and intended use of all such buildings or structures.*

Certifications:

Applicant:

I hereby certify and attest that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this application is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer, Planning Commission, or City Council to determine the compliance of the proposed property construction or improvement activities with the City of Lineville, Alabama Zoning Ordinance.

Date

Applicant's Signature

Property Owner:

I hereby certify and attest that I have reviewed this application, and that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this application is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer, Planning Commission, or City Council to determine the compliance of the proposed property construction or improvement activities with the City of Lineville, Alabama Zoning Ordinance.

Date

Property Owner's Signature

----- FOR CITY OF LINEVILLE USE ONLY -----

Enforcement Officer's Information:

Date Filed:

Received By:

Application Fee Received: \$ _____ [] *Cash* [] *Check #*

Date Reviewed:

Enforcement Officer's Signature:

Planning Commission Action: [] *Recommend Approval*
[] *Recommend Denial*

Planning Commission Findings:

Planning Commission Chairman's Signature: _____

CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA
PETITION FOR VARIANCE

Property owners in the City of Lineville who desire relief from certain requirements of the zoning ordinance that create a specific hardship for the property owner must file a Petition for Variance. To file a petition, please complete the following form and return it with all necessary supporting documents to City Hall. Incomplete applications will not be processed. For additional information, please call the City of Lineville Enforcement Officer at (256)396-2632 during regular business hours.

Applicant Information:

Name of Applicant:

Mailing Address:

Business Hours Telephone #: (_____) _____

Fax # (If available): (_____) _____

Property Information:

Owner(s) of Record:

Street Address of Subject Property:

Tax Map & Lot Number of Property:

Size of Subject Property: _____ [] *Acres* [] *Square Feet*

Current Zoning Classification of Subject Property:

Nature of the Hardship:

Nature of Relief Requested by Petitioner:

Certifications:

Applicant:

I hereby certify and attest that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this petition is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer or the Board of Adjustment to determine the need for a variance.

Date

Applicant's Signature

Property Owner:

I hereby certify and attest that, to the best of my knowledge and abilities, the information provided in this petition is true and accurate. Further, I agree to provide any additional information within my powers that may be required by the Enforcement Officer or the Board of Adjustment to determine the need for a variance.

Date

Property Owner's Signature

----- FOR CITY OF LINEVILLE USE ONLY -----

Enforcement Officer's Information:

Date Filed:

Received By:

Amount of Fee Received: \$ _____ [] *Cash* [] *Check #*

Date Reviewed:

Decision: [] *Petition Approved* [] *Petition Denied*

Board of Adjustment Findings and Conclusions:

Specific Relief Granted:

Chairman's Signature: _____ *Date:* _____

CITY OF LINEVILLE
ZONING VIOLATION COMPLAINT

Date of complaint: _____ Complaint received by:
Form of Complaint: Citizen Public Official Inspector

Name of Person Filing Complaint: _____ Telephone:

Nature of Complaint:

Location:

Probable violation of Article _____ Section _____, of the Lineville Zoning
Ordinance,

described as follows:

Referred for inspection to:

Date of inspection:

Inspection
findings: _____

Violation found No violation found Other:
Initial action following discovery of violation:

Notice of Zoning Violation sent on:

Other
Follow-up inspection due on
Notes:

CITY OF LINEVILLE
NOTICE OF ZONING VIOLATION

Date of notice

Name of Property Owner

Mailing address

City, State, Zip

Dear (Name of property owner):

On (Date of investigation), I investigated and confirmed a violation of the Lineville Zoning Ordinance on your property located at (Street address of subject property). The nature of this violation is (Description of the violation), which violates Article (Cite article number), Section (Cite section and subparagraph number) of the Zoning Ordinance. I am writing to request that you take action to correct this violation on or before (Specify date by which the violation must be corrected), in order to avoid the issuance of a formal citation and penalty. If you feel that this notice has been issued in error or you feel that an extension to the deadline is necessary, please arrange a meeting with me on or before (Date - five business days after the date of notice). I will be happy to discuss this problem with you in greater detail.

Thank you for your help in addressing this problem. The City of Lineville appreciates your cooperation.

Sincerely,

(Signature of Enforcement Officer)

Enforcement Officer

CITY OF LINEVILLE
NOTICE OF CITATION

Date of citation: _____

Name of Property Owner
Mailing address
City, State, Zip

Dear (Name of property owner):

On (Date upon which initial violation was confirmed), I investigated and confirmed a violation of the Lineville Zoning Ordinance on your property located at (Street address of subject property). The nature of this violation is (Description of the violation), which violates Article (Cite article number), Section (Cite section and subparagraph number) of the Zoning Ordinance. Our records show that the Notice of Violation was sent to you on (Date that the notice was mailed) and received by you on (Date of receipt by property owner) explaining the nature of this violation and requesting that you correct the problem on or before (Deadline for correction of violation specified in the notice of zoning violation).

On (Dated of re-inspection), I performed a follow-up investigation to determine whether or not the violation had been corrected in accordance with the Notice of Zoning Violation. My inspection of the property revealed that the violation has not been corrected in accordance with the Zoning Ordinance. Therefore, the City of Lineville is hereby issuing this Citation to you for failure to correct a violation of the Zoning Ordinance. To correct this violation, you must (Specify corrective measures including the amount of the fine that must be paid by the property owner) on or before (Ten days after the date of citation). If this violation is not corrected in full by the aforementioned date, the City of Lineville will be obligated to file a written complaint with the Municipal Court for relief. If such a complaint is filed, you will be required to appear before the Municipal Court, at a time and date to be determined by the Court, to answer the charge of violation as explained in this Citation. If you have any questions regarding this violation or the subsequent actions that the City will take, please do not hesitate to contact me at (Specify contact number and/or e-mail address) during the hours of (Specify business hours).

We appreciate your efforts to resolve this violation as soon as possible. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

(Signature of Enforcement Officer)
Enforcement Officer

APPENDIX B: RESOLUTION AND ORDINANCE

RESOLUTION # 11-30-2017-1

A RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING THAT THE CITY COUNCIL ADOPT AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA ADOPTING THE CITY OF LINEVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE, NOVEMBER, 2017, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 11, CHAPTER 52, CODE OF ALABAMA, 1975, AS AMENDED; REPEALING ALL CONFLICTING ORDINANCES; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS RESOLUTION.

WHEREAS, Title 11, Chapter 52, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended, authorizes the City Council to enact a zoning ordinance to govern all territory within the corporate limits of the City of Lineville, Alabama; and

WHEREAS, the City of Lineville, Alabama desires to exercise its zoning powers in accordance with Alabama Law; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has prepared a zoning ordinance for the City; and

WHEREAS, the Lineville Planning Commission conducted a formal public hearing on November 30, 2017 to receive public comments on the proposed zoning ordinance in accordance with Section 11-52-77 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA:

SECTION 1. That the Lineville Planning Commission recommends to the Lineville City Council that the City of Lineville Zoning Ordinance, November 30, 2017 be adopted pursuant to the authority granted by Title 11, Chapter 52, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

SECTION 2. That the Lineville Planning Commission recommends that conflicting ordinances adopted previously by the City Council, be repealed.

SECTION 3. That the Lineville Planning Commission recommends that the aforementioned zoning ordinance and zoning map become effective five (5) days from the date of final posting in accordance with Section 11-45-8 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

APPROVED, this 30th day of November, 2017.

Wayne Petridge
Chairman Lineville Planning Commission

Donna J. Mathews
Secretary Lineville Planning Commission

ORDINANCE NO. 2017-12-4-1

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING THE CITY OF LINEVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE JANUARY 2018 FOR THE CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 11, CHAPTER 52, CODE OF ALABAMA, 1975, AS AMENDED; REPEALING ALL CONFLICTING ORDINANCES; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE.

WHEREAS, Title 11, Chapter 52, of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended, authorizes the City Council to enact a zoning ordinance to govern all territory with the corporate limits of the City of Lineville, Alabama; and

WHEREAS, the City of Lineville, Alabama desires to exercise its zoning powers in accordance with Alabama Law; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has prepared a zoning ordinance for the City; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission conducted a formal public hearing to receive public comments on the proposed zoning ordinance on November 30, 2017, and subsequently adopted a resolution recommending adopting by the City Council of the aforementioned zoning ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the City Council conducted a formal public hearing to receive public comments on the proposed zoning ordinance on January 3, 2018, as required by Section 11-52-77 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended;

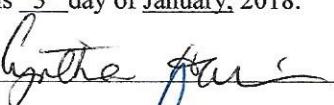
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LINEVILLE, ALABAMA:

SECTION 1. That the Lineville City Council hereby adopts the City of Lineville Zoning Ordinance, January 2018 for the City of Lineville, Alabama, attached hereto and made a part hereof, be adopted pursuant to the authority granted by Title 11, Chapter 52, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

SECTION 2. That all conflicting ordinances adopted previously by the City Council be repealed.

SECTION 3. That the aforementioned zoning ordinance become effective immediately upon its adoption and publication by the City Council, in accordance with Section 11-45-8 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

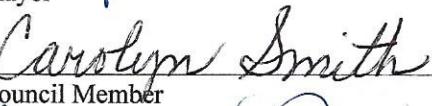
Adopted this 3rd day of January, 2018.



City Clerk



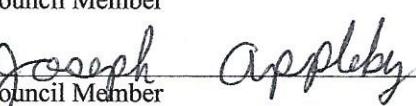
Mayor



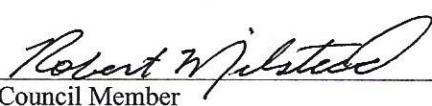
Council Member



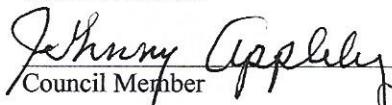
Council Member



Council Member



Council Member



Council Member

PUBLIC HEARING
FOR CITY OF LINEVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE JANUARY 2018
ORDINANCE NO. 2017-12-4-1

SIGN IN SHEET

1. Ray Homan City of Lineville
2. Carolyn Smith "
3. David Proctor City of Lineville
4. Joseph Appleby City of Lineville
5. Robert McPherson City of Lineville
6. Johnny Appleby City of Lineville
7. Shane Shanahan, City of Lineville
8. Donna Matthews, City of Lineville
9. Bart, City of Lineville
10. Lynne Davis City of Lineville
11. R. J. Miller
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____